

## Top 4 Summary: Highest 4 Daily 24-Hour PM10 Averages

at Woodland-Gibson Road						
	2012		2013		2014	
	Date	24-Hr Average	Date	24-Hr Average	Date	24-Hr Average
National:						
First High:	Oct 18	56.4	Oct 7	60.3	Jan 17	45.0
Second High:	Sep 12	42.7	Nov 12	59.2	Oct 12	37.5
Third High:	Sep 30	42.3	Nov 6	56.5	Sep 8	34.3
Fourth High:	Sep 24	37.9	May 4	52.9	Jan 23	33.9
California:						
First High:	Oct 18	56.8	Nov 12	61.5	Jan 17	47.5
Second High:	Sep 12	42.9	Oct 7	61.1	Oct 12	37.9
Third High:	Sep 30	42.3	Nov 6	58.9	Jan 23	35.4
Fourth High:	Sep 24	38.3	May 4	52.2	Sep 8	34.6
National:						
Estimated # Days > 24- Hour Std:		0.0		0.0		0.0
Measured	# Days > 24- Hour Std:	0		0		0
3-Yr Avg Est # Days > 24- Hr Std:		0.0		0.0		0.0
Annual Average:		17.6		22.4		17.2
3-Year Average:		18		19		19
California:						
Estimated # Days > 24- Hour Std:		6.1		23.3		0.0
Measured # Days > 24- Hour Std:		1		4		0
Ann	ual Average:	18.1		22.9		17.4
3-Year Maximum Annual Average:		19		23		23
Year Coverage:		100		99		100

## Notes:

Daily PM10 averages and related statistics are available at Woodland-Gibson Road between 1998 and 2014. Some years in this range may not be represented. All averages expressed in micrograms per cubic meter.

An exceedance of a standard is not necessarily related to a violation of the standard.

 $All \ values \ listed \ above \ represent \ midnight-to-midnight\ 24-hour\ averages\ and\ may\ be\ related\ to\ an\ exceptional\ event.$ 

State and national statistics may differ for the following reasons:

State statistics are based on California approved samplers, whereas national statistics are based on samplers using federal reference or equivalent methods. State and

The national annual average PM10 standard was revoked in December 2006 and is no longer in effect. Statistics related to the revoked standard are shown in italics or italics.

national statistics may therefore be based on different samplers.

State statistics for 1998 and later are based on local conditions (except for sites in the South Coast Air Basin, where State statistics for 2002 and later are based on local conditions). National statistics are based on standard conditions.

State criteria for ensuring that data are sufficiently complete for calculating valid annual averages are more stringent than the national criteria.

Measurements are usually collected every six days. Measured days counts the days that a measurement was greater than the level of the standard; Estimated days mathematically estimates how many days concentrations would have been greater than the level of the standard had each day been monitored.

3-Year statistics represent the listed year and the 2 years before the listed year.

Year Coverage indicates the extent to which available monitoring data represent the time of the year when concentrations are expected to be highest. 0 means that data represent none of the high period; 100 means that data represent the entire high period. A high Year Coverage does not mean that there was sufficient data for annual statistics to be considered valid.

means there was insufficient data available to determine the value.

## Available Pollutants:

8-Hour Ozone | Hourly Ozone | PM2.5 | PM10 | Carbon Monoxide | Nitrogen Dioxide | State Sulfur Dioxide | Hydrogen Sulfide