



ARIZONA

NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

DP05

## ACS DEMOGRAPHIC AND HOUSING ESTIMATES

## 2010 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

**Note:** This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns.

Subject	Davis city, California	
	Estimate	Percent
SEX AND AGE		
Total population	65,740	65,740
Male	32,556	49.5%
Female	33,184	50.5%
Under 5 years	3,623	5.5%
5 to 9 years	4,819	7.3%
10 to 14 years	3,175	4.8%
15 to 19 years	5,065	7.7%
20 to 24 years	15,126	23.0%
25 to 34 years	7,827	11.9%
35 to 44 years	7,709	11.7%
45 to 54 years	6,215	9.5%
55 to 59 years	4,002	6.1%
60 to 64 years	2,417	3.7%
65 to 74 years	3,371	5.1%
75 to 84 years	1,676	2.5%
85 years and over	715	1.1%
Median age (years)	25.9	(X)
18 years and over	51,664	78.6%
21 years and over	45,651	69.4%
62 years and over	7,147	10.9%
65 years and over	5,762	8.8%
18 years and over	51,664	51,664
Male	24,673	47.8%
Female	26,991	52.2%
65 years and over	5,762	5,762
Male	2,822	49.0%
Female	2,940	51.0%
RACE		
Total population	65,740	65,740
One race	60,995	92.8%
Two or more races	4,745	7.2%
One race	60,995	92.8%
White	43,957	66.9%
Black or African American	1,396	2.1%

Subject	Davis city, California	
	Estimate	Percent
American Indian and Alaska Native	57	0.1%
Cherokee tribal grouping	N	N
Chippewa tribal grouping	N	N
Navajo tribal grouping	N	N
Sioux tribal grouping	N	N
Asian	13,409	20.4%
Asian Indian	2,003	3.0%
Chinese	5,310	8.1%
Filipino	1,393	2.1%
Japanese	539	0.8%
Korean	1,800	2.7%
Vietnamese	725	1.1%
Other Asian	1,639	2.5%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	392	0.6%
Native Hawaiian	N	N
Guamanian or Chamorro	N	N
Samoan	N	N
Other Pacific Islander	N	N
Some other race	1,784	2.7%
Two or more races	4,745	7.2%
White and Black or African American	644	1.0%
White and American Indian and Alaska Native	242	0.4%
White and Asian	1,612	2.5%
Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native	73	0.1%
Race alone or in combination with one or more other races		
Total population	65,740	65,740
White	48,142	73.2%
Black or African American	2,608	4.0%
American Indian and Alaska Native	N	N
Asian	16,537	25.2%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	1,521	2.3%
Some other race	2,334	3.6%
HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE		
Total population	65,740	65,740
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	7,950	12.1%
Mexican	6,714	10.2%
Puerto Rican	76	0.1%
Cuban	0	0.0%
Other Hispanic or Latino	1,160	1.8%
Not Hispanic or Latino	57,790	87.9%
White alone	38,455	58.5%
Black or African American alone	1,396	2.1%
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	0	0.0%
Asian alone	13,409	20.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	392	0.6%
Some other race alone	142	0.2%
Two or more races	3,996	6.1%
Two races including Some other race	0	0.0%
Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races	3,996	6.1%
Total housing units	25,613	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The ACS questions on Hispanic origin and race were revised in 2008 to make them consistent with the Census 2010 question wording. Any changes in estimates for 2008 and beyond may be due to demographic changes, as well as factors including questionnaire changes, differences in ACS population controls, and methodological differences in the population estimates, and therefore should be used with caution. For a summary of questionnaire changes see [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire\\_changes/](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/methodology/questionnaire_changes/). For more information about changes in the estimates see <http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/hispanic/reports.html>.

While the 2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey

#### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.