COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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Administrative Services Department Finance Division

23 Russell Boulevard – Davis, California 95616 Accounts Payable & Payroll: 530/757-5615 – City Hall FAX: 530/758-0204 Utilities, Citations & Business Licenses: 530/757-5651 – TDD 530/757-5666



December 22, 2017

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of Davis

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Davis for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017. The format and content of this CAFR complies with the principles and standards of account and financial reporting adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and contains all information needed for readers to gain a reasonable understanding of the City of Davis' financial position and operations. Management takes sole responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that is has established for this purpose. The objective of internal controls is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City of Davis' financial statements have been audited by Maze & Associates. The goal of the audit is to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements and are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Maze & Associates issued an unmodified opinion for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Their report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In conjunction with the annual CAFR, the City is also required to undergo an annual Single Audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. The City's Single Audit for Fiscal Year 2016-2017 will be completed in early 2018 and a separate Single Audit Report will be issued.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Davis' MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

REPORTING ENTITY

The enclosed report includes information for all funds of the City of Davis which provide services to citizens in the areas of public safety; community development, planning and sustainability; recreation, cultural and social assistance; transportation and infrastructure support; water, waste water and sanitation utilities, as well as general government activities.

The City Council of the City of Davis also has financial responsibility and accountability for the following legally separate entities: City of Davis Redevelopment Successor Agency, City of Davis Public Facilities Financing Authority, Community Facilities District 1991-2 (Mace Ranch) and Community Facilities District 2015 (The Cannery). Financial information on these entities has been included in this report.

The City also provides the financial and accounting services for the Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency. It is a joint-powers authority (JPA) between the cities of Woodland and Davis to provide a sustainable, high-quality water supply. The JPA is responsible for its own financial statements.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Davis was founded in 1868, and was originally named Davisville after Jerome C. Davis, who was a prominent local farmer. In 1907, the Davisville post office shortened the town name and the change became official when the City incorporated in March 1917. The City of Davis is a general law city and employs the Council/Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of five council members, one of whom serves as the Mayor and another as the Mayor Pro Tem. Council members are elected for overlapping four-year term on a citywide basis. The City Council acts as the legislative and policy-making body. Council appoints the City Manager and awards the contract for City Attorney services. The City Manager is the chief administrator and is responsible for City operations.

The City of Davis is a university and residential community internationally known for its commitment to implementing progressive and innovative programs. Dedicated to citizen participation, the City has fifteen council-appointed commissions and committees and several time-limited task forces or subcommittees that are devoted to various aspects of community life, including such elements as planning, recreation, finance/budget, natural resources and social services.

BUDGET INFORMATION

The development of the Annual Operating Budget begins in October. The City Manager meets with departments to discuss budget changes and requests and to obtain additional information to assist in the assessment of the requests. The proposed budget is submitted to the City Council for consideration by June and must be adopted by the Council by June 30th, for the start of the new fiscal year.

FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The City's accounting records are organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The City's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recent requirements of GASB 65 that reclassifies certain assets and liabilities as outflows and inflows of resources or as deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

City management staff is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles that facilitate internal management reporting. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the City Council via the annual appropriation ordinance. Funds for all operating, special revenue, debt service, and capital improvement activities of the City are appropriated in the annual budget. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

We believe that the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report demonstrate that the City is meeting its responsibility for sound financial management.

For a more comprehensive analysis of the City's financial information, please refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis contained in the Financial Section.

CASH MANAGEMENT

The City pools all cash funds not held by fiscal agents in order to maximize investment opportunities and increase flexibility. Investment earnings are credited back to all funds contributing to the pool, based on the fund's cash balance as a percentage of the pool. Investment responsibility is located organizationally within the Finance Division, and internal control is rigorously maintained to provide accountability and to protect the City's cash assets. Investments are conservatively managed with the three primary objectives of (1) safety of principal, (2) liquidity to meet disbursement requirements, and (3) investment yield pursued in that order.

In October, 2016 the City contracted with PFM Asset Management to update the Investment Policy and to manage the City's portfolio, with the goal of safely expanding portfolio diversification and to add long term investments that will increase investment earnings, while still adhering to the investment policy and maintaining adequate cash flow. A total of \$50 million was placed with PFM during FY 2016/17 to invest on the City's behalf. Total investment earnings for all funds held in the City treasury totaled \$913,644 for the 2016/17 fiscal year.

In fiscal year 1997/98, the City adopted the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 31, which calls for the recognition of the unrealized net market value gain or loss on investments held by the City and its fiscal agents. On June 30, 2017 the City's treasury, including fiduciary funds, held \$180,113,971 in cash and investments.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority (YCPARMIA) JPA handles the City's risk management. The deductible for general liability is \$5,000, auto liability is \$20,000 and workers compensation is \$1,000. This significantly limits the City's financial risk.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Davis is located near Sacramento and has a very strong legacy of agriculture, education and innovation. The Sacramento region is the nation's Farm-to-Fork Capital. Local policies and practices support preservation of agriculture land as well as an increasing dominance in the fields of agricultural research & development, agricultural technology, food science and animal husbandry. The City sits on the I-80 corridor between the state capital of Sacramento and the high tech San Francisco Bay Area, making the community a prominent location for a variety of innovative businesses. Our adjacency to UC Davis has resulted in a community that boasts a highly-skilled workforce, is known for a high-performing public school system, and attracts visitors and residents with varied and renowned talents.

UC Davis is our largest employer and is one of the largest drivers of the regional economy, with over 23,000 full time and part-time employees. The university has over 35,000 students enrolled and it is projected to continue growing. The university has been estimated to contribute over \$7.0 billion annually to the regional economy.

Housing prices in Davis, on average, are higher than other cities in Yolo County. Reasons include an excellent quality of life, low crime rate, a premier local school system, the presence of UC Davis, and a convenient location on the I-80 corridor between Sacramento and the bay area. The median home value for October 2017 was \$629,200, an increase of 6.6% over the past year and is predicted to increase by 4.4% by October of next year.

The shortage of available and affordable housing, particularly for the increased number of students admitted to the university, will continue to be an issue in the city. According to the annual rental housing study commissioned by UC Davis, the Davis' rental housing vacancy rate is 0.2%, which is effectively zero. There are several residential rental projects that have been proposed or are expected to come to Council in the near future. However, as the university continues its expansion, sufficient housing will remain an issue for the City.

LONG-RANGE PLANNING

In October 2016, the Davis City Council adopted its 2016 - 2018 Goals and Objectives. Each goal is accompanied by a set of guiding principles and a list of tasks required to achieve each goal. City staff continually works toward implementation of specific tasks for each goal, making periodic progress reports to the Council. The goals will be updated in the fall of 2018, after a new council is seated.

During fiscal year 2016/17, the City contracted to develop a long-term comprehensive financial forecasting model to assist in making budgetary and policy decisions. This 20-year General Fund

model has been integrated into the budget process to aide in informing fiscal decisions to address unfunded liabilities.

The following are a few of the significant City projects that are planned for fiscal year 2017/18:

- Complete the final phase of improvements to Third Street between A and B Streets to
 improve safety and enhance the joint use of the travel corridor by pedestrians, bicyclists
 and motorists by creating an open-street environment for increased public use.
- Continue with two year effort to install automatic meter reading infrastructure and new water meters to all customers throughout the city in order to improve information available to the customer and delivery of utility services in the city
- Complete the work on the wastewater treatment plant upgrade project in order to comply
 with State discharge requirements that wentinto effect in October 2017.
- Continue the transportation infrastructure rehabilitation program that focusses on maintaining and repairing streets and paths throughout the city.
- Rehabilitate the pavement on the Russell Boulevard bike path from SR-113 west to City limits.
- Begin the development of the grade-separated bike/pedestrian connection from the Cannery development across Covell and the Union Pacific Railroad.

AWARD AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Last year the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded the City a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the CAFR is a team effort. We would like to thank the dedicated City staff who strive throughout the year to improve the quality of service and financial information provided to the citizens of Davis. Finally, none of this would have been possible without the leadership of the City Council to build a better financial future.

We also wish to acknowledge the professional manner in which Maze and Associates conducted the audit and to express appreciation for their assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael Webb

City Manager

Pamela Day

Financial Serivce Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Davis
California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CITY OF DAVIS

JUNE 30, 2017

CITY COUNCIL

Mayor

Robb Davis

Mayor Pro-Tem

Brett Lee

Councilmember

Lucas Frerichs

Councilmember

Rochelle Swanson

Councilmember

Will Arnold

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

City Manager

Michael Webb (Appointed 12/1/17)

Dirk Brazil (Retired 11-30-17)

City Attorney

Harriet Steiner

Assistant City Manager

Kelly Stachowicz

HR Administrator

Janet Emmett

Parks & Recreation Director

Dale Sumersille

Fire Chief

Daryl Arbuthnott

Police Chief

Darren Pytel

Public Works Director

Robert Clarke

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Financial Services Manager

Pamela Day

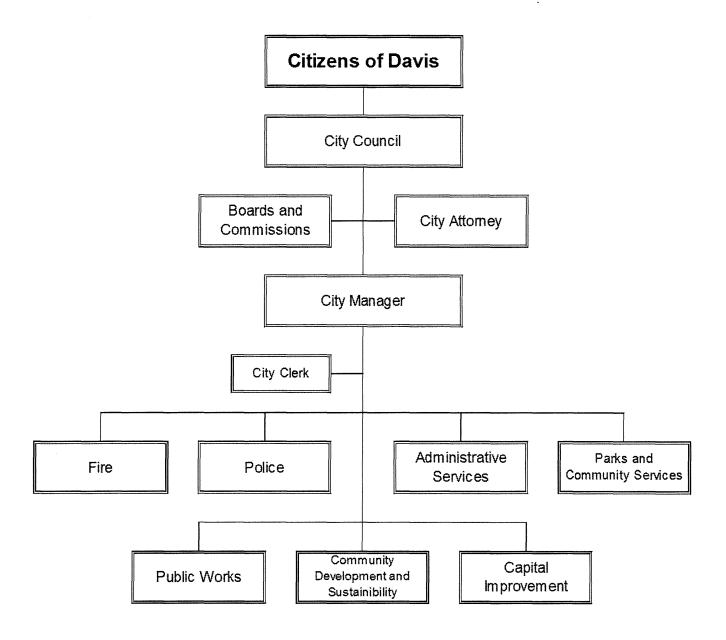
Accountant

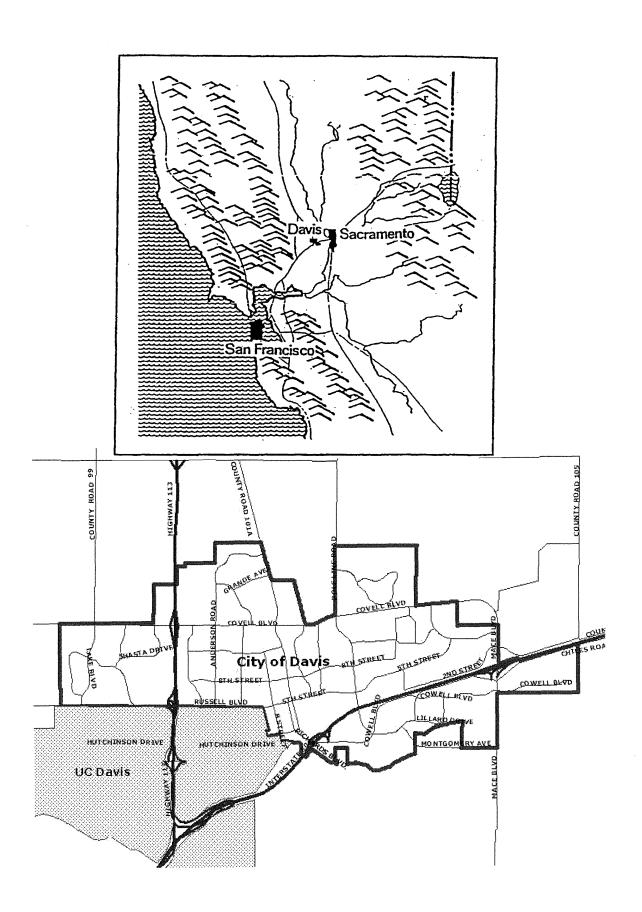
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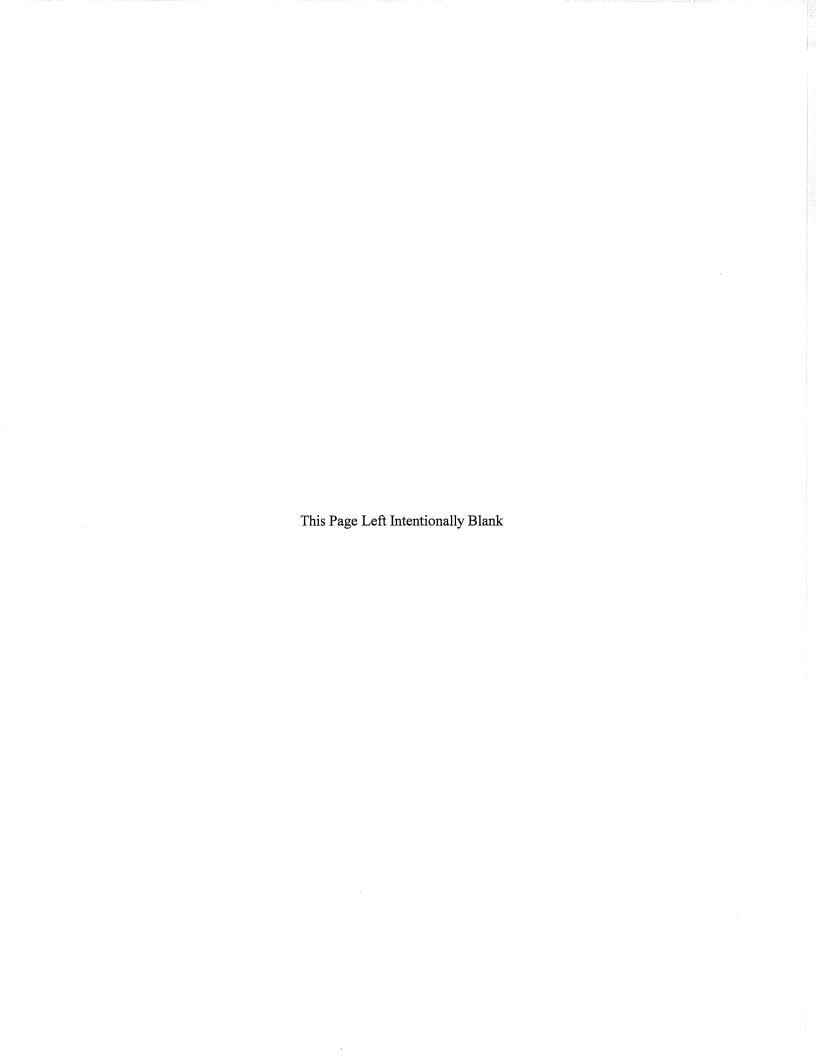
Finance Administrator

Kelly Fletcher

City of Davis Organizational Chart









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Davis, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Davis, California, (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The City is a participant of the *Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency*, a separate joint powers authority. The joint powers authority was formed between the City of Davis and City of Woodland to coordinate the construction, ownership and operation of the Woodland-Davis Water Supply Capital Improvement Project. As of June 30, 2017 the City's accumulated contributions to the Agency amounted to \$42,628,201. See Note 16 to the financial statements for further discussion.

The emphasis of this matter does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplemental Information and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pleasant Hill, California December 22, 2017

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CITY OF DAVIS Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Davis (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights for the 2016-2017 fiscal year include the following:

- City total assets increased by \$34.6 million to \$798.4 million, of which \$371.5 million represented governmental assets and \$426.9 million represented business-type assets.
- City total liabilities increased by \$40.2 million to \$255.1 million, of which \$110.8 million were governmental liabilities and \$144.3 million were business-type liabilities.
- Total government-wide revenues were \$127.4 million, an increase of \$2.6 million from the prior year's \$124.8 million. The City's governmental activities generated \$74.9 million in revenue, while the business-type activities generated \$52.5 million in revenue
- Total expenses for the City increased \$10.8 million. Governmental expenses increased \$0.7 million, from \$70.5 million to \$71.2 million. Expenses for business-type activities increased \$10.1 million to \$47.7 million.
- Total governmental fund revenues increased \$0.7 million to \$74.6 million. Total governmental fund expenditures decreased to \$73.9 million in fiscal year 2016-17, down \$0.5 million from the prior year's \$74.4 million.
- The General Fund's ending fund balance of \$23.2 million in fiscal 2016-17 is up \$1.5 million from the prior year's \$21.7 million.
- General Fund revenues decreased to \$61.9 million, down \$0.6 million from the prior year's \$62.5 million. Expenditures increased \$5.3 million from prior year's \$56.5 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, parks and recreation and public safety. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, sanitation, storm sewer, and public transit.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also its legally separate component units, including the Public Facilities Financing Authority.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 28 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Development Deferred Improvement special revenue fund, the Low/Mod Housing special revenue fund, and the Open Space special revenue fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 24 governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for governmental funds that includes both operational and capital improvement expenditures. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-31 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprises funds to account for its water, sewer, sanitation, storm sewer, and public transit operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for the management of its retained risks and other central service costs. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, sanitation, storm sewer, and public transit operation, each of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34-39 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains two different types of fiduciary funds. The Private-purpose trust fund is used to report resources held in trust related to the dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency. The Agency fund reports resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-43 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 45-93 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) benefits to its employees.

Required supplementary information can be found on page 97-107 of this report.

The combining statements and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, internal service funds and agency funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and OPEB. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 114-143 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This section focuses on the net assets and changes in net position of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities presented in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Changes in net position may serve over time as a beneficial indicator of the City's financial position.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$479.9 million, reflects its net investment in capital assets (infrastructure, land, buildings, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These capital assets are used by the City to provide services to citizens, making them unavailable for future spending. Although the City's net investment in its capital assets is reported as net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Tables 1 and 2 on the following pages present a summary and changes of the City's net position as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1: Statement of Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016
(in Millions)

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Cash and investments	\$ 81.459	\$ 70.475	\$ 67.324	\$ 54.793	\$ 148.783	\$ 125.268		
Other assets	47.274	49.618	8.100	6.723	55.374	56.341		
Capital assets	242.767	242.813	351.519	339.376	594.286	582.189		
Total Assets	371.500	362.906	426.943	400.892	798.443	763.798		
Deferred outflows of resources	23.960	16.414	6.128	3.438	30.088	19.852		
Other liabilities	10.922	8.123	7.099	32.449	18.021	40.572		
Long-term debt outstanding	99.859	87.600	137.212	86.688	237.071	174.288		
Total Liabilities	110.781	95.723	144.311	119.137	255.092	214.860		
Deferred inflows of resources	6.863	9.537	2.308	3.523	9.171	13.060		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital								
assets	241.338	242.813	238.518	274.098	479.856	516.911		
Restricted	69.931	69.365			69.931	69.365		
Unrestricted	(33.454)	(38.119)	47.934	7.572	14.480	(30.547)		
Total Net Position	\$ 277.815	\$ 274.059	\$ 286.452	\$ 281.670	\$ 564.267	\$ 555.729		

Table 2: Statement of Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (in Millions)

	Governmenta			ctivities	В	Business-Type Activities				T		
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Expenses												
General government:												
City Council	\$	0.180	\$	0.145	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.180	\$	0.145
City Attorney		0.638		0.323		-		-		0.638		0.323
City Manager		2.701		2.278		-		-		2.701		2.278
Administrative Services		4.836		2.947		-		-		4.836		2.947
Community Development		5.011		4.912		-		-		5.011		4.912
Public Works		10.815		9.288		-		-		10.815		9.288
Special Projects		1.510		7.694		-		-		1.510		7.694
Parks and community services:												
Parks and Community Services		12.860		12.508		-		-		12.860		12.508
Public safety:												
Fire		11.742		11.350		-		-		11.742		11.350
Police		20.868		19.043		-		-		20.868		19.043
Interest on Long-Term Debt		-		0.002		-		-		•		0.002
Water						15.010		10.974		15.010		10.974
Sanitation		-		-		11.812		11.147		11.812		11.147
Sewer		-		-		9.110		7.937		9.110		7.937
Storm Sewer		-		-		3.820		3.941		3.820		3.941
Public transit						7.969		3.639		7.969		3.639
Total Expenses		71.161		70.490		47.721		37.638		118.882		108.128
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services		14.848		15.693		44.220		42.502		59.068		58.195
Operating Contributions and Grants		8.327		8.127		7.694		3.199		16.021		11.326
Capital Grants and Contributions		2.703		1.025		-		0.040		2.703		1.065
General Revenues:												
Taxes		41.869		41.157						41.869		41.157
Motor vehicle in-lieu		6.107		6.146						6.107		6.146
Investment income		0.504		0.469		0.347		0.307		0.851		0.776
Miscellaneous		0.559		2.165		0.242		4.006		0.801		6.171
Total Revenues		74.917		74.782		52.503		50.054		127.420		124.836
Changes in Net Position		3.756		4.292		4.782		12.416		8.538		16.708
Net Position - Beginning		274.059		269.767		281.670		269.254		555.729		539.021
Net Position - Ending	\$	277.815	\$	274.059	\$	286.452	\$	281.670	\$	564.267	\$	555.729

Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities rely on several sources of revenue to finance ongoing operations. Taxes (\$41.9 million), Operating Grants & Contributions (\$8.3 million), and Charges for Services (\$14.8 million) comprise the largest sources of revenue. Operating Grants & Contributions include revenues such as gas tax revenue passed through from the State for maintenance of the streets, HUD/HOME Federal Grant funding for the housing program, and HUD/CDBG Federal Grant funding and other one-time grants. Charges for Services are revenues that arise from charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services. Examples of the types of services that fall under this category include building permits, business licenses, and park and recreation fees. Also included in Charges for Services is an internal administrative overhead charge to departments within the City for services provided to them by the City Manager's, City Attorney's and City Clerk's offices, Human Resources, and Finance services.

At the end of fiscal year 2016-17, total revenue for governmental activities was \$74.9 million with minor increases from the prior year.

- Program revenues increased \$1.0 million. Capital Grants and Contribution increased \$1.7 million while Charges for Services experienced a decrease of \$0.8 million.
 - The largest increase in Capital Grants and Contributions was \$1.4 million in development impact fees. This is due to fees collected from construction in the Cannery development.
 - o The decrease in Charges for Services was due to a \$0.8 million reduction in development review fees in Public Works. Fees collected in fiscal year 2015-16 were higher than normal due to pre-construction plan reviews for the Cannery development.
- General Revenues decreased overall by \$0.9 million, with tax revenue increasing by \$0.7 million and other revenue decreasing by \$1.6 million.
 - Tax revenue had a modest increase of \$0.7 million. Property Tax increased by \$0.6 million due to housing completion in the Cannery subdivision. Transient Occupancy Tax rates increased in August 2016 from 10% to 12%, resulting in a revenue increase of \$0.3 million.
 - o In fiscal year 2015-16, Other Revenue included \$1.6 million in loan proceeds from Siemens to fund the Streetlight Conversion project.

Total governmental activities expenses were \$71.2 million, an increase of \$0.7 million compared to the prior year.

- Special projects decreased by \$6.2 million. The decrease in expenses is primarily due to a onetime payment made in the prior year of approximately \$4.9 million to the Department of Finance in compliance with the Due Diligence Review determination letter in connection with the Downtown Area Capital Revitalization
- Public Safety, Administrative Services, and Public Works had increases in expenses.
 - Expenses for Public Safety increased \$2.2 million, largely due to compensation. The Police Memorandum of Understanding for the period of January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017 settled, which included the addition of a step 6 to the salary range and resulted in retroactive wage adjustments.
 - O Public Works increased by \$1.5 million largely due to a one-time authorization from the City Council to set aside \$2.8 million for future facility maintenance.
 - o Administrative Services cost increased from \$2.9 million to \$4.8 million over the prior year was due to an additional \$2.0 million OPEB contribution made with excess money from the prior year.

Analysis of Business-Type Activities

The City has five business-type activities: Water, Sanitation, Sewer, Storm Sewer and Public Transit. Most business-type activities report Charges for Services as their largest source of revenue, with Public Transit showing operating grants as the largest source of revenue.

Net Position for the Enterprise Funds increased \$4.8 million, with positive and negative changes in the five major funds. The Water and Sewer Funds had a positive change in net position of \$7.7 million, while Sanitation, Storm Sewer, and Public Transportation had a combined decrease in net position of \$2.9 million. Total Enterprise revenues increased \$2.4 million and expenses increased \$10.1 million.

Three capital projects were near completion or put into service in fiscal year 2016-17. The Davis-Woodland Water Supply Project and the Local Facilities were placed into service in August 2017 and the Waste Water Treatment facility will be fully accredited in October 2017. Large expenditures and loan proceeds had a significant impact in the funds. Cash and Investments have increased \$12.5 million. The City was reimbursed \$24.0 million for contributions made in the prior years for the construction of the Water Treatment Plant; however there were increased expenses from capital projects, such as the construction of the waste water treatment plant and the local pipeline project.

Operating revenues and Non-operating revenues totaled \$44.2 million and \$8.3 million, respectively. The operating revenue consists of Charges for Current Services, which increased \$1.7 million, mostly attributed to the Water Fund. Increased water rates and higher consumption resulted in a \$2.2 million increase in revenue.

Non-operating revenues, which consist of investment revenue, operating grants, and other revenues totaled \$8.3 million. Operating grants from Public Transit increased by \$4.5 million from the prior year to \$7.7 million. The change accounted for operating and capital grants Unitrans was awarded in the amount of \$2.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively. Other revenue from the Water Fund decreased by \$3.8 million. This was associated with an occurrence in the prior year where UC Davis contributed \$2.9 million for their share of the local surface water project. In addition, the City had a gain of \$0.9 million when refinancing the capacity rights for the Surface Water Project.

Operating expenses for the proprietary funds increased \$10.1 million. The Water Fund expenses totaled \$15.0 million, an increase of \$4.0 million. Production expenses increased \$3.4 million due to the water treatment plant becoming operational in August 2016. The Public Transit Fund's expenses increased from \$3.6 million to \$8.0 million, an increase of \$4.4 million. FTA grant funds, which increased \$4.4 million, were passed through to UC Davis.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows and balances of resources that are available for spending. This information is presented as a comparison with the prior year and should prove useful in evaluating the City's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City maintains 28 individual governmental funds, which include four Major Funds, the General Fund, the Development Deferred Improvement special revenue fund, the Low/Mod Housing special revenue fund, and the Open Space special revenue fund. In the financial statements, these Major Funds are reported separately, with the data from the other 24 governmental funds combined into a single aggregated presentation.

As of June 30, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$94.9 million, an increase of \$2.1 million compared with last year. The unassigned portion of fund balance was \$22.8 million, which is available for spending at the City's discretion.

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary governmental fund and chief operating fund of the City. The total fund balance for the General Fund increased \$1.6 million. General Fund revenues decreased \$0.6 million. Transient occupancy tax increased from \$1.5 million to \$1.8 million in the current year. In June 2016, voters of Davis passed Measure B, which allowed the City to increase the tax to 12%. Property tax increased to \$13.9 million from \$13.7 million in the prior fiscal year, a modest increase due to the Cannery subdivision. Sales tax decreased \$0.5 million in the current fiscal year, in part due to the ending of "triple flip", the state revenue sharing program. Charges for Service decreased \$0.6 million, mainly due to a decrease in fees for development review in Public Works.

Other Governmental Funds. Intergovernmental revenues for the other Governmental funds decreased \$0.8 million, due to revenue anticipated for the TDA Non-Transit fund was not received within the availability period. This revenue will be recognized in fiscal year 2017-18. Development fees increased significantly, as discussed in the Development Deferred Improvement Fund below.

Table 3 provides a summary of Governmental and General Fund revenues for the year ended June 30, 2017, and compares the revenues to the prior fiscal year.

Table 3: Revenues in the Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental Funds				(General Fund*	
	2017	2016	\$ Change		2017	2016	\$ Change
Property Tax	\$13,827,008	\$13,721,604	105,404		\$13,827,008	\$13,721,604	\$105,404
Sales tax	15,660,665	16,192,725	(532,060)		15,660,665	16,192,725	(532,060)
Real Property Transfer	386,182	306,001	80,181		386,182	306,001	80,181
Municipal Services	2,937,053	2,878,914	58,139		2,937,053	2,878,914	58,139
Business License	1,804,618	1,719,258	85,360		1,804,618	1,719,258	85,360
Construction Tax	1,146,893	1,167,502	(20,609)		1,146,893	1,167,502	(20,609)
Franchise	1,793,833	1,704,481	89,352		1,211,522	1,141,614	69,908
Transient Occupancy	1,784,072	1,453,819	330,253		1,784,072	1,453,819	330,253
Motor Vehicle in-lieu	6,137,775	6,146,238	(8,463)		6,137,775	6,146,238	(8,463)
Park Maintenance	1,382,436	1,367,935	14,501				
Public Safety Charge	497,182	481,685	15,497				
Open Space Protection	649,222	644,914	4,308				
Fines and forfeitures	567,834	660,313	(92,479)		567,834	660,313	(92,479)
Use of money and property	1,570,285	1,640,957	(70,672)	l	1,315,207	1,359,131	(43,924)
Intergovernmental	4,228,914	5,018,162	(789,248)		459,426	512,490	(53,064)
Charges for current services	11,665,050	12,293,260	(628,210)		9,011,474	9,549,153	(537,679)
Development fees	2,840,272	797,720	2,042,552	l	119,500		
Administrative fees	1,876,317	2,260,871	(384,554)		1,876,317	2,260,871	(384,554)
Other	3,805,856	3,449,412	356,444	L	3,694,589	3,443,488	251,101
Totals	\$74,561,467	\$73,905,771	\$655,696		\$61,940,135	\$62,513,121	(\$692,486)

^{*} The General Fund is a subset of the Governmental funds

Expenditures for Governmental Funds decreased \$0.5 million. General Fund expenditures increased \$5.3 million, and Other Governmental Fund expenditures decreased \$7.0 million. Changes in the Governmental funds attributed to a decrease in expense with Special Projects and increases for General Fund is due to increased expense in Administrative Services, Public Safety and Public Works.

- There was a significant decrease in Special Projects for the Governmental Funds. In fiscal year 2016-17 a one-time payment of \$5.4 million was transmitted to the Department of Finance in compliance with the Due Diligence Review determination letter in connection with the Downtown Area Capital Revitalization.
- General Fund expenditures increased in Public Works (\$3.3 million), Administrative Services (\$2.0 million) and Public Safety (\$1.6 million). The increase in Public Works and Administrative Services expenditures was due to City Council authorization of \$2.8 million for future facility maintenance and an additional \$2.0 million to the Trust to reduce the liability for retiree medical Public Safety expenditures also increased by \$1.6 million, as discussed in the Governmental Activities section of this document.

Table 4 provides a summary of Governmental and General Fund expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 4: Expenses in the Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental Funds						
			Change from				
	2017	2016	Prior Year				
City Council	\$187,422	\$162,094	\$25,328				
City Attorney	638,231	323,152	315,079				
City Manager	3,231,499	2,511,944	719,555				
Administrative Services	5,298,775	3,268,570	2,030,205				
Public Safety	30,254,413	28,686,821	1,567,592				
Public Works	7,927,980	5,849,339	2,078,641				
Community Development	5,539,962	5,227,343	312,619				
Parks & Community Services	12,019,873	11,681,163	338,710				
Special Projects	1,741,902	7,742,821	(6,000,919)				
Capital Outlay	7,108,003	8,984,638	(\$1,876,635)				
Totals	\$73,948,060	\$74,437,885	(\$489,825)				

C 15 15									
	General Fund *								
		Change from							
2017	2016	Prior Year							
\$187,422	\$162,094	\$25,328							
638,231	323,152	315,079							
3,194,516	2,499,230	695,286							
4,508,259	2,493,166	2,015,093							
27,245,519	25,556,925	1,688,594							
5,813,731	2,574,938	3,238,793							
5,379,820	5,155,537	224,283							
10,410,511	9,939,664	470,847							
	567,900	(567,900)							
4,430,490	7,234,569	(2,804,079)							
\$61,808,499	\$56,507 <u>,</u> 175	\$5,301,324							

^{*} The General Fund is a subset of the Governmental funds

There are other three major governmental funds. The activities of these funds are summarized in the following paragraphs.

<u>Development Deferred Improvement Fund.</u> This capital fund accounts for major project finance fees collected to pay for infrastructure and improvements needed due to the additional burden created by development. Development impact fees increased from \$0.6 million to \$2.4 million, due to new housing in the Cannery sub-division. Expenditures totaled \$2.2 million, mainly for capital projects. On June 30, 2017, the Development Deferred Improvement Fund held \$22.9 million in restricted fund balance.

<u>Low/Mod Housing Fund.</u> The Low/Mod Housing Fund is a special revenue fund that is used to develop, rehabilitate, and preserve affordable housing. Revenues are comprised of charges for services, interest on loans and investments and monitoring fees. Revenues decreased \$0.1 million to \$0.4 million for FISCAL YEAR 2016-17. Expenditures total \$0.8 million and are classified as special projects. On June 30, 2017, the Low/Mod Housing Fund held \$33.2 million in restricted fund balance.

<u>Open Space Fund.</u> This fund accounts for revenue from the Open Space Preservation Tax. The assessments are placed on the tax roll and forwarded by the County with the property taxes. The assessment for fiscal year 2016-17 was \$0.7 million. Expenditures were for maintenance and totaled \$0.5 million. On June 30, 2017, the Open Space restricted fund balance was \$4.9 million, an increase in fund balance of \$0.2 million from the prior year.

Enterprise Funds

Net Position for the Enterprise Funds increased \$4.8 million, with positive and negative changes in the five major funds. The Water and Sewer Funds had a positive change in net position of \$7.7 million, while Sanitation, Storm Sewer, and Public Transportation had a combined decrease in net position of \$2.9 million. Total Enterprise revenues increased \$2.4 million and expenses increased \$10.1 million.

<u>Water Fund.</u> The operating revenues for this fund, which are charges for services to the residents of Davis and some residents in Yolo County, total \$17.5 million. An increase in water rates in January 2017 produced an increase in revenues of \$2.2 million.

Operating expenses for the Water Fund totaled \$15.0 million, with the primary expenses for production, distribution, and system maintenance totaling \$10.3 million. Depreciation increased by \$1.0 million, attributed to an increase \$2.7 million in capitalized assets in fiscal 2016-17.

<u>Sanitation Fund.</u> This fund had operating revenues of \$11.0 million, an increase of \$0.2 million over the prior year. Primary expenses are for waste removal, solid waste management and street sweeping, totaling \$11.3 million. Operating expenses increased \$0.7 million from the prior year, primarily due to adding yard waste cans for green waste. Overall, the net position for the Sanitation Fund decreased \$0.7 million.

<u>Sewer Fund.</u> Sewer Fund operating revenues were \$13.9 million for the current fiscal year, a decrease of \$0.7 million over the prior year. Sewer rates are based on the winter water usage for the prior year. Water consumption was down during fiscal year 2015-16, resulting in lower sewer rates for fiscal year 2016-17. The primary operating expenses for the sewer fund are sewage collection and treatment, totaling \$6.1 million. Total operating expenses increased from \$7.9 million to \$9.1 million. The Sewer Fund ended the year with a change in net position of \$5.0 million.

Storm Sewer Fund. The operating revenues totaled \$1.7 million with minimal changes over the prior year. Primary operating expenses are for maintenance of the storm drainage system totaling \$1.5 million. Total operating expenses were \$3.8 million, a decrease of \$0.1 million over the prior year. The Storm Sewer Fund ended the year with a net loss of \$2.0 million.

<u>Public Transit Fund.</u> This fund's revenues consist primarily of operating grants and contributions in the amount of \$7.7 million. The City has a pass through an agreement with the University of California-Davis to provide partial funding for public transportation services (Unitrans). Grants and contributions increased \$4.5 million from the prior year. Unitrans was awarded \$2.6 million and \$1.8 million in operating and capital grants, respectively. Operating expenses, which include the provision of public and special transportation services, total \$8.0 million. This reflects an increase in expenses of \$4.3 million from the previous year. The fund net position was \$2.3 million.

Fiduciary Funds

The City maintains two different types of fiduciary funds. The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to report resources held in trust related to the dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency. An Agency Fund reports resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2017, the City's investment in capital assets totaled \$594.3 million, net of depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets used in governmental and business-type activities, as shown in Table 5 below (further detail can be found in Note 8 in Notes to the Financial Statements):

Table 5
Capital Assets at June 30, 2017 and 2016
(in Millions)

	2017			2016		Net Change
Governmental Activities:						
Land	\$	56.487	\$	56.067		0.420
Construction in progress		17.582		16.194		1.388
Buildings and improvements		45.901		44.657		1.244
Equipment		11.651		10.886		0.765
Infrastructure - Streets		259.058		259.057		0.001
Infrastructure - Parks		68.174		65.018		3.156
Infrastructure - Bike/Ped Paths		15.341		15.342	-	(0.001)
Less accumulated depreciation		(231.428)		(224.408)		(7.020)
Total	\$	242.766	\$_	242.813	_	(0.047)
Business-Type Activities:						
Land	\$	21.783	\$	21.783	9	S -
Construction in progress	4	129.352	Ψ	136.126	`	(6.774)
Buildings		150.156		150.156		-
Pipes and Lines		170.719		167.723		2,996
Equipment		11.757		11.691		0.066
Intangible Assets		23.466		-		23.466
Less accumulated depreciation		(155.714)	,	(148.103)		(7.611)
Total	\$	351.519	\$	339.376	_	12.143

Capital assets, before depreciation, increased \$26.7 million, mainly due to construction in progress. The increase in business-type activities is for expenditures for the Waste Water Treatment Plant (\$28.5 million). Capital expenditures for governmental activities included \$2.1 million for Transportation Infrastructure Rehabilitation, \$.9 million for the Parks Pathway Lighting Improvement, and \$0.7 million for the Rainbow City Rehab/Renovation project.

Debt Administration

Each of the City's debt issues is discussed in detail in Note 9 in Notes to the Financial Statements. On June 30, 2017, the City's debt comprised:

Table 6
Outstanding Debt at June 30, 2017 and 2016
(in Millions)

	2017		 2016		Change
Governmental activities: * Long Term Employee Benefits	\$	96.034	\$ 84.992	\$	11.042
Business-type activities:					
Long Term Debt		111.451	85.193		26.258
Long Term Employee Benefits		25.761	 22.707		3.054
Total		233,246	 192.892		40.354

Long term debt for both the governmental and business-type activities increased in fiscal year 2016-17. Increases in long term employee benefits were due to the increase in net pension liability. Please refer to Note 12 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for more information. The Business-type activities long term debt increased \$27.8 million. The City has acquired two loans from the State to fund major projects in the prior year. State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loan #3 is used to fund the Wastewater Treatment Plant. The draw for the current fiscal year was \$14.5 million, leaving the total outstanding loan debt to \$34.5 million. SRF Loan #4 is for the Surface Water Pipeline project. The draw on that loan was \$13.3 million, leaving an outstanding loan balance of \$21.4 million. Note 9 in the Notes to the Financial Statements provide more information on the specifics of each loan.

Private Purpose Trust Fund

The private purpose trust fund is used to report resources held in trust related to the dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency. The balance of tax allocation bond debt is \$38.6 million with related unamortized discounts of \$0.5 million, to be amortized over the life of the bonds.

Special Assessment District Debt

On June 30, 2017, a total of \$32.0 million in special assessment district debt was outstanding, issued by five special assessment districts. This debt is secured only by special assessments on the real property in the district issuing the debt, and is not the City's responsibility, although the City does act as these Districts' agent in the collection and remittance of assessments.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Economic Factors

The economy of the City is discussed in the accompanying Transmittal letter.

Next Year's Budget

Total All Funds Revenue for fiscal year 2017-18 is budgeted at \$188.8 million with General Fund revenues totaling \$60.6 million. Property Tax revenue for fiscal year 2017-18 is budgeted at \$20.9 million and Sales Taxes are expected to total \$16.8 million.

Total All Funds Expenditures for the City in fiscal year 2017-18 are budgeted at \$192.4 million with General Fund expenditures totaling \$64.0 million. The City will engage in a total of 45 separate capital projects over the course of the 2017-18 budget year, with total capital expenditures accounting for \$45.2 million of the Adopted All Funds budget. Of this, 44.5% of the capital budget is committed to Transportation (\$20.1 million), 48.0% will be dedicated to Drainage, Water and Wastewater projects (\$21.7 million), with the remaining dollars slated for facilities and parks upgrades. Over the past several years, the city's capital budget has been dramatically higher due to the construction of the surface water project and the wastewater treatment plant upgrades. The capital portion of the surface water project is complete, and the work on the wastewater treatment plant should conclude in 2018-19, bringing the capital budget closer to more typical levels.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report should be directed to the Finance Department at FinanceWeb@cityofdayis.org.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities is to summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position.

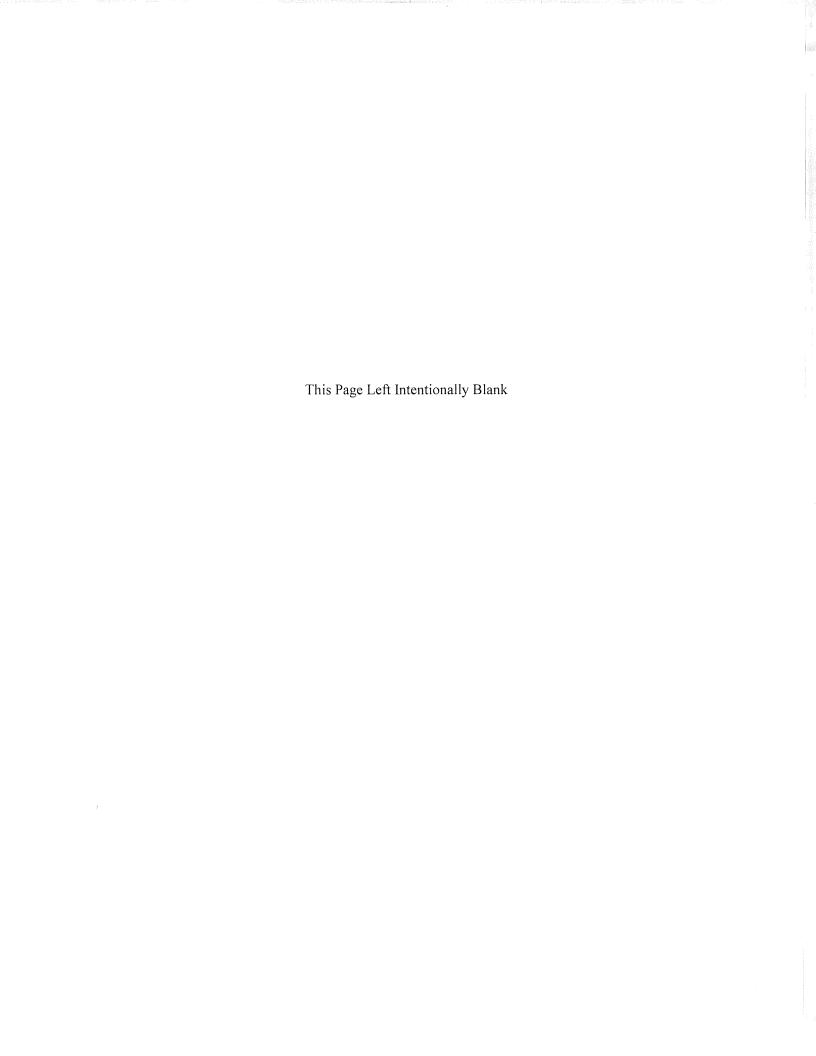
The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds. Since the City's Internal Service Funds service these Funds, their activities are consolidated with Governmental Activities, after eliminating interfund transactions and balances. The City's Business-Type Activities include all its Enterprise Fund activities.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's Net Position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the modified accrual basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program, and follows these with the expenses of its business-type activities. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental and business-type program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities or Business-type Activities column, as appropriate, and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the Public Facilities Financing Authority which are legally separate but are considered to be component units of the City because they are controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for their activities.



CITY OF DAVIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$81,459,120	\$65,642,058	\$147,101,178
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 4)		1,681,742	1,681,742
Accrued interest	229,040	183,622	412,662
Receivables:	7.001.040	2.074.505	11 775 644
General accounts Grants	7,901,049	3,874,595	11,775,644
Utility accounts	1,436,528 518,771	3,247,542 4,309,506	4,684,070 4,828,277
Loans (Note 6)	33,049,579	1,505,500	33,049,579
Mortgages (Note 6)	322,764		322,764
Inventory (Note 1I)	301,594		301,594
Internal balances (Note 5C)	3,515,322	(3,515,322)	
Capital assets (Note 7):			
Non-depreciable	74,068,776	151,135,224	225,204,000
Depreciable, net of depreciation	168,697,774	200,383,577	369,081,351
Total Assets	371,500,317	426,942,544	798,442,861
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pension (Note 12)	23,959,498	6,128,172	30,087,670
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	395,459,815	433,070,716	828,530,531
LIABILITIES			
Payables:			
Accounts and other accrued liabilities	1,807,064	1,752,804	3,559,868
Wages	1,859,267	317,006	2,176,273
Grants	6,151		6,151
Interest	5 (00 401	496,184	496,184
Deposits	5,603,491	54,625	5,658,116
Unearned revenue (Note 8) Claims payable (Note 15):	1,151,247	2,404,959	3,556,206
Due within one year	109,185		109,185
Due in more than one year	175,768		175,768
Compensated absences (Note 3):	2,2,,000		,,,,,
Due within one year	386,490	522,162	908,652
Due in more than one year	2,219,988		2,219,988
Long-term debt (Note 9):			
Due within one year		1,168,447	1,168,447
Due in more than one year	1,428,745	90,611,799	92,040,544
Long-term note payable to JPA (Note 16)		202 121	202 121
Due within one year Due in more than one year		382,121 20,838,996	382,121 20,838,996
OPEB liability, due in more than one year (Note 13)	8.761.254	2,910,143	11,671,397
Net pension liability (Note 12)	87,273,220	22,851,336	110,124,556
Total Liabilities	110,781,870	144,310,582	255,092,452
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pension (Note 12)	6,862,474	2,308,349	9,170,823
Total Liabilities and			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	117,644,344	146,618,931	264,263,275
NET POSITION (Note 1N): Net investment in capital assets	241,337,805	238,517,438	479,855,243
Restricted for:		200,017,100	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Capital projects	27,644,124		27,644,124
Housing	35,100,274		35,100,274
Special revenue projects	7,187,192		7,187,192
Total Restricted Net Position	69,931,590	-	69,931,590
Unrestricted	(33,453,924)	47,934,347	14,480,423
Total Net Position	\$277,815,471	\$286,451,785	\$564,267,256
_			

CITY OF DAVIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Program Revenues			
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Governmental Activities:					
City council	\$180,359				
City attorney	638,231				
City manager	2,700,596	\$1,402,353	\$1,223,609		
Administrative services	4,835,955	1,831,299			
Community development	5,010,995	4,391,769	364,065	\$166,924	
Parks and community services	12,860,303	3,439,496	1,570,801	121,474	
Public safety - fire	11,741,554	1,286,161	1,230,504		
Public safety - police	20,867,695	1,075,531	1,958,706		
Public works	10,815,163	1,421,458	1,978,954	2,414,579	
Special projects	1,509,819			-	
Total Governmental Activities	71,160,670	14,848,067	8,326,639	2,702,977	
Business-type Activities:					
Water	15,009,598	17,532,566			
Sanitation	11,812,422	11,033,701			
Sewer	9,110,218	13,873,913			
Storm sewer	3,819,462	1,747,635			
Public transit	7,969,174	32,108	7,693,559		
Total Business-type Activities	47,720,874	44,219,923	7,693,559		
Total	\$118,881,544	\$59,067,990	\$16,020,198	\$2,702,977	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Municipal services

Business license

Park maintenance

Construction

Open space protection

Franchise

Transient occupancy

Transfer

Intergovernmental, unrestricted:

Motor vehicle in-lieu

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in Net Position

Beginning Net Position

Ending Net Position

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental	Business-type	
Activities	Activities	Total
		,
(\$180,359)		(\$180,359)
(638,231)		(638,231)
(74,634)		(74,634)
(3,004,656)		(3,004,656)
(88,237)		(88,237)
(7,728,532)		(7,728,532)
(9,224,889)		(9,224,889)
(17,833,458)		(17,833,458)
(5,000,172)		(5,000,172)
(1,509,819)		(1,509,819)
(45,282,987)		(45,282,987)
	\$2,522,968	2,522,968
	(778,721)	(778,721)
	4,763,695	4,763,695
	(2,071,827)	(2,071,827)
	(243,507)	(243,507)
	4,192,608	4,192,608
(45,282,987)	4,192,608	(41,090,379)
14,324,190		14,324,190
15,660,664		15,660,664
2,937,053		2,937,053
1,804,618		1,804,618
1,382,436		1,382,436
1,146,893		1,146,893
649,222		649,222
1,793,833		1,793,833
1,784,072		1,784,072
386,182		386,182
6,107,171		6,107,171
503,676	347,197	850,873
558,862	242,223	801,085
49,038,872	589,420	49,628,292
3,755,885	4,782,028	8,537,913
274,059,586	281,669,757	555,729,343
\$277,815,471	\$286,451,785	\$564,267,256



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal year 2017. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental section.

GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund of the City.

LOW/MOD INCOME HOUSING FUND

This special revenue fund is used to develop, rehabilitate, and preserve affordable housing that serves households from extremely low to moderate incomes. This fund is funded by Federal HOME and Supportive Housing Grants and is used to account for housing assets of the former City Redevelopment Agency upon acceptance of the Housing Successor role by the City.

OPEN SPACE FUND

This special revenue fund accounts for revenue from the Open Space Preservation Tax. Such tax revenues are restricted to fund open space preservation and acquisition.

DEVELOPMENT DEFERRED IMPROVEMENT FUND

This special revenue fund accounts for restricted revenues from fees collected from property developers at the time of subdivision for specific major offsite public improvements that impose a burden cost on the newly developed areas and that will be constructed at a later date.

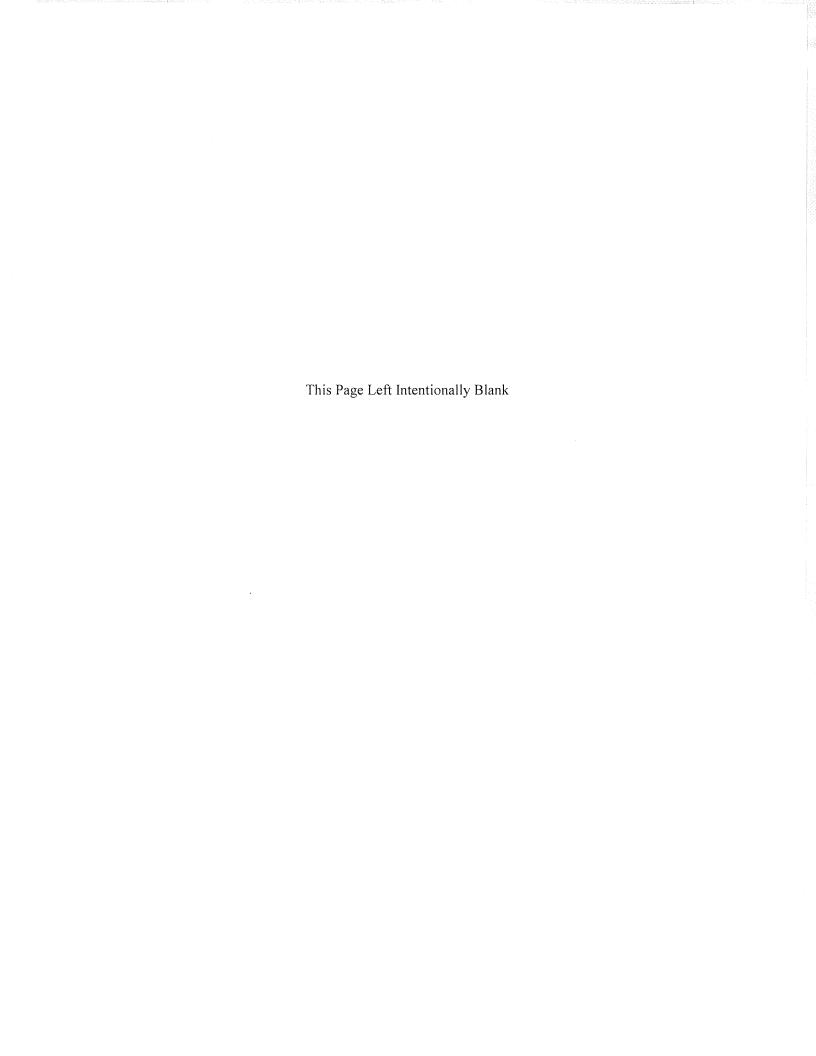
CITY OF DAVIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Low/ Mod Housing Fund	Open Space	Development Deferred Improvement
ASSETS				
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$25,937,719	\$1,166,013	\$4,823,924	\$17,161,678
Accrued interest	70,384	4,836	12,877	53,811
Receivables: General accounts	6,281,826	923,334	33,276	1,115
Grants	831,123	115,663	33,270	1,113
Utility accounts	274,790	110,000		
Loans (Note 6)	130,309	31,124,258		39,688
Mortgages (Note 6)		322,764		
Due from other funds (Note 5A)				5,820,575
Total Assets	\$33,526,151	\$33,656,868	\$4,870,077	\$23,076,867
LIABILITIES Payables:				
Accounts and other accrued liabilities	\$1,359,830	\$37,743	\$2,968	\$86,566
Wages	1,735,309	1,440	5,161	·
Grants				6,151
Deposits	5,445,272	26,006		132,213
Unearned revenue (Note 8) Due to other funds (Note 5A)	921,576			
Due to other failes (Note 311)				
Total Liabilities	9,461,987	65,189	8,129	224,930
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue (Note 8)	814,294	115,663		
Unavailable mortgages (Note 8)		241,055		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	814,294	356,718		
FUND BALANCES				
Fund balance (Note 11):				
Nonspendable	130,309			
Restricted		33,234,961	4,861,948	22,851,937
Committed	22 110 561			
Unassigned	23,119,561			
Total Fund Balances	23,249,870	33,234,961	4,861,948	22,851,937
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$33,526,151	\$33,656,868	\$4,870,077	\$23,076,867

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
#9.027.025	\$50,007,050
\$8,937,925	\$58,027,259
23,155	165,063
370,396	7,609,947
489,742	1,436,528
243,981	518,771
1,755,324	33,049,579
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	322,764
	5,820,575
\$11,820,523	\$106,950,486
\$46,338	\$1,533,445
20,804	1,762,714
	6,151
	5,603,491
229,671	1,151,247
518,093	518,093
814,906	10,575,141
614,700	10,373,141
347,604	1,277,561
	241,055
247 604	1 519 616
347,604	1,518,616
	130,309
7,383,999	68,332,845
3,581,941	3,581,941
(307,927)	22,811,634
10,658,013	94,856,729
10,030,013	77,030,729
\$11,820,523	\$106,950,486

CITY OF DAVIS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Total fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet	\$94,856,729
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in Governmental Activities are not current	
assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.	237,144,328
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET POSITION Internal service funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central services and maintenance to individual governmental funds. The net current assets of the Internal Service Funds are therefore included in Governmental Activities in the following line items in the Statement of Net Position.	
Cash and investments	23,431,861
Accrued interest	63,977
Accounts receivable	291,102
Inventory	301,594
Capital assets, net	5,622,222
Accounts payable	(273,619)
Wages payable	(96,553)
Claims payable	(284,953)
Leave benefits payable	(386,490)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(5,168,487)
Internal balances	(1,787,160)
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT REVENUES AND EXPENSES Revenues which are deferred on the Fund Balance Sheets because they are not available currently are taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities.	1,518,616
LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not	
reported in the Funds:	(1.429.745)
Long-term debt	(1,428,745) (8,761,254)
Net OPEB obligation, due in more than one year	
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Non-current portion of compensated absences	(65,007,709)
Non-current portion of compensated absences	(2,219,988)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$277,815,471



CITY OF DAVIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Low/ Mod Housing Fund	Open Space	Development Deferred Improvement
REVENUES Taxes	\$44,895,788		\$649,222	
Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services	567,834 1,315,207 459,426 9,011,474	\$20,332 43,241 192,567	25,101	\$97,565
Development fees Administrative fee - other funds Other	119,500 1,876,317 3,694,589	192,367		2,393,308
Total Revenues	61,940,135	363,156	674,323	2,490,873
EXPENDITURES Current: City Council City Attorney City Manager Administrative services Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works Special projects Capital outlay Total Expenditures	187,422 638,231 3,194,516 4,508,259 5,379,820 10,410,511 9,681,821 17,563,698 5,813,731 4,430,490 61,808,499	835,257 ————————————————————————————————————	203,604 290,145 493,749	74,944 323,461 8,378 1,838,200 2,244,983
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	131,636	(472,101)	180,574	245,890
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of long-term debt	1,428,745			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,428,745			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,560,381	(472,101)	180,574	245,890
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	21,689,489	33,707,062	4,681,374	22,606,047
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$23,249,870	\$33,234,961	\$4,861,948	\$22,851,937

Other	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$2,461,868	\$48,006,878
•	567,834
137,242	1,570,346
3,701,146	4,228,914
2,461,009	11,665,050
327,464	2,840,272
,	1,876,317
4,251	3,805,856
9,092,980	74,561,467
	187,422
	638,231
36,983	3,231,499
715,572	5,298,775
160,142	5,539,962
1,405,758	12,019,873
1,452,198	11,134,019
1,556,696	19,120,394
1,790,788	7,927,980
898,267	1,741,902
549,168	7,108,003
8,565,572	73,948,060
527,408	613,407
321,400	015,407
	1,428,745
	1,428,745
527,408	2,042,152
10,130,605	92,814,577
\$10,658,013	\$94,856,729

CITY OF DAVIS

RECONCILIATION OF THE

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

WITH THE

STATEMENT OF NET ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$2,042,152
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
The capital outlay is therefore added back to fund balance Other capitalized expenditures are added back to fund balance Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance (Depreciation expense is net of internal service fund depreciation	7,108,003 174,641
of \$1,011,388 which has already been allocated to serviced funds Loss on disposal of capital assets is deducted from fund balance	(6,940,504) (84,571)
	(- 1,5 1 -)
LONG-TERM DEBT Long-term debt issuance is deducted from fund balance	(1,428,745)
ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS	
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Unavailable revenue	(102,870)
Compensated absences	170,533
Net OPEB obligation Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	2,428,386 (3,444,505)
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITY	(6,11,600)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds. The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising out of their transactions with governmental funds is reported with governmental activities, because they service those activities.	
Change in Net Position - All Internal Service Funds	3,833,365
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$3,755,885

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's water operations.

Sanitation Fund

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the various agreements entered into by the City relating to sanitation operations.

Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's sewer operations.

Storm Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of storm drain services to residents of the City and some residents of the County.

Public Transit Fund

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the City's public transit operations.

Internal Service Funds

These funds account for general services, building maintenance, and City's self-insurance; all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

CITY OF DAVIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sanitation	Sewer	Storm Sewer
ASSETS Current Assets:				
Cash and investments (Note 4) Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 4)	\$36,304,432 1,681,742	\$1,406,404	\$23,451,123	\$4,480,099
Accrued interest Receivables:	108,484	3,105	58,445	12,881
General accounts Grants	2,739,763	81,620	1,048,781	4,277
Utility accounts Inventory (Note 11)	1,849,681	997,262	1,135,722	326,841
Total Current Assets	42,684,102	2,488,391	25,694,071	4,824,098
Noncurrent Assets: Advances to other funds (Note 5B) Capital Assets (Note 7) Non-depreciable City's investment in JPA facilities (Note 16) Land and construction in progress Depreciable Accumulated depreciation	42,628,201 5,186,455 159,211,827 (56,535,543)		98,907,282 91,055,250 (52,779,735)	4,413,286 101,501,665 (44,475,022)
Total Noncurrent Assets	150,490,940		137,182,797	61,439,929
Total Assets	193,175,042	2,488,391	162,876,868	66,264,027
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 12)	2,482,043	407,928	2,603,706	623,415
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	195,657,085	2,896,319	165,480,574	66,887,442
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Wages payable	298,519 114,831	897,189 18,773	358,990 133,897	60,853 32,408
Interest payable Compensated absences (Note 3) Deposits Unearned revenue (Note 8) Due to other funds (Note 5A) Claims payable (Note 15) Long-term debt, due in one year (Note 9)	496,184 218,791 44,625 125,174 1,168,447	55,114 998,850	205,279 10,000 1,114,384	25,324 166,551
Long-term note payable to JPA, due in one year (Note 16)	382,121			
Total Current Liabilities	2,848,692	1,969,926	1,822,550	285,136
Noncurrent Liabilities: Advances from other funds (Note 5B) Net OPEB obligation Claims payable (Note 15) Net pension liability (Note 12) Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 9) Long-term note payable to JPA, due in more than one year (Note 16)	1,297,542 9,297,215 56,107,702 20,838,996	117,414 1,478,185	1,235,358 9,631,329 34,504,097	336,695 250,829 2,411,681
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	87,541,455	1,595,599	45,370,784	2,999,205
Total Liabilities	90,390,147	3,565,525	47,193,334	3,284,341
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 12)	948,541	139,719	955,560	263,079
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	91,338,688	3,705,244	48,148,894	3,547,420
NET POSITION (Note 11) Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	71,993,674 32,324,723	(808,925)	102,678,700 14,652,980	61,439,929
Total Net Position	\$104,318,397	(\$808,925)	\$117,331,680	\$63,340,022

Public		Governmental Activities- Internal Service
Transit	Totals	Funds
	\$65,642,058 1,681,742	\$23,431,861
\$707	183,622	63,977
154 3,247,542	3,874,595 3,247,542	291,102
5,247,542	4,309,506	301,594
2 249 402	70.020.065	
3,248,403	78,939,065	24,088,534
		336,695
	42,628,201	
4 220 560	108,507,023	51,148
4,328,560 (1,923,425)	356,097,302 (155,713,725)	14,355,969
·		(8,784,895)
2,405,135	351,518,801	5,958,917
5,653,538	430,457,866	30,047,451
11,080	6,128,172	1,651,915
5,664,618	436,586,038	31,699,366
137,253 17,097	1,752,804 317,006	273,619 96,553
	496,184	,
17,654	522,162	386,490
	54,625 2,404,959	
3,178,627	3,178,627	2,123,855 109,185
	1,168,447	,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	382,121	
3,350,631	10,276,935	2,989,702
9,000	336,695 2,910,143	175 760
32,926	22,851,336	175,768 6,190,888
,	90,611,799	0,25 0,000
	20,838,996	6-No.197
41,926	137,548,969	6,366,656
3,392,557	147,825,904	9,356,358
	2 300 240	620.514
1,450	2,308,349	629,514
3,394,007	150,134,253	9,985,872
2,405,135	238,517,438	5,622,222
(134,524)	47,934,347	16,091,272
\$2,270,611	\$286,451,785	\$21,713,494

CITY OF DAVIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sanitation	Sewer	Storm Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for current services	\$17,532,566	\$11,033,701	\$13,873,913	\$1,747,635
Total Operating Revenues	17,532,566	11,033,701	13,873,913	1,747,635
OPERATING EXPENSES Administrative and billing Payments to general government Water production Water distribution Water system maintenance Street sweeping Waste removal and solid waste management Sewage collection Sewage treatment Storm drainage system maintenance Public transportation service Special transportation service	657,681 326,555 6,563,269 2,633,816 1,112,189	428,333 65,183 479,965 10,838,941	904,199 229,231 1,773,740 4,340,538	147,333 60,574 1,487,937
Central stores Central equipment Duplication - postal City administrative facility maintenance Insurance administration Insurance premiums Litigation MIS services OPEB expense Depreciation Other	3,658,438 57,650_		1,796,070 66,440	2,006,696 116,922
Total Operating Expenses	15,009,598	11,812,422	9,110,218	3,819,462
Operating Income (Loss)	2,522,968	(778,721)	4,763,695	(2,071,827)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Interest (expense) Grants and subventions Other	184,129 5,112	7,630 96,720	127,161 105,879	25,550 34,512
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	189,241	104,350	233,040	60,062
Change in net position	2,712,209	(674,371)	4,996,735	(2,011,765)
BEGINNING NET POSITION	101,606,188	(134,554)	112,334,945_	65,351,787
ENDING NET POSITION	\$104,318,397	(\$808,925)	\$117,331,680	\$63,340,022

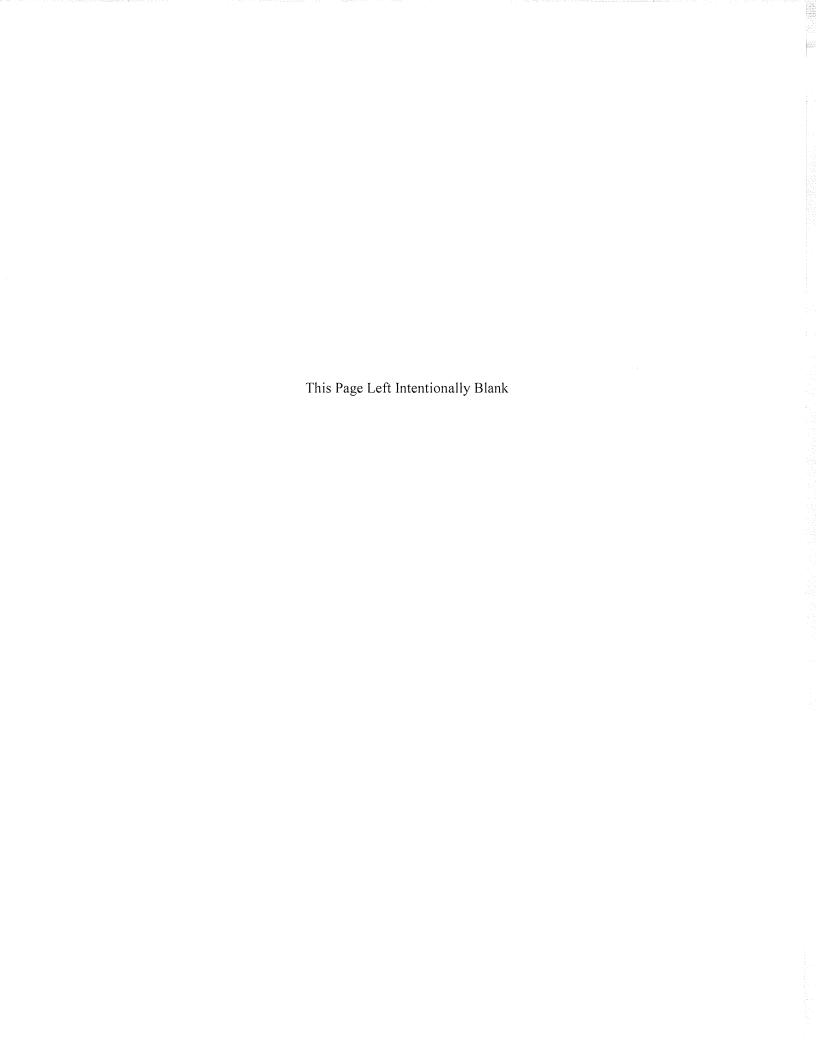
Public Transit	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
\$32,108	\$44,219,923	\$28,470,297
32,108	44,219,923	28,470,297
7,174,119 645,471	2,137,546 681,543 6,563,269 2,633,816 1,112,189 479,965 10,838,941 1,773,740 4,340,538 1,487,937 7,174,119 645,471	240,220 1,784,392 121,149 1,986,168 440,704 14,036,008
149,584	7,610,788	80,768 2,349,892 3,044,201 1,011,388
7,969,174	<u>241,012</u> <u>47,720,874</u>	25,094,890
(7,937,066)	(3,500,951)	3,375,407
2,727 7,693,559	347,197 7,693,559 242,223	120,474
7,696,286	8,282,979	457,958
(240,780)	4,782,028	3,833,365
2,511,391	281,669,757	17,880,129
\$2,270,611	\$286,451,785	\$21,713,494

CITY OF DAVIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sanitation	Sewer	Storm Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Claims paid	\$16,694,114 (12,641,796) (1,253,876)	\$11,065,419 (11,261,615) (534,820)	\$13,783,502 (8,431,550) (1,477,698)	\$1,779,057 (1,430,351) (284,238)
Other revenue (expenses)	(57,650)		(66,440)	(116,922)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2,740,792	(731,016)	3,807,814	(52,454)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating grants and contributions				
Interfund receipts Interfund (payments)	(7,554,889)		7,158,579	(59,615)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	(7,554,889)		7,158,579	(59,615)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,334,002)		7,130,379	(39,013)
(Acquisitions) of capital assets	(15,235,528)		(28,710,879)	(17,736)
Reimbursement from JPA Issuance of long-term debt Principal payments on capital debt	24,211,156 13,315,947 (1,288,891)		14,483,762	
Interest paid	213,334			
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	21,216,018		(14,227,117)	(17,736)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	93,679	6,396	133,695	16,871
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	93,679	6,396	133,695	16,871
Net Cash Flows	16,495,600	(724,620)	(3,127,029)	(112,934)
Cash and investments at beginning of period	21,490,574	2,131,024	26,578,152	4,593,033
Cash and investments at end of period	\$37,986,174	\$1,406,404	\$23,451,123	\$4,480,099
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss) Litigation settlement and other	\$2,522,968 5,112	(\$778,721) 96,720	\$4,763,695 105,879	(\$2,071,827) 34,512
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash flows from operating activities:	3,112	90,720	103,879	34,312
Depreciation Other revenues	3,658,438		1,796,070	2,006,696
Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables:				
General accounts Utility accounts	(558,751) (338,038)	(79,198) (35,505)	(267,368) 71,078	1,001 (17,249)
Prepaid expenses Inventory Accounts payable	(2,332,522)	57,291	(2,317,272)	57,586
Wages payable	38,981	(4,204)	34,187	8,084
Leave benefits payable Claims payable	38,000	19,044	16,779	(4,937)
Unearned revenue	53,225	49,701	(29,327)	13,158
Net OPEB obligations	(51,653) (294,968)	(4,674)	(49,177)	(9,985) (60,403)
Net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows		(\$731,016)	(316,730)	(69,493)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$2,740,792	(\$731,016)	\$3,807,814	(\$52,454)

		Governmental
		Activities-
Public	m . 4 . 1	Internal Service
<u>Transit</u>	Totals	Funds
\$32,796	\$43,354,888	\$28,601,734
(8,124,719)	(41,890,031)	(19,315,123)
(, , ,	(3,550,632)	(5,302,113)
	, ,	(127,954)
	(241,012)	
(8,091,923)	(2,326,787)	3,856,544
7,518,556	7,518,556	
571,348	7,729,927	455,925
	(7,614,504)	(151,560)
8,089,904	7,633,979	304,365
(1)	(43,964,144)	(707,079)
(-)	24,211,156	(, ,)
	27,799,709	
	(1,288,891)	
	213,334	
(1)	6,971,164	(707,079)
2,020	252,661	74,626
2,020	252,661	74,626
	12,531,017	3,528,456
	54,792,783	19,903,405
	\$67,323,800	\$23,431,861
(\$7,937,066)	(\$3,500,951) 242,223	\$3,375,407
	-,-	
149,584	7,610,788	1,011,388
		337,484
688	(903,628)	(229,725)
000	(319,714)	(==>,,==)
	(, . ,	20,584
		32,040
(309,776)	(4,844,693)	(685,011)
3,539	80,587	(40,195)
3,299	72,185	275,673
	0/ 555	(47,186)
(250)	86,757	
(358) (1,833)	(115,847) (734,494)	(193,915)
(\$8,091,923)	(\$2,326,787)	\$3,856,544



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

REDEVELOPMENT (RDA) OBLIGATION RETIREMENT PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND

The Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the successor agency activities of the former City redevelopment agency. On February 1, 2012, all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and cased to operate as legal entities. All assets and liabilities of the City's former redevelopment agency were transferred to the Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Private-Purpose Trust Fund effective February 1, 2012.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the Entity-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

CITY OF DAVIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	RDA Obligation Retirement Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$2,636,849	\$9,448,471
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 4)	16,998,423	2,247,308
Accounts receivable		335,995
Loans receivable (Note 19D)	214,455	
Accrued interest receivable	<u> </u>	4,356
Total Assets	19,849,727	\$12,036,130
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		\$1,195,371
Wages payable	\$3,518	
Interest payable (Note 19E)	459,468	
Deposits payable		50,000
Long-term debt, due in one year (Note 19F)	1,225,000	
Due to members		2,296,208
Due to bondholders		8,494,551
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 19F)	36,895,837	
Total Liabilities	38,583,823	\$12,036,130
NET POSITION	(\$18,734,096)	

CITY OF DAVIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	RDA Obligation Retirement Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Property tax revenues Investment earnings	\$3,724,180 49,600
Total additions	3,773,780
DEDUCTIONS	
Program expenses Interest and fiscal charges	144,149 2,288,069
Total deductions	2,432,218
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	1,341,562
Beginning net position	(20,075,658)
Ending net position	(\$18,734,096)



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Davis is a municipal corporation operating under the general laws of the State of California, under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire); community planning and development; water, wastewater, and sanitation utilities; transportation; recreation, cultural and social assistance; and general administration services.

The City is governed by a five-member council elected by City residents. The City is legally separate and fiscally independent, which means it can issue debt, set and modify budgets and fees, and sue or be sued. These financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

Primary Government

The financial statements of the primary government of the City of Davis include the activities of the City as well as the Public Facilities Financing Authority, both of which are controlled by and dependent on the City. While the Public Facilities Financing Authority is a separate legal entity, its financial activities are integral to those of the City, and its financial activities have been aggregated and merged (termed "blending") with those of the primary government of the City in the accompanying financial statements.

Blended Component Unit

The Public Facilities Financing Authority was established solely to assist the City in the issuance of certain bonds for a series of Community Facilities Districts under the State Mello-Roos Act for the construction of infrastructure and improvements. The Authority is controlled by and financially dependent on the City; its financial activities are included in the Capital Projects Fund and Fiduciary Fund. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A. These Standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-Wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City and its component units). These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

C. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. Major governmental and business-type funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined, and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used for all general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The general fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

LOW/MOD HOUSING FUND

This special revenue fund is used to develop, rehabilitate, and preserve affordable housing that serves households from extremely low to moderate incomes. This fund is funded by Federal HOME and Supportive Housing Grants and is used to account for housing assets of the former City Redevelopment Agency upon acceptance of the Housing Successor role by the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

OPEN SPACE FUND

This special revenue fund accounts for revenue from the Open Space Preservation Tax. Such tax revenues are restricted to fund open space preservation and acquisition.

DEVELOPMENT DEFERRED IMPROVEMENT FUND

This special revenue fund accounts for restricted revenues from fees collected from property developers at the time of subdivision for specific major offsite public improvements that impose a burden cost on the newly developed areas and that will be constructed at a later date.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS:

The City reported all its enterprise funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

WATER FUND

This fund accounts for the provision of water services to residents of the City and some residents of the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance and billing, and collection.

SANITATION FUND

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the various agreements entered into by the City relating to sanitation operations.

SEWER FUND

This fund accounts for the provision of sewer services to residents of the City and some residents of the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

STORM SEWER FUND

This fund accounts for the provision of storm drain services to residents of the City and some residents of the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

PUBLIC TRANSIT FUND

This fund accounts for special transportation funds derived from the City's share of motor fuel revenue to pay contracted transportation services. This fund includes legally restricted items approved in the City's Transportation Development Act claim.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds account for general services, building maintenance, City's self-insurance and Employee Benefits Fund; all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS:

The City reported the following fiduciary funds, which are excluded from the government-wide financial statement, and are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

REDEVELOPMENT (RDA) OBLIGATION RETIREMENT PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND

The Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the successor agency activities of the former City redevelopment agency. On February 1, 2012, all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities. All assets and liabilities of the City's former redevelopment agency were transferred to the Redevelopment (RDA) Obligation Retirement Private-Purpose Trust Fund effective February 1, 2012.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for Public Facilities Financing Authority, Mello Roos Community Facilities District, University Research Park, Special Assessment Parking District #3, the Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency JPA and Cannery Community Facilities District and Debt Service Fund.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when *earned* and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Those revenues susceptible to accrual include but are not limited to property taxes, use of money and property revenue, charges for services and fines and penalties. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue.

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

E. Utility Service Billing

The City bills and collects service charges for water, sanitation, sewer and storm sewer service. The City's utility accounts for sewer, sanitation and storm sewer are billed flat rates for services on a monthly basis, on the 1st of the month. Water is billed on a consumption basis in arrears for the prior month. The City also collects two additional charges for general government purposes, a Municipal Service Tax, and Public Safety charge, on the bills with the utility services. Utility billing for all services charges types are included in a single bill on each billing date.

The City has recorded all utility accounts receivable outstanding at June 30, 2017, and has deferred revenue recognition on the June 28, 2017, monthly billing, representing July service.

F. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences includes the unused vacation leave and compensatory time off, which are accrued as earned. No compensation is payable for sick leave. For governmental funds, a liability for these amounts is recorded only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The remaining amounts are reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary funds' liability for compensated absences is recorded in and liquidated by each proprietary fund. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually.

G. Property Tax

Yolo County assesses properties and bills, collects, and distributes actual property taxes collected to the City five times per year. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on January 1 of the preceding fiscal year.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1 and March 1, and becomes a lien on those dates. It becomes delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1, and becomes delinquent on August 31. The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land, and buildings. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue and receivables in the fiscal year of levy.

CITY OF DAVIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the enterprise and internal service funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, and their equity in the City's pooled investments to be cash equivalents.

I. Inventories

Inventories are recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased and includes items such as materials, parts, and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market and are accounted for using the first-in first-out method with cost determined using the average cost method. Inventories, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance designation to indicate they do not constitute resources available for appropriation.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Capital Assets

Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date contributed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Generally capital assets acquisitions in excess of \$25,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of greater than three years, and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements	10-40 years
Vehicles	3-20 years
Computers	5-7 years
Equipment	3-20 years
Streets	25-40 years
Parks and Greenbelts	20-50 years
Belt and Pedestrian Pathways	30-75 years
Utility Underground Systems	20-50 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Capitalized Interest

For the City's business-type activities, interest costs relating to the acquisition or construction of capital assets are capitalized as a component of the cost of the capital assets. In situations where the construction of capital assets is financed with proceeds from tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on investment proceeds over the same period. In situations where the construction of capital assets is financed with proceeds from taxable debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by applying the specific or otherwise determined borrowing rate to the average accumulated expenditures pertaining to the project, including previously any capitalized interest on incomplete projects. Under both methods, interest is only capitalized up to the amount of interest incurred during the fiscal year.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an expense/expenditure until then.

This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: intergovernmental and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

N. Net Position

The government-wide, business type activities, and fiduciary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. These classifications are described below.

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value (net of depreciation) of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, enabling legislation, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and assets restricted to low-and-moderate-income housing purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position which is not restricted to use.

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Fund Balance

The City's fund balances are classified in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which requires the City to classify its fund balances based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed, or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution, both of which are equally binding), of the City Council which may be altered only by the same formal action of the City Council. Formal action must be taken prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed only by the City Council and may be changed at the discretion of only the City Council as a designee has not yet been appointed by the City Council. The City did not have assigned fund balances as of June 30, 2017.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted fund balance. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

P. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68. This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. This statement had no impact on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This statement had no impact on the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 77 - Tax Abatement Disclosures. This Statement establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements entered into by state and local governments. The disclosures required by this Statement encompass tax abatements resulting from both (a) agreements that are entered into by the reporting government and (b) agreements that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. This statement had no impact on the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 78 – Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above. This statement had no impact on the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 80 – Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. This statement had no impact on the City's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 82 – Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. This statement had no material impact on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included within level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

R. Closure of Fund

During fiscal year 2017, the City closed the Downtown Area Capital Revitalization Non-Major Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 2 – DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The following funds have deficit fund equity:

Special Revenue Fund	
TDA Non- Transit Use	\$307,927
Proprietary Fund	_
Sanitation	\$808,925
Internal Service Funds	
City Self-Insurance	\$991,035
Employee Benefits	2,006,264

NOTE 3 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated Absences - The long-term portion of the liability for vested vacation, time off in lieu of overtime and sick pay for governmental fund type operations is recorded as compensated absences in the government-wide financial statements. The portion expected to be permanently liquidated (matured due to termination) is recorded in the governmental funds. Vested vacation and sick pay of proprietary fund type operations is recorded in the respective proprietary fund type. Compensated absences attributable to governmental funds are typically liquidated by the General Fund. Compensated Absences are presented below as of June 30, 2017:

The changes in compensated absences were as follow:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Beginning Balance	\$2,501,338	\$449,977	\$2,951,315
Additions	2,802,414	488,338	3,290,752
Payments	(2,697,274)	(416,153)	(3,113,427)
Ending Balance	\$2,606,478	\$522,162	\$3,128,640
Current Portion	\$386,490	\$522,162	\$908,652

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Policies

The City invests in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced in paper form called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. In order to maximize security, the City employs the Trust Department of a bank as the custodian of all City managed investments, regardless of their form.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110 percent of the City's cash on deposit or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150 percent of the City's cash on deposit as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in an investment pool by an independent financial institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution pledging the collateral.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of average daily cash and investment balances in these funds. Interest income on certain investments is allocated based on the source of the investment and legal requirements which apply.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City, and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government.

Code of the City's investment policy. The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments for all funds except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures.

The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following:

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Credit	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	of Portfolio	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	5 years	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Agency Obligations	5 years	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	No Limit	40%	*
Commercial Paper	270	P-1 or A-1	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2 years	No Limit	30%	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Program	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit	\$65 million per account
California Asset Management Program	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	No Limit	30%	No Limit
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	A	30%	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	No Limit	AAA	20%	10%
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	A	20%	No Limit
Supranational Obligations	5 years	AA	30%	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
Security Transactions	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit

^{*} No more than \$5 million.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures, or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investment held by fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations on the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality
Federal Securities U.S. Government Obligations	No limit No limit	N/A N/A
U.S. Government Sponsored Obligations	No limit	N/A
Banker's Acceptances	360 days	A-1+
Money Market Account	N/A	Aam - AAAm
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	AAAm
FDIC Insured Deposits	1 year	N/A
Investment Agreements	No limit	AA - AAAm
Commercial Paper	None to 270 days	A-1 - A-1+
State Obligations:		
General Obligations:	N/A	Α
General Short-Term Obligations	No limit	A-1
Special Revenue Bonds	No limit	AA
Federal Funds	360 to 365 days	A-1
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	A
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A
Pre-Refunded Municipal Obligations	No limit	AAA
Any investment meeting the requirement for "hedge bond" status	N/A	N/A

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below, based on whether or not their use is restricted under the terms of City debt instruments or City agreements. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

City Cash and Investments in Primary Government:	
Cash and investments	\$147,101,178
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,681,742
Total City Cash and Investments in Primary Government	148,782,920
Cash and Investments in Fiduciary Funds	
Cash and investments	12,085,320
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	19,245,731
Total Fiduciary Funds Cash and Investments	31,331,051
Total Cash and Investments	\$180,113,971
Cash and Investments as of June 30, 2017, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand	12,575
Cash with financial institutions	887,575
Investments	179,213,821
Total Cash and Investments	\$180,113,971

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the higher the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

Investment Type	12 months or less	13 to 24 months	25 to 60 months	Total

Held by City:				
California Asset Management Program	\$2,076,110			\$2,076,110
California Local Agency Investment Fund	106,177,556			106,177,556
Certificates of Deposit	1,025,299			1,025,299
U.S. Treasury	3,841,491	\$6,044,278	\$17,249,160	27,134,929
U.S. Agency Securities		669,470	3,493,535	4,163,005
Corporate Notes	1,854,295	604,408	4,259,565	6,718,268
Commercial Paper	4,982,482			4,982,482
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	445,084	3,412,781		3,857,865
Asset-Backed Securities			2,150,841	2,150,841
Held by Trustees:				
Mondy Market	20,927,466			20,927,466
Total investments	\$141,329,783	\$10,730,937	\$27,153,101	\$179,213,821

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain State funds, United States Treasury Notes and Bills and floating rate securities issued by Federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, and corporations. On June 30, 2017, these investments matured in an average of 194 days.

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. The pool's investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports its investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share in accordance with GASB 79 requirements. At June 30, 2017, the fair value approximated is the City's cost. On June 30, 2017, these investments matured in an average of 49 days.

The City, as a CAMP shareholder, may withdraw all or any portion of the funds in its CAMP account at any time by redeeming shares. The CAMP Declaration of Trust permits the CAMP trustee to suspend the right of withdrawal from CAMP or to postpone the date of payment of redemption proceeds if the New York Stock Exchange is closed other than for customary weekend and holiday closings, if trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted, or if, in the opinion of the CAMP trustees, an emergency exists such that disposal of the CAMP pool securities or determination of its net asset value is not reasonably practicable. If the right of withdrawal is suspended, the City may either withdraw its request for that withdrawal or receive payment based on the net asset value of the CAMP pool next determined after termination of the suspension of the right of withdrawal.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

F. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorized its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2017

Investments by Fair Value Level:	Level 1	Level 2	Total
U.S. Treasury	\$27,134,929		\$27,134,929
U.S. Agency Securities		\$4,163,005	4,163,005
Corporate Notes		6,718,268	6,718,268
Commercial Paper		4,982,482	4,982,482
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit		3,857,865	3,857,865
Asset-Backed Securities		2,150,841	2,150,841
Total Investments	\$27,134,929	\$21,872,461	49,007,390
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value Per Share: California Asset Management Program			2,076,110
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:			
Money Market Mutual Fund			20,927,466
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)			106,177,556
Certificates of Deposit			1,025,299
Cash in banks and on hand			900,150
Total Cash and investments			\$180,113,971

U.S. Treasury Obligations classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset. U.S. Agency Securities, Corporate Notes, Commercial Paper, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit and Asset-Backed Securities, classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, are valued using pricing techniques or matrix pricing or market corroborated pricing, with inputs such as yield curves or indices. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by our custodian bank. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Investment Type	AAAm/ Aaa	Aal - Aa3	Al-A3	Baal	P-l	Total
Held by City:						
California Asset Management Program	\$2,076,110					\$2,076,110
U.S. Treasury	27,134,929					27,134,929
U.S. Agency Securities	4,163,005					4,163,005
Corporate Notes	305,777	\$715,949	\$4,769,306	\$927,236		6,718,268
Commercial Paper					\$4,982,482	4,982,482
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit		2,242,247	1,170,534		445,084	3,857,865
Asset-Backed Securities	2,150,841					2,150,841
Held by Trustees:						
Money Market	20,927,466					20,927,466
	\$56,758,128	\$2,958,196	\$5,939,840	\$927,236	\$5,427,566	
Not rated:						
California Local Agency Investment Fund						106,177,556
Certificates of Deposit						1,025,299
Total investments						179,213,821

H. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code has provisions for financial institutions that limit custodial credit risk for deposits. Financial institutions are required to secure deposits made by State or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits. The City's financial institutions also have insurance through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The City's investment policy has no additional provisions for limiting custodial credit risk for deposits.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2017, the following funds have balances due to the Development Deferred Improvement Fund to temporarily fund short-term cash flow needs.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Development Deferred Improvement Fund	Non Major Governmental Funds	\$518,093
	Public Transit Enterprise Fund	3,178,627
	Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund	2,123,855
		\$5,820,575

All balances pertain to short-term loans to cover cash shortages as of June 30, 2017. The City expects these balances to be repaid in fiscal year 2017-18.

B. Interfund Advances

At June 30, 2017, the following funds had made advances which were not expected to be repaid within the next year.

Fund Making Advance	Fund Receiving Advance	Amount of Advance
General Services Internal Services Fund	Storm Sewer Enterprise Fund	\$336,695
		\$336,695

Storm Sewer Enterprise Funds make annual principal and interest payment on July 1, with final repayment by fiscal year 2023.

C. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the government-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

NOTE 6 – LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLES

Loans receivable, including accrued interest, comprised balances from the following programs, all of which are discussed below:

	Balance at
Loans Receivable:	June 30, 2017
Davis Mutual Housing Association	\$4,913,250
New Harmony Loan	8,913,045
Windmere II	1,105,186
Walnut Terrace	3,474,055
Tremont Green	2,722,379
Moore Village	3,811,415
Eleanor Roosevelt	4,250,000
Oakshade East	1,571,197
Davis Diamonds	73,884
Other Commercial Rehabilitation	
Housing Rehabilitation, and Affordable Housing	1,000,000
Community Housing Opportunities Corporation	1,119,055
Davis Musical Theater	37,582
Employee Computer Loans	58,531
Total Loans Receivable - Governmental Activities	33,049,579
Mortgages Receivable	322,764
Total Loans and Mortgages Receivable	\$33,372,343

A. Davis Mutual Housing Association

The former Redevelopment Agency (Agency) and the City entered into two agreements with the Davis Mutual Housing Association (the Association) for affordable housing. Under the terms of the first agreement, the City loaned \$3,950,000 to assist in the development of affordable housing located at 3023 Albany Avenue. This agreement is guaranteed by four promissory notes based on different funding sources. These notes bear no annual interest. One of the promissory notes in the amount of \$807,396 requires monthly payments of \$1,346 that began on January 10, 2002, with a final payment of \$1,142 on January 10, 2052. The other three promissory notes require a total monthly payment of \$5,239, beginning January 10, 2006, with a total final payment of \$4,443 on January 10, 2056.

Under the terms of the second agreement, the City loaned \$1,271,190 to the Association to develop an affordable multi-family housing project consisting of thirty-six units. This note bears 3 percent interest and payments are to be made from residual cash flows. The remaining outstanding principal will be due on May 21, 2033.

Both agreements are secured by deeds of trust. As of June 30, 2017, the Association had a remaining balance of \$4,913,250.

NOTE 6 – LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (Continued)

B. New Harmony Loan

The City and the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis entered into an agreement with New Harmony, LLP to construct and operate a 69-unit residential rental property at the corner of Cowbell Boulevard and Drummond Avenue for low-income and very-low-income housing. These notes are secured by a Deed of Trust. The term of this note is fifty-five years bearing a simple interest rate of 3 percent. The outstanding balance of principal and unpaid accrued interest of this Loan shall be due and payable in full upon the maturity date. Funds used for this project were provided by grant funds from HOME funds and the Low/Mod Housing Fund. The amount of funds available under this agreement is \$9,579,195. As of June 30, 2017, the loan amount outstanding is \$8,913,045.

C. Windmere II

The former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis entered into two agreements with Windmere II for affordable housing. Under the terms of the first agreement, the Agency loaned \$445,000 to assist in the development of affordable housing located at 3100 Fifth Street. The note bears 3 percent simple interest. Annual interest only payments begin July 1, 2000. Commencing July 1, 2005, principal and interest payments are due annually with final payment expected in 2035. Under the terms of the second agreement, the Agency loaned \$148,000 to assist in the development of affordable housing located at 3100 Fifth Street. The note bears 3 percent simple interest and payments are to be made from residual cash flows. Annual interest only payments began July 1, 2000.

The City also entered into two agreements with Windmere II for affordable housing. Under the terms of the first agreement, the City loaned \$476,190 to assist in the development of affordable housing located at 3100 Fifth Street. The note bears 3 percent simple interest. Payments are to be made from residual cash flow. Under the terms of the second agreement, the City loaned \$151,824 to assist in the development of affordable housing located at 3100 Fifth Street. The note bears 3 percent simple interest and payments are to be made from residual cash flows. Annual interest only payments began July 1, 2001.

Commencing July 1, 2005, annual principal and interest payments are due with final payment expected in 2035. Both agreements are secured by deeds of trust. The balance of the loans receivable arising from these notes at June 30, 2017 was \$1,105,186.

D. Walnut Terrace

The former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis entered into an agreement with Walnut Terrace Limited Partnership (formerly called Yolo Mutual Housing Association) for affordable housing. Under the terms of the agreement, the Agency loaned \$2,108,792 interest free to assist in the development of affordable senior multi-family housing project consisting of thirty units located at 3101 Fifth Street. Subsequently, Walnut Terrace Limited secured other financing and repaid \$278,372 to the Agency. If the project generates any residual cash flow, 100 percent of the residual cash flow shall be paid to the Agency in the form of an annual payment, commencing November 1, 2005. All unpaid principal is due on November 1, 2060. The agreement is secured by a deed of trust.

CITY OF DAVIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 6 - LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The City also entered into another loan agreement with Walnut Terrace Limited Partnership. Under the terms of this agreement, the City loaned \$2,251,208 interest free to assist in the development of the same project discussed above. Subsequently, Walnut Terrace Limited secured other financing and repaid \$607,573 to the City. If the project generates any residual cash flow, 100 percent of the residual cash flow shall be paid to the City in the form of an annual payment, commencing November 1, 2005. All unpaid principal is due on November 1, 2060. The agreement is secured by a deed of trust. The balance of the loans receivable arising from these notes at June 30, 2017 was \$3,474,055.

E. Tremont Green

The former Redevelopment Agency and the City of Davis entered into an agreement with Yolo Mutual Housing Association for affordable housing. Under the terms of the agreement, the Agency and the City loaned \$2,722,379 for construction of a thirty-six unit residential rental property located at El Macero Estates. The note bears 3 percent interest. If the project generates any residual cash flow, principal and interest payments are due annually with final payment expected in 2058. The agreement is secured by a deed of trust. The balance of the loan receivable arising from this note at June 30, 2017 was \$2,722,379.

F. Moore Village

The former Redevelopment Agency and the City of Davis entered into an agreement with Yolo Mutual Housing Association for affordable housing. Under the terms of the agreement, the Agency and the City loaned \$3,811,415 for construction of a fifty-nine unit apartment complex. The note bears 3 percent simple interest. If the project generates any residual cash flow, principal and interest payments are due annually with final payment expected in 2059. The agreement is secured by a deed of trust. The balance of the loan receivable arising from this note at June 30, 2017 was \$3,811,415.

G. Eleanor Roosevelt

The former Redevelopment Agency and the City of Davis entered into an agreement with Davis Senior Housing Cooperative for affordable housing. Under the terms of the agreement, the Agency and City of Davis have approved a loan in the amount not to exceed \$4,250,000 for the construction of a sixty-unit senior residential rental property. The note bears no interest for the first fifteen years, 6 percent simple interest for the next fifteen years, and 3 percent simple interest for the remaining twenty five years. The payments are to be made from residual cash flow. Commencing December 2020, annual principal and interest payments are due with final payment expected in 2060. The loan is secured by a deed of trust. The balance of the loan receivable arising from this note at June 30, 2017 was \$4,250,000.

H. Oakshade East

The former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis entered into an agreement with Yolo Mutual Housing Association and Sacramento Mutual Housing Association to develop 60 to 70 affordable two, three, and four bedroom apartments. Under terms of the agreement the Agency loaned the associations \$900,000. The note bears simple interest at 3 percent. If the projects generate any residual cash flow, principle and interest payments are due annually with final payment expected in 2065. The balance of the loan receivable arising from this note, including accrued interests, was \$1,571,197 at June 30, 2017.

NOTE 6 - LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (Continued)

I. Davis Diamonds

The City of Davis entered into an agreement with Davis DISC LP, a California Limited Partnership, to develop a new gymnastics facility on the vacant land parcel 2800 Cowell Boulevard, owned by DISC LP. Under terms of the agreement, the City loaned the partnership \$98,427. The loan accrues interest at the rate of 6 percent. The loan is secured by deeds of trust. The balance of the loan receivable was \$73,884 at June 30, 2017.

J. Other Commercial Rehabilitation, Housing Rehabilitation, and Affordable Housing

Prior to the dissolution of the City's former Redevelopment Agency, the City and the Redevelopment Agency were engaged in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans were provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the terms of the loan agreements. The balance of the loans receivable arising from these programs at June 30, 2017 was \$1,000,000.

K. Community Housing Opportunities Corporation

The City entered into multiple agreements with Community Housing Opportunities Corporation, a California nonprofit public benefit Corporation for the acquisition, rehabilitation and construction of 61 affordable housing rental units. All of the units are rented to households with income that is 80% or less of the area median income, with 27 of the units restricted to households with income that is 50% or less of the area median income. Under the terms of the various agreements, the Agency has loaned the Corporation (TOTAL). The note for the acquisition of the Rosa Parks property (\$245,000) bears no interest and the balance of the loan is due on sale of the property. The note for the rehabilitation of Rosa Parks Apartments (\$50,660), for the installation of new HVAC units, bears simple interest at 3 percent and will be due on December 16, 2064. The note for Olive Court Apartments (\$100,000) bears simple interest at 3 percent, and is due May 29, 2028. The note on the acquisition and rehabilitation of the Homestead Apartments (\$723,394.79), bears simple interest at 3 percent and will be due April 25, 2061. The balance of these loans receivable arising from these notes at June 30, 2017 was \$1,119,055.

L. Other Loan Receivables

The City entered into an agreement with the Davis Musical Theatre Company to provide an unsecured loan to assist in constructing tenant improvements to the building and converting it into a theatre. The original principal balance was \$50,000 and bears interest at 4.8 percent. It was to be repaid through monthly installments of \$261.43 beginning on April 1, 2005, with a balloon payment in December 2007. The loan was delinquent at June 30, 2010. On February 2, 2011, the City agreed to restructure the loan on the unpaid balance of \$48,506 and the new interest rate is 2 percent. The terms of the loan state that principal and interest payments of \$245.39 are to be made monthly until March 5, 2031. The balance of the loan as of June 30, 2017 was \$37,582.

The City began a loan program to assist its employees with the purchase of personal computers. These loans are for a maximum of \$3,000 for loans given before June 30, 2007. In June 2007, the City reduced the maximum computer loan to \$2,000 and added a bicycle loan program with the same parameters as the computer loan program. These loans bear no interest and are repaid by monthly deductions from the employee paychecks. As of June 30, 2017, the loans outstanding amounted to \$58,531.

NOTE 6 – LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLES (Continued)

M. Mortgage Receivables

The City has an agreement with the developers of low-to-moderate-income housing to defer certain developer fees so those houses can be sold at a lower cost to the home buyers. This fee is collected from the homeowners by the City, and is considered a loan. These loans are secured by second trust deeds on the property. Although these mortgages are expected to be repaid in full, their balance has been offset by deferred revenue or a restriction of fund balance, as they are not expected to be repaid during the next fiscal year. The balance of all the mortgages receivables at June 30, 2017 was \$322,764.

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Capital Asset Additions and Retirements

Capital assets activity of governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Balance at June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$56,067,498	\$419,533			\$56,487,031
Construction in Progress	16,194,157	6,448,928		(\$5,061,340)	17,581,745
Total capital assets not being depreciated	72,261,655	6,868,461		(5,061,340)	74,068,776
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	29,230,126				29,230,126
Improvements	15,426,820	33,800		1,211,135	16,671,755
Vehicles	8,560,648	782,727	(\$893,203)		8,450,172
Computer and Equipment	2,325,316	304,735	(123,193)	694,380	3,201,238
Infrastructure					
Streets	259,057,674				259,057,674
Parks and Greenbelts	65,017,805			3,155,825	68,173,630
Bike and Pedestrian Pathways	15,341,499				15,341,499
Total capital assets being depreciated	394,959,888	1,121,262	(1,016,396)	5,061,340	400,126,094
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(11,813,795)	(575,800)			(12,389,595)
Improvements	(5,494,186)	(653,178)			(6,147,364)
Vehicles	(5,966,307)	(792,303)	808,632		(5,949,978)
Computer and Equipment	(2,089,492)	(137,913)	123,193		(2,104,212)
Infrastructure					
Streets	(144,079,300)	(4,971,936)			(149,051,236)
Parks and Greenbelts	(42,345,615)	(747,387)			(43,093,002)
Bike and Pedestrian Pathways	(12,619,558)	(73,375)			(12,692,933)
Total accumulated depreciation	(224,408,253)	(7,951,892)	931,825		(231,428,320)
Net capital assets being depreciated	170,551,635	(6,830,630)	(84,571)	5,061,340	168,697,774
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$242,813,290	\$37,831	(\$84,571)		\$242,766,550

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets activity of business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Balance at 6/30/2017
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$21,783,379				\$21,783,379
Construction in Progress					
City's Share of JPA project costs	61,642,334	\$28,662,637	(\$24,211,156)	(\$23,465,614)	42,628,201
Other	74,483,479	15,235,529	(2,680,139)	(\$315,225)	86,723,644
Total capital assets not being depreciated	157,909,192	43,898,166	(26,891,295)	(23,780,839)	151,135,224
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	4,226,505				4,226,505
Water Wells, Pumps and Related Assets	70,418,518	2,680,138			73,098,656
Water Distribution System	61,228,200				61,228,200
Sewer Treatment Plant	44,444,902				44,444,902
Sewer Pipes and Pipelines	36,077,312			315,225	36,392,537
Drainage Facilities	101,483,928				101,483,928
Equipment	11,690,981	65,979			11,756,960
Intangible Assets		F-40-1-40-1-40-1-40-1-40-1-40-1-40-1-40-	was commenced and the commence	23,465,614	23,465,614
Net capital assets being depreciated	329,570,346	2,746,117	**************************************	23,780,839	356,097,302
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(1,770,995)	(103,189)			(1,874,184)
Water Wells, Pumps and Related Assets	(28,700,983)	(1,291,802)			(29,992,785)
Water Distribution System	(23,209,624)	(1,304,802)			(24,514,426)
Sewer Treatment Plant	(29,962,710)	(887,066)			(30,849,776)
Sewer Pipes and Pipe Lines	(15,866,422)	(681,614)			(16,548,036)
Drainage Facilities	(42,468,325)	(2,005,218)			(44,473,543)
Equipment	(6,123,878)	(316,873)			(6,440,751)
Intangible Assets		(1,020,224)			(1,020,224)
Total accumulated depreciation	(148,102,937)	(7,610,788)			(155,713,725)
Net capital assets being depreciated	181,467,409	(4,864,671)		23,780,839	200,383,577
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$339,376,601	\$39,033,495	(\$26,891,295)		\$351,518,801

The City's share of JPA represents the City's contribution for project costs associated with the Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency JPA. The JPA is a legally separate entity. Further details of the JPA are disclosed in Note 16. In fiscal year 2016-17, the Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency JPA reimbursed the City \$24,211,156 of project costs. As a result, the City's share of JPA project costs were reduced by that amount.

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using Federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are required to be accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

C. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program is as follows:

Governmental Activities		
City council		\$8,111
City manager		41,841
Administrative services		3,543
Parks and community ser	vices	2,250,423
Public safety - fire		106,064
Public safety - police		184,481
Public works		5,357,429
	Total Governmental Activities	\$7,951,892
Business-Type Activities		
Water		\$3,658,438
Sewer		1,796,070
Storm sewer		2,006,696
Public transit		149,584
	Total Business-Type Activities	\$7,610,788

NOTE 8 – UNEARNED REVENUE AND DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Governmental funds also delay revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report those as unearned revenue. As of June 30, 2017, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds are as follows:

	Deferred Inflow of		
	Resources-Unavailable	Unearned	Total
Grants, fees, and other receipts received			
prior to meeting all eligibility requirements		\$1,151,247	\$1,151,247
Receivables collected after the			
60-day period of availability	\$1,277,561		1,277,561
Second mortgage loans not available within			
60-day period of availability	241,055		241,055
Total Governmental Funds	\$1,518,616	\$1,151,247	\$2,669,863

CITY OF DAVIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE AND DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS (Continued)

Proprietary funds also delay revenue recognition in connection with resources have been received, but not yet earned and report those as unearned revenue. As of June 30, 2017, the unearned revenue reported in proprietary funds are \$2,404,959.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

A. The City's Long-Term Debt

The City's long-term debt activities for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017	Current Portion
Governmental Activity Long-Term Debt:					
State Revolving Fund Loan #5 - Energy Conservation					
1.0%, due 6/22/32		\$1,428,745		\$1,428,745	
Total Governmental Activity Long-Term Debt		\$1,428,745		\$1,428,745	
, ,					
	Balance			Balance	Current
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2017	Portion
Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt:					
State Revolving Fund Loan #3					
1.5%, due 10/1/48	\$20,020,335	\$14,483,762		\$34,504,097	
State Revolving Fund Loan #4					
1.6%, due 12/31/48	8,061,394	13,315,947		21,377,341	
East Area Water Storage Tank Loan					
4.0%, due 8/1/38	8,747,699		\$238,891	8,508,808	\$248,447
Wells Fargo Water Bonds					
Due 6/30/39	28,285,000		895,000	27,390,000	920,000
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt	\$ 65,114,428	\$ 27,799,709	\$ 1,133,891	\$ 91,780,246	\$ 1,168,447

B. Debt Service Requirements

Future principal and interest payments on long-term debt are as follows at June 30, 2017:

Fiscal Year Ending	Govern	mental-Type Activit	ies		Business-type Activ	vities
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2018				\$1,168,447	\$699,706	\$1,868,153
2019	\$86,853	\$28,167	\$115,020	1,203,385	677,333	1,880,718
2020	88,703	26,316	115,019	2,367,226	2,365,847	4,733,073
2021	90,713	24,306	115,019	2,393,226	2,365,847	4,759,073
2022	92,672	22,349	115,021	2,477,255	2,293,292	4,770,547
2023-2027	493,400	81,697	575,097	13,766,180	10,320,396	24,086,576
2028-2032	576,404	113,704	690,108	16,260,736	8,251,688	24,512,424
2033-2037	-	-	-	19,040,969	5,943,240	24,984,209
2038-2042	-	-	-	15,153,741	3,526,667	18,680,408
2043-2047	-	-	-	12,469,817	1,776,431	14,246,248
2048-2049		-		5,479,264	219,240	5,698,504
Total	\$1,428,745	\$296,539	\$1,725,284	\$91,780,246	\$38,439,687	\$130,219,933

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

C. Description of the City's Long-Term Debt Issues

State Revolving Fund Loan #5 – On July 10, 2015, the City entered into a contract to borrow funds from the State of California Energy Commission. The funds are being used for an energy savings project, including bike path and pedestrian path lights with LED fixtures. The maximum loan amount is \$3,000,000, of which the City had drawn \$1,428,745. The loan bears interest at 1.0 percent per year for a term of thirty years. As of June 30, 2017, the City owed \$1,428,745 on the loan.

State Revolving Fund Loan #3 — The City entered into a contract in December 2014 to borrow funds from the State Water Resources Control Board. The funds are being used for a Davis Wastewater Treatment Plant Secondary and Tertiary Improvements project to meet the City's future wastewater treatment needs. The maximum loan amount is \$81,057,000, of which the City had drawn \$34,504,097. The loan bears interest at 1.5 percent per year for a term of thirty years. As of June 30, 2017, the City owed \$34,504,097 on the loan.

State Revolving Fund Loan #4 — The City entered into a contract in July 2015 to borrow funds from the State Water Resources Control Board. The funds are being used for a Clean Water Revolving Fund project to distribute a new source of drinking water to the City of Davis residents. The maximum loan amount is \$35,500,000, of which the City had drawn \$21,377,341. The loan bears interest at 1.6 percent per year for a term of thirty years. As of June 30, 2017, the City owed \$21,377,341 on the loan.

East Area Water Storage Tank Loan – In July 2009, City Council executed an enterprise fund installment sale agreement with the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank. The funds are to provide financing for the East Area Tank and other components of the Davis Wells Capacity EIR project. The maturity date for the loan is August 1, 2038, in the amount not to exceed \$10,000,000. The note bears an interest rate of 4 percent per annum. During fiscal year 2011-2012, the City made a final draw of \$2,577,084 in funds associated with this installment sale agreement resulting in the maximum amount of the loan \$10,000,000 being drawn. As of June 30, 2017, the City owed \$8,508,808 on the loan.

Wells Fargo 2013 Water Revenue Bonds – In October 2013, the City of Davis Public Facilities Financing Authority executed an installment purchase agreement issuing \$30,000,000 in water revenue bonds for the purpose providing financing for engineering and planning costs of a surface water supply acquisition and treatment project, part of the Woodland-Davis Water Supply Capital Improvement Project. The outstanding principal balance on the bonds as of June 30, 2017 is \$27,390,000.

NOTE 10 - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT WITHOUT CITY COMMITMENT

Special Assessment Districts in various parts of the City have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their boundaries. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by these Districts, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt is not included as long-term debt of the City. The outstanding balance of each of these issues as of June 30, 2017, is as follows:

Description	Issue Year	Maturity Year	Outstanding June 30, 2017
University Research Park Improvement \$2,265,000 original principal	1993	2018	\$350,000
Community Facilities District No. 1991-2 \$14,115,000 original principal	2007	2025	8,600,000
Public Facilities Financing Authority \$9,570,000 original principal	2009	2030	9,050,000
Community Facilities District No. 2015-01 \$9,665,000 original principal	2015	2045	9,665,000
2016 Special Tax Refunding Bonds (Community Facilities District No. 2007-2)* \$4,342,128 original principal	2017	2037	4,342,128
Total			\$32,007,128

^{*}The issuance of the 2016 Special Tax Refunding Bonds refunded the Community Facilities District No. 2007-02 (East Davis Mace Ranch Area II) Special Tax Bond that were outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,730,000.

NOTE 11– CLASSIFICATION OF FUND BALANCE

Detailed classifications of the City's fund balances, as of June 30, 2017, are below.

Fund Balance Classifications	General Fund	Low/Mod Housing	Open Space	Development Deferred Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendables:						
Items not in spendable form:						
Loans Receivable	\$130,309		N			\$130,309
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	130,309					130,309
Restricted for:						
Child Care Services					\$472,753	472,753
Development Services				\$1,413,414	Ψ472,733	1,413,414
Roadways and Street Improvements				10,563,320	1,248,527	11,811,847
Parks			\$4,861,948	5,390,407	89,539	10,341,894
Public Safety			. , ,	2,886,746	,	2,886,746
General Facilities				1,112,705		1,112,705
Open Space				1,485,345		1,485,345
Grants				. ,	2,544,250	2,544,250
Public Facilities					220,828	220,828
Land Acquisition					1,578,384	1,578,384
District Improvements					1,229,718	1,229,718
Low-Income Housing		\$33,234,961				33,234,961
Total Restricted Fund Balances		33,234,961	4,861,948	22,851,937	7,383,999	68,332,845
Committed to:						
Municipal Arts					58,024	58,024
Public Safety					10,867	10,867
In-Lieu-of Parking and Parking					643,305	643,305
Agriculture Land Acquisition					403,742	403,742
Cable TV					1,583,666	1,583,666
Building and Planning					876,282	876,282
Other Special Revenue Projects					6,055	6,055
Total Committed Fund Balances				1	3,581,941	3,581,941
Unassigned:						
General Fund	23,119,561				(20 2 05 2 1	23,119,561
Other Fund Deficit Residuals					(307,927)	(307,927)
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	23,119,561				(307,927)	22,811,634
Total Fund Balances	\$23,249,870	\$33,234,961	\$4,861,948	\$22,851,937	\$10,658,013	\$94,856,729

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's pension plans (Plans) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

A. General Information and Summary of Balances by Plan

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) cost-sharing or Miscellaneous (all other) agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Below is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources, net pension liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources by Plan for the year ended June 30, 2017:

		Net Pension	
	D (1	Liability/	D (1
	Deferred	Proportionate	Deferred
	Outflows	Share of Net	Inflows
	of Resources	Pension Liability	of Resources
Miscellaneous	\$17,419,575	\$65,169,338	\$6,630,877
Safety	12,668,095	44,955,218	2,539,946
Total	\$30,087,670	\$110,124,556	\$9,170,823

B. Miscellaneous Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), Assembly Bill 340, is applicable to employees new to CalPERS and hired after December 31, 2012.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Classic Plan	PEPRA Plan	
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55 or	2.0% @ 62	
	2.5% @ 55		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	52	
	1.426 - 2.418%;		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0 - 2.5%	1.0 - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	8%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates	9.143%	9.143%	

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Employees Covered – At June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation date and the June 30, 2016 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

•	Miscellaneous	
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	356	382
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	289	289
Active employees	249	245
Total	894_	916

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Net Pension Liability - The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2016, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Increase (Decrease)			
Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)	
\$184,686,674	\$128,473,054	\$56,213,620	
2,725,273		2,725,273	
13,776,661		13,776,661	
(1,273,504)		(1,273,504)	
	4,355,132	(4,355,132)	
	1,309,552	(1,309,552)	
	686,326	(686,326)	
	(78,298)	78,298	
(9,377,495)	(9,377,495)		
5,850,935	(3,104,783)	8,955,718	
\$190,537,609	\$125,368,271	\$65,169,338	
	Total Pension Liability \$184,686,674 2,725,273 13,776,661 (1,273,504) (9,377,495) 5,850,935	Total Pension Liability \$184,686,674 \$128,473,054 2,725,273 13,776,661 (1,273,504) 4,355,132 1,309,552 686,326 (78,298) (9,377,495) (9,377,495) 5,850,935 (3,104,783)	

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate the Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	6.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$89,739,890
Current Discount Rate	7.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$65,169,338
1% Increase	8.65%
Net Pension Liability	\$44,775,853

Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized negative pension expense of \$4,372,914. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$6,154,074	
Differences between actual and expected experience		(\$1,341,822)
Changes in assumptions		(831,433)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		
plan investments	11,265,501	(4,457,622)
Total	\$17,419,575	(\$6,630,877)

\$6,154,074 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2018	(\$950,270)
2019	635,213
2020	3,157,912
2021	1,791,769
2022	_
Thereafter	
	\$4,634,624

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. Safety Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan

The City's Safety Plan is part of the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (PERF C), which is administered by CalPERS. PERF C consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Individual employers may sponsor more than one miscellaneous and safety rate plan. The employer participates in one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan regardless of the number of rate plans the employer sponsors. The City sponsors four rate plans (two fire and two police) within the safety risk pool.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public

Employees' Retirement Law. The Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), Assembly Bill 340, is applicable to employees new to CalPERS and hired after December 31, 2012.

The Safety Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

Safety - Fire		
Classic Plan	PEPRA Plan	
3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
5 years service	5 years service	
monthly for life	monthly for life	
50	50	
3%	2-2.7%	
9%	11.25%	
15.768%	0.000%	
	Classic Plan 3.0% @ 50 5 years service monthly for life 50 3% 9%	

	Safety - Police	
	Classic Plan	PEPRA Plan
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3%	2-2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9%	11.25%
Required employer contribution rates	19.544%	12.332%

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the contributions to the Safety Plan were as follows:

	Safety
Contributions - employer	\$1,780,246

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments, are reported at fair value.

As of June 30, 2017, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

Proportionate Share
of Net Pension Liability
\$44,955,218

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2015 and 2016 was as follows:

	Safety	
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.90%	
Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.87%	
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.03%	

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,471,790 for Safety Plan. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pensions for the Safety Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Safety Plan	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$1,780,246	
Differences between actual and expected experience		(\$238,483)
Changes in assumptions		(1,039,805)
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions	5,779,337	(1,261,658)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		
on plan investments	5,108,512	
Total	\$12,668,095	(\$2,539,946)

\$1,780,246 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2018	\$2,700,917
2019	2,186,515
2020	2,130,577
2021	1,329,894
2022	-
Thereafter	
	\$8,347,903

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

-	Safety	
1% Decrease	6.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$62,950,447	
Current Discount Rate	7.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$44,955,218	
1% Increase	8.65%	
Net Pension Liability	\$30,182,978	

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Information Common to the Miscellaneous and Safety Plans

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	All Plans
Valuation Date	June 30, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (2)
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS Membership
	Data for all Funds (3)
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until
	Purchasing Power applies, 0.25%
	thereafter
	thereafter

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) The mortality tables used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS 2014 experience study report available on CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

Change of Assumptions – GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense. All other assumptions for the June 30, 2014 measurement date were the same as those used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65% will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports. See CalPERS website (http://www.calpers.ca.gov/) for details on how to obtain a copy of its financial reports.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

By Council resolution and through agreements with its labor units, the City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees under third-party insurance plans. A summary of eligibility and benefits offered are shown below:

	Retire by December 31, 2015	Retire Jan.1, 2016 through Dec. 31,2025	Refire January 1, 2026 or later
Employees hired before July 1, 1996 with at least 25 years City service.	No change to current benefit (100% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.)	100% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents. Once the employee has transferred to a Medicare plan, the City will pay the Medicare Supplemented/Managed Medicare Monthly rate based on the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.	75% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents. Once the employee has transferred to a Medicare plan, the City will pay the Medicare Supplemented/Managed Medicare Monthly rate based on the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.
Employees hired before July 1, 1996 with less than 25 years City service.	No change to current benefit (100% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.)	75% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents. Once the employee has transferred to a Medicare plan, the City will pay the Medicare Supplemented/Managed Medicare Monthly rate based on the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.	Does not apply.
Employees hired July 1, 1996 through December 31, 2012 with at least 25 years City service.	No change to current benefit (Age 55-59 50% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents, age 60-65 100% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.)	50% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents until age 60. After age 60, 100% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more for dependents. Once the employee has transferred to a Medicare plan, the City will pay the Medicare Supplemented/Managed Medicare Monthly rate based on the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.	50% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or 'more dependents. After age 60, 75% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate employee plus two or more dependents. Once the employee has transferred to a Medicare plan, the City will pay the Medicare Supplemented/Managed Medicare Monthly rate based on the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.
Employees hired July 1,1996 through December 31, 2012 with less than 25 years service.	No change to current benefit (Age 55-59 50% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents, age 60-65 100% of the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.)	50% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents until age 60. After age 60, 75% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents. Once the employee has transferred to a Medicare plan, the City will pay the Medicare Supplemented/Managed Medicare Monthly rate based on the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.	50% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents. After age 60, 75% of the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents. Once the employee has transferred to a Medicare plan, the City will pay the Medicare Supplemented/Managed Medicare Monthly rate based on the CalPERS Kaiser Bay Area rate for employee plus two or more dependents.
Employees hired January 1, 2013 and after	Medicare Supplemented/Managed Med	ticare Monthly rate based on the CaIPERS Kaiser Bay Area n	ate for employee plus one dependent.

As of June 30, 2017, approximately 292 participants were eligible to receive benefits.

Funding Policy and Actuarial Assumptions

The annual required contribution (ARC) was determined as part of a June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. This is a projected benefit cost method, which takes into account those benefits that are expected to be earned in the future as well as those already accrued. The actuarial assumptions shown in the table below include (a) investment rate of return of 7.25%, (b) 3.25 percent projected annual salary increase, (c) 3.00 percent of general inflation increase, and (d) a healthcare trend showing actual premiums paid for 2015 to 5.0 percent for years starting 2021. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision at least biannually as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The City's OPEB unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll using a twenty-eight year closed amortization period.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Concurrent with implementing Statement No. 45, the City Council passed a resolution to participate in the California Employers Retirees Benefit Trust (CERBT), an irrevocable trust established to fund OPEB. CERBT is administrated by CalPERS, and is managed by an appointed board not under the control of City Council. This Trust is not considered a component unit by the City and has been excluded from these financial statements. Separately issued financial statements for CERBT may be obtained from CalPERS at P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

Annual OPEB Cost

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City made contributions toward the ARC amounting to \$8,688,233 to the plan which represented 33% percent of the \$26,127,699 covered payroll. As a result, the City has recorded the net OPEB obligation, representing the difference between the ARC, the amortization of the net OPEB obligation and actual contributions, as presented below:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$6,688,000
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	1,018,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,562,000)
Annual OPEB cost	6,144,000
Contributions made:	
Benefit payments	3,154,016
Trust pre-funding	5,534,217
Total contributions	8,688,233
Net increase (decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation	(2,544,233)
Net OPEB Obligation at June 30, 2016	14,215,630
Net OPEB Obligation at June 30, 2017	\$11,671,397
Percentage of ARC contributed	141%

The Plan's annual OPEB costs and actual contributions for the last three fiscal years are set forth below:

			Percentage of	Net OPEB
	Annual OPEB	Actual	OPEB Cost	Obligation
Fiscal Year	Cost	Contributions	Contributed	(Asset)
June 30, 2015	\$5,951,000	\$6,395,146	107.46%	\$14,659,630
June 30, 2016	6,034,000	6,478,000	107.36%	14,215,630
June 30, 2017	6,144,000	8,688,233	141.41%	11,671,397

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

						Unfunded
			Unfunded			(Overfunded)
		Entry Age	(Overfunded)			Actuarial
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			Liability as
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(A - B)	(A/B)	(C)	[(A - B)/C]
6/30/2015	\$17,678,000	\$74,072,000	\$56,394,000	23.87%	\$27,285,000	206.68%

CITY OF DAVIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Immediately following the notes, in the Required Supplemental Information is a schedule of funding progress displaying a three-year trend information of the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of the annual covered payroll for the City's OPEB plan.

NOTE 14 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City control, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City manages risk by participating in the public entity risk pools described below and by retaining certain risks.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the City's responsibility.

A. Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority (YCPARMIA)

The City is a member of the Yolo County Public Agency Risk Management Insurance Authority (YCPARMIA) which provides coverage for general and auto liability, workers' compensation, property, fidelity, boiler and machinery, and pollution legal liability claims. Once the City's deductible is met, YCPARMIA becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit. In addition, the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA), Fidelity and Deposit of MD, ACE American Insurance Company, Lloyd's of London, and CSAC-EIA, provide coverage for amounts in excess of YCPARMIA's limits. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed \$2,055,232 for coverage.

The contributions made to each risk pool equal the ratio of their respective payrolls to the total payrolls of all entities participating in the same layer of each program, in each program year. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The following types of loss risks are covered by the above authorities under the terms of their respective joint-powers agreements and through commercial insurance policies as follows:

Type of Coverage	Deductible	Coverage Limits
Fidelity Insurance	\$1,000	\$2,000,000
Cyber Liability	0	1,000,000
General Liability	5,000	40,000,000
Auto Liability	5,000	40,000,000
Pollution Legal Liability	0	10,000,000
Property Insurance	1,000	959,357,100
Underground Storage Tank Insurance	25,000	1,000,000
Workers' Compensation Insurance	1,000	Statutory

Financial statements for the risk pools may be obtained from YCPARMIA at 77 West Lincoln Avenue, Woodland, CA 95695, and from CJPRMA at 6140 Stoneridge Mall Road, Suite 389, Pleasanton, California 94588-3235.

For the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the amount of settlement did not exceed insurance coverage.

B. Self-Insurance Internal Service Funds

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires municipalities to record their liability for uninsured claims. As discussed previously, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible or uninsured portion of these claims.

The City's liability for uninsured *General Liability Claims*, including claims incurred but not reported is reported in the City's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. The liability is based on an independent actuarial study prepared annually and was computed as follows for the years ended June 30:

	2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$31,254	\$23,999
Liability for current fiscal year claims and	89,999	80,000
Decrease in estimated liability for prior year claims	(88,894)	(33,230)
Payments made on current year claims	(23,860)	(12,569)
Payments made on prior year claims	8,276	(26,946)
Ending balance	\$16,775	\$31,254
Current Portion	\$16,775	\$31,254

CITY OF DAVIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The change in the *Workers' Compensation Claims* liability, including claims incurred but not reported, is reported in the City's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. This liability is based on an independent actuarial study prepared annually and was computed as follows at June 30:

	2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$10,042	\$5,788
Liability for current fiscal year claims	68,000	63,000
Increase (decrease) in estimated liability for prior year claims	(19,448)	(38,293)
Payments made on current year claims	(24,255)	(19,453)
Payments made on prior year claims	(1,000)	(1,000)
Ending balance	\$33,339	\$10,042
Current Portion	\$33,339	\$10,042

The City's liability for uninsured *Long-Term Disability* claims is reported in the City's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund. The liability is based on a City computed potential future liability adjusted by a present value factor and was computed as follows at June 30:

	2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$290,843	\$329,052
Increase in estimated liability for prior year claims	3,067	36,007
Payments made on prior year claims	(59,071)	(74,216)
Ending balance	\$234,839	\$290,843
Current Portion	\$59,071	\$74,216

NOTE 16 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION / INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency

Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency, a separate joint powers authority, was formed in 2009 between the City of Davis and City of Woodland to coordinate the construction, ownership and operation of the Woodland-Davis Water Supply Capital Improvement Project which is scheduled to be completed in 2016. As defined in the JPA agreement assets will be owned and operated by the Agency and its liabilities are owed by the Agency and not its members. Each member is entitled to certain sole use assets which will be owned and maintained by each member on completion of the Project. Also, upon Project completion, each member will be entitled to capacity rights for the treatment and distribution of surface water. The City of Davis' proportion of such rights will be 44.4%. To fund a portion of its share of the above Project costs the City issued \$30 million of Wells Fargo 2013 Water Revenue Bonds. As of June 30, 2017 the City's accumulated contributions to the Agency amounted to \$42,628,201 which has been capitalized as construction in progress. Upon Project completion, the above costs will be reclassified as capacity rights or infrastructure assets.

NOTE 16 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION / INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

On December 1, 2015, the Agency issued the 2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series A (City of Davis, California) in the amount of \$19,495,000. In addition, on December 10, 2015, the Agency issued the 2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series B (City of Davis, California) in the amount of \$1,881,117. The purpose of the bonds is to repay the outstanding portion of a note payable previously obtained by the Agency. The purpose of the note payables was to help finance the acquisition of certain water rights on behalf of the City of Davis. The Water rights have been recorded as part of the City's Capital Assets, as detailed in Note 7. The Bonds are solely secured by an installment payment agreement between the Agency and the City. Therefore a loan payable to the Agency has been reported on the City's financial statements. The City failed to make the \$8,976 principal portion of the debt service payment for 2015 Second Subordinate Bonds, Series B that was due in March 2017. Payment was not made until December 2017. Future principal and interest payments on the payable were as follows as of June 30, 2017.

	Balance		Balance	Current
	June 30, 2016	Retirements	June 30, 2017	Portion
2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds, Series A				
3.00% - 5.00%, due 3/1/39	\$19,495,000	\$155,000	\$19,340,000	\$345,000
2015 Second Subordinate Bonds, Series B				
4.697%, due 3/1/39	1,881,117		1,881,117	37,121
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt	\$21,376,117	\$155,000	\$21,221,117	\$382,121

At June 30, 2017 future debt service requirements for the 2015 Subordinate Refunding Water Revenue Bonds (Series A and B) were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$382,121	\$868,878	\$1,250,999
2019	409,757	857,206	1,266,963
2020	451,794	840,608	1,292,402
2021	491,920	826,430	1,318,350
2022	533,772	811,046	1,344,818
2023-2027	3,444,361	3,700,636	7,144,997
2028-2032	5,108,893	2,801,844	7,910,737
2033-2037	6,917,997	1,816,096	8,734,093
2038-2039	3,480,502	262,577	3,743,079
	\$21,221,117	\$12,785,321	\$34,006,438

Financial statements of the Agency may be obtained by mailing a request to the City of Davis, 23 Russell Blvd., Davis, California 95616.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Single Audit

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to audits by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act as amended, and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances have been proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Litigation

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney, there is no other pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

C. Due Diligence Agreed-Upon Procedures Engagements

The City received its original Other Funds and Accounts Due Diligence Review (OFA) determination letter from the California Department of Finance (DOF) dated March 27, 2013. The City subsequently requested a meet and confer session with the DOF and held this meeting on April 17, 2013. The DOF then submitted the final letter of determination of the OFA balances dated May 3, 2013 and determined that the City of Davis was to transmit \$5,575,699 to the Auditor-Controller's Office, to be distributed back to the taxing entities. On November 5, 2015 the Davis Redevelopment Successor Agency transmitted the OFA payment to the Yolo County Auditor-Controller fulfilling the obligation. DOF issued a Finding of Completion on November 13, 2015.

NOTE 18 – PROGRAM CESSATION/ GOING CONCERN

Child Care Grant Fund

All Child Care Services provided by the City of Davis were terminated on June 30, 2015. Those services were transitioned to other service providers at the close of the fiscal year. In fiscal year 2015-16, the final independent audit of the Child Development Fund (the Fund) was conducted. The Fund will be dissolved in fiscal year 2018, after the City has ensured that all funds have been received from the State and all obligations have been settled.

NOTE 19 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

A. Background

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 (the Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Davis (the City) that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of State and local government. On August 23, 2011, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City Resolution No. 12-003.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations, or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

The Successor Agencies will only be allocated revenues in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

B. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed under various legislative provisions, contained in the Government Code and the Revenue and Taxation Code, by the County Assessor. Taxes on real property are limited to one percent of assessed valuation plus additional taxes for repayment of any existing voted indebtedness. The Successor Agency receives a portion of the property tax income based on a formula prescribed in Section 26912(b) of the Government Code and Sections 95-100 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code and as amended by the passage of AB 454.

CITY OF DAVIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 19 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The Successor Agency's main source of funding is property taxes allocated by the County Auditor-Controller (CAC) from the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF). The allocation of property taxes is related to the repayment of the former Redevelopment Agency's enforceable obligations. The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) estimating the RPTTF funds required to pay its obligations for each six-month period (January - June and July - December). The ROPS is subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, CAC, and State Department of Finance (DOF).

The Successor Agency receives allocation of property taxes for its approved ROPS items after payment of the County's administrative costs and pass-through payments to affected taxing entities. Property tax revenue allocations are reported under tax increment revenues in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position and are recognized in the same fiscal year as the underlying six month ROPs to which they pertain. In addition to the ROPS payments, the Successor Agency is allocated an annual administrative allowance equal to 3% of the approved RPTTF funding or the minimum amount of \$250,000, whichever is greater.

C. Cash and Investments

The Successor Agency's dependence on property tax receipts, which are received semi-annually, requires it to maintain significant cash reserves to finance operations during the remainder of the year. The Successor Agency pools cash from all sources, except Cash with Fiscal Agents, with the City of Davis so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time. See Note 4 for details of the City's Cash and Investments at June 30, 2017, for the City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code.

D. Notes and Loans

The Successor Agency has loaned a total balance of \$214,455 to housing associations as of June 30, 2017. Loans receivable, including accrued interest, comprised balances from the following programs, all of which are discussed below:

Loans Receivable:

New Harmony Loan \$186,526

Other Commercial Rehabilitation

Housing Rehabilitation, and Affordable Housing 27,929

Total Loans Receivable \$214,455

E. Current Liabilities

Interest Payable

The Successor Agency accrues for interest payments on the debt of an enforceable obligation identified on the approved Successor Agency ROPS schedule. Interest payable on the long-term obligations was \$459,468 as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 19 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Tax Allocation Bonds

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Successor Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance		Balance	Current
	June 30, 2016	Retirements	June 30, 2017	Portion
Tax Allocation Bonds:				
2003 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds				
2.00% - 5.00%, due 9/1/2033	\$7,425,000	\$195,000	\$7,230,000	\$205,000
2007 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds				
4.00% - 4.24%, due 9/1/2030	8,865,000	450,000	8,415,000	465,000
2007 Taxable Housing Refunding Bonds				
5.50%, due 9/01/2037	7,240,000	170,000	7,070,000	180,000
2011 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A				
6.50% - 7.00%, due 12/01/2036	13,310,000		13,310,000	
2011 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B				
3.25% - 5.00%, due 12/01/2022	2,900,000	345,000	2,555,000	375,000
Less Bond Issuance Discounts	(491,754)	32,591	(459,163)	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$39,248,246	\$1,192,591	\$38,120,837	\$1,225,000

2. Debt Service Requirements

Future principal and interest payments on all of the Successor Agency's long-term debt were as follows at June 30, 2017:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental Activities		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$1,225,000	\$2,186,393	\$3,411,393
2019	1,285,000	2,117,245	3,402,245
2020	1,355,000	2,043,679	3,398,679
2021	1,435,000	1,965,182	3,400,182
2022	1,520,000	1,881,632	3,401,632
2023-2027	8,955,000	8,043,332	16,998,332
2028-2032	11,510,000	5,235,226	16,745,226
2033-2037	10,735,000	1,753,474	12,488,474
2038	560,000	15,820	575,820
Less Bond Issuance Discounts	(459,163)		(459,163)
Total	\$38,120,837	\$25,241,983	\$63,362,820

NOTE 19 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

3. Description of the Successor Agency's Long-Term Debt

2003 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On October 30, 2003, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis issued the 2003 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$9,625,000. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to refund the former Redevelopment Agency's outstanding Davis Redevelopment Project 1994 Tax Allocation Bonds. The Successor Agency's tax increment revenue; less amounts required to be set aside in the Redevelopment Agency Low Income Housing Fund and certain tax increment pass through payments, is pledged for the repayment of these bonds. Principal payments are payable annually on September 1 and interest is payable semi-annually each March 1 and September 1 through 2034.

The pledge of future tax increment revenues ends upon repayment of the \$11,274,953 in remaining debt service on this bond issue which is scheduled to occur in 2034. For fiscal year 2016-2017 debt service amounted to \$551,781.

2007 Taxable Allocation Refunding Bonds

On February 20, 2007, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis issued the 2007 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$12,140,000. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to refund the former Redevelopment Agency's outstanding Davis Redevelopment Project 2000 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The bonds are secured on parity with the 2003 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds by a pledge of and first lien on Successor Agency tax increment revenues less amounts required to be set aside in the Redevelopment Agency Low Income Housing Fund and certain tax increment pass through payments, from the former Redevelopment Agency's Redevelopment Project. Interest is payable semi-annually each March 1 and September 1 and principal payments are payable annually on September 1 through 2031.

The pledge of future tax increment revenues ends upon repayment of the \$11,099,419 in remaining debt service on this bond issue which is scheduled to occur in 2031. For fiscal year 2016-2017 debt service amounted to \$806,000.

2007 Taxable Housing Tax Allocation Bonds

On February 20, 2007, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis issued the 2007 Taxable Housing Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$8,675,000. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to aid the financing of redevelopment activities consisting of the increasing, improving and preserving of the supply of low and moderate income housing within the City. Successor Agency housing tax revenue is pledged for the repayment of these bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually each March 1 and September 1 and principal payments are payable annually on September 1 through 2037.

The pledge of future tax increment revenues ends upon repayment of the \$12,073,022 in remaining debt service on this bond issue which is scheduled to occur in 2038. For fiscal year 2016-2017 debt service amounted to \$572,790.

CITY OF DAVIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 19 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

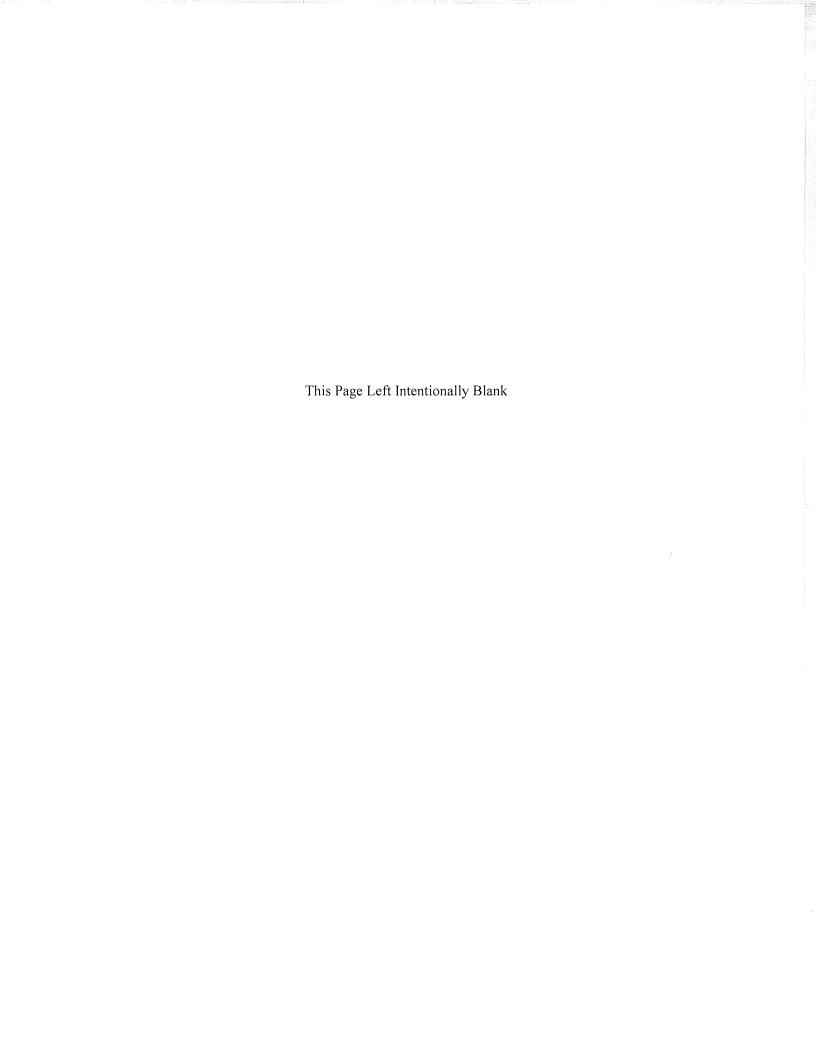
2011 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A and Series B

On March 1, 2011, the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Davis issued the 2011 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A, in the amount of \$13,310,000, and 2011 Subordinate Taxable Tax Allocation Bond, Series B, in the amount of \$4,690,000. The proceeds will be used to fund certain redevelopment activities of benefit to the former Redevelopment Agency's Davis Redevelopment Successor Agency Project.

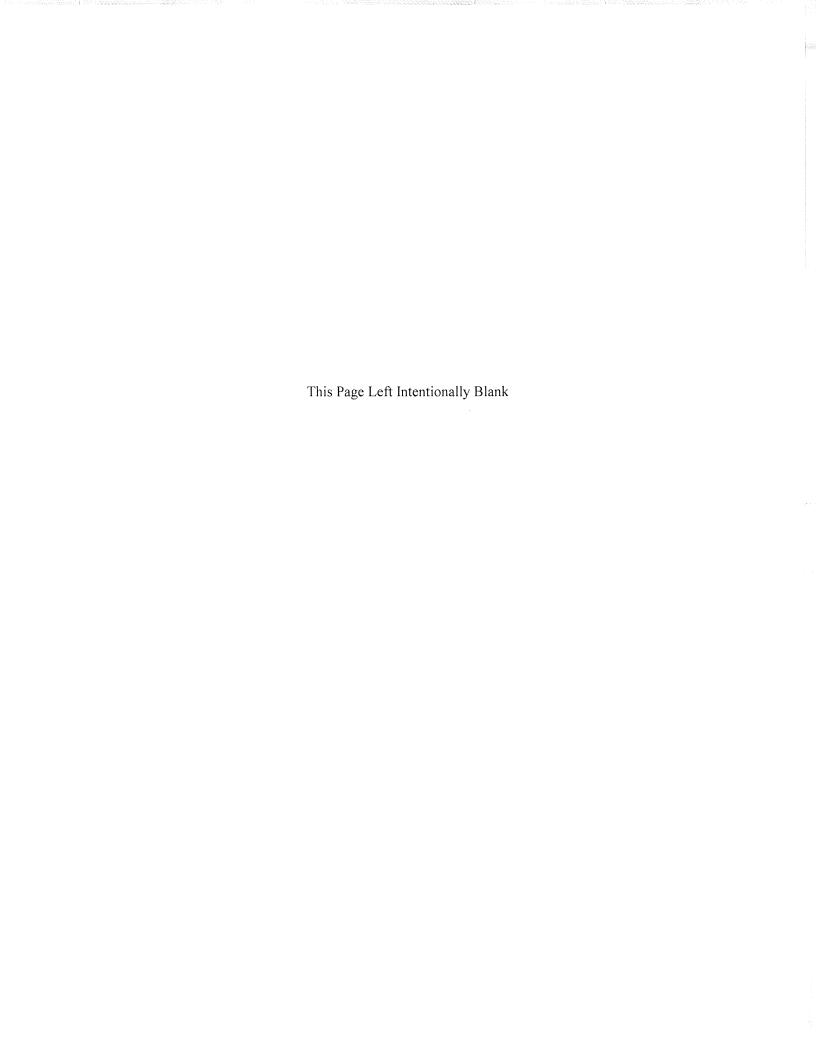
The bonds are payable from subordinate tax revenues which consist primarily of tax increment revenues payable to the Successor Agency.

The pledge of future tax increment revenues ends upon repayment of the \$29,374,589 in remaining debt service on this bond issue which is scheduled to occur in 2037. For fiscal year 2016-2017 debt service amounted to \$1,480,925.

As discussed above, the Successor Agency has pledged all future tax increment revenues for the repayment of the Tax Allocation Bonds. Debt service for the 2003 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds and 2007 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds is senior to the 2011 Series A and B Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The pledge of all future tax increment revenues end upon repayment of the combined remaining debt service of \$63,821,983 on the Bonds above, which is scheduled to occur in 2038. For fiscal year 2016-2017, net tax increment revenues amounted to \$3,724,180 while debt service of the bonds amounted to \$3,411,496.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



1. PENSION PLANS

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule reports the beginning and ending balances of the total pension liability, the plan assets available for pension benefits (called plan net position), and the net pension liability, as well as the change in those amounts during the year presented by cause (similar to the note disclosure). It also reports the total pension liability, plan net position, net pension liability, a ratio of plan net position divided by the total pension liability, the payroll amount for current employees in the plan (covered-employee payroll), and a ratio of the net pension liability divided by covered-employee payroll.

Schedule of Contributions

This schedule reports the agent multiple-employer's contributions to the plan which are actuarially determined, the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions, and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll.

Cost-Sharing Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule reports the proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the employer's covered employee payroll, the proportionate share (amount of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered employee payroll and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Schedule of Contributions

This schedule reports the cost sharing employer's contributions to the plan which are actuarially determined, the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined.

1. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Miscellaneous Plan Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	Miscellaneous Plan		
Meas urement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016
Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost	\$3,147,626	\$2,785,521	\$2,725,273
Interest	12,920,680	13,336,226	13,776,661
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,152,773)	(1,273,504)
Changes in assumptions		(3,206,955)	
Changes in benefits			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(8,202,831)	(8,744,147)	(9,377,495)
Net change in total pension liability	7,865,475	2,017,872	5,850,935
Total pension liability - beginning	174,803,327	182,668,802	184,686,674
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$182,668,802	\$184,686,674	\$190,537,609
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$3,558,115	\$3,936,577	\$4,355,132
Contributions - employee	1,643,358	1,350,680	1,309,552
Net investment income	19,449,181	2,875,200	686,326
Plan to plan resource movement		(58,660)	
Administrative expenses		(144,696)	(78,298)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(8,202,831)	(8,744,147)	(9,377,495)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	16,447,823	(785,046)	(3,104,783)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	112,810,277	129,258,100	128,473,054
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$129,258,100	\$128,473,054	\$125,368,271
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$53,410,702	\$56,213,620	\$65,169,338
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension			
liability	70.76%	69.56%	65.80%
Covered payroll	16,345,659	16,448,436	16,260,801
Net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	326.76%	341.76%	400.78%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. In 2015, the figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the actuarial valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Year Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in assumptions. GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense. All other assumptions for the June 30, 2014 measurement date were the same as those used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

1. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Miscellaneous Plan Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	Miscellaneous Plan				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	2015	2016	2017		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$3,935,948	\$4,354,487	\$6,154,074		
actuarially determined contributions	3,935,948	4,354,487	6,154,074		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0		
Covered payroll	\$16,448,436	\$16,260,801	\$17,279,336		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.93%	26.78%	35.62%		
Notes to Schedule Valuation date: Methods and assumptions used to determine contri	6/30/2013 bution rates:	6/30/2014	6/30/2015		
Actuarial cost method Amortization method		Entry age normal Level percentage of payr	roll, closed		
Remaining amortization period		23 years	,		
Asset valuation method		15-year smoothed marke	t		
Inflation		2.75%			
Salary increases		Varies by Entry Age & S	Service		
Investment rate of return		7.65%, net of pension pla	an investment expense,	includes inflation	
Retirement age		The probabilities of Reti Experience Study for the			
Mortality		The probabilities of mo Experience Study for retirement and Post-retir projected mortality important the Society of Actuaries.	the period from 1997 rement mortality rates in rovement using Scale A	to 2007. Pre- nclude 5 years of	

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

1. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Safety Plan Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

_	Safety Plan				
Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016		
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.61%	0.90%	0.87%		
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$22,835,706	\$37,270,097	\$44,955,218		
Plan's Covered Payroll (A)	\$9,768,195	\$9,475,749	\$9,243,560		
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	233.78%	393.32%	486.34%		
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	81.42%	70.45%	66.09%		

Notes to Schedule:

- (A) Covered payroll is compensation to active employees on which the employer bases contributions to a pension plan.
- * Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

1. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Safety Plan Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

_	Safety Plan	Safety Plan		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	2015	2016	2017	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$2,705,123	\$1,504,861	\$1,780,246	
determined contributions	(2,705,123)	(1,504,861)	(1,780,246)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Covered payroll	\$9,475,749	\$9,243,560	\$8,848,363	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	28.55%	16.28%	20.12%	
Notes to Schedule Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	
	3/20/2012	3/20/2011	0/20/2012	

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

2. SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

						Unfunded
			Unfunded			(Overfunded)
		Entry Age	(Overfunded)			Actuarial
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			Liability as
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Date	(A)	(B)	(A – B)	(A/B)	(C)	[(A-B)/C]
6/30/2011	\$3,091,000	\$61,501,000	\$58,410,000	5.03%	\$31,378,000	186.15%
6/30/2013	8,739,000	70,628,000	61,889,000	12.37%	28,818,000	214.76%
6/30/2015	17,678,000	74,072,000	56,394,000	23.87%	27,285,000	206.68%

Notes to Schedule

- (A) This information is intended to help users assess the City's Public Safety and Miscellaneous Retirement Plans and the City's OPEB Plan status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other employers.
- (B) The information presented relates to the City's Public Safety and Miscellaneous Retirement Plans and the City OPEB Plan only.

CITY OF DAVIS GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$44,052,453	\$45,032,453	\$44,895,788	(\$136,665)
Fines and forfeitures	900,500	900,500	567,834	(332,666)
Use of money and property	1,235,908	1,204,704	1,315,207	110,503
Intergovernmental		431,100	459,426	28,326
Charges for current services	8,963,711	8,492,317	9,011,474	519,157
Development fees	119,500	123,000	119,500	(3,500)
Administrative fee - other funds		1,883,964	1,876,317	(7,647)
Other	2,606,817	2,373,824	3,694,589	1,320,765
Total Revenues	57,878,889	60,441,862	61,940,135	1,498,273
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
City Council	167,275	167,329	187,422	(20,093)
City Attorney	362,967	362,967	638,231	(275,264)
City Manager	2,837,650	3,339,128	3,194,516	144,612
Administrative services	3,413,396	5,581,127	4,508,259	1,072,868
Community development	7,074,288	6,286,137	5,379,820	906,317
Parks and community services	10,876,493	11,238,252	10,410,511	827,741
Public safety - fire	9,011,582	9,515,208	9,681,821	(166,613)
Public safety - police	17,241,056	17,496,112	17,563,698	(67,586)
Public works	5,169,861	6,061,520	5,813,731	247,789
Special projects				
Capital outlay	10,151,588	12,598,276	4,430,490	8,167,786
Total Expenditures	66,306,156	72,646,056	61,808,499	10,837,557
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of long-term debt			1,428,745	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$8,427,267)	(\$12,204,194)	1,560,381	(\$9,339,284)
Beginning fund balance			21,689,489	
Ending fund balance			\$23,249,870	

CITY OF DAVIS LOW/MOD HOUSING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Use of money and property	\$23,000	\$23,000	\$20,332	(\$2,668)
Intergovernmental	401,016	366,282	43,241	(323,041)
Charges for services	254,232	254,232	192,567	(61,665)
Other	114,424	114,424	107,016	(7,408)
Total Revenues	792,672	757,938	363,156	(394,782)
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Special projects	899,386	945,588	835,257	110,331
Total Expenditures	899,386	945,588	835,257	110,331
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$106,714)	(\$187,650)	(472,101)	(\$284,451)
Beginning fund balance			33,707,062	
Ending fund balance			\$33,234,961	

CITY OF DAVIS OPEN SPACE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$673,200	\$673,200	\$649,222	(\$23,978)
Intergovernmental	8,400	8,400	25,101	16,701
Total Revenues	681,600	681,600	674,323	(7,277)
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Parks and community services	256,916	258,197	203,604	54,593
Total Expenditures	256,916	708,343	493,749	214,594
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$424,684	(\$26,743)	180,574	\$207,317
Beginning fund balance			4,681,374	
Ending fund balance			\$4,861,948	

CITY OF DAVIS DEVELOPMENT DEFERRED IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted .	Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of money and property Development fees	\$52,800 2,035,000	\$52,800 2,035,000	\$97,565 2,393,308	\$44,765 358,308
Total Revenues	2,087,800	2,087,800	2,490,873	403,073
EXPENDITURES Current: Administrative services Public works Special projects Capital outlay	142,260 336,020 15,585 4,249,953	147,840 370,140 15,585 7,604,238	74,944 323,461 8,378 1,838,200	72,896 46,679 7,207 5,766,038
Total Expenditures	4,743,818	8,137,803	2,244,983	5,892,820
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,656,018)	(6,050,003)	245,890	(5,489,747)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE			22,606,047	
ENDING FUND BALANCE			\$22,851,937	

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

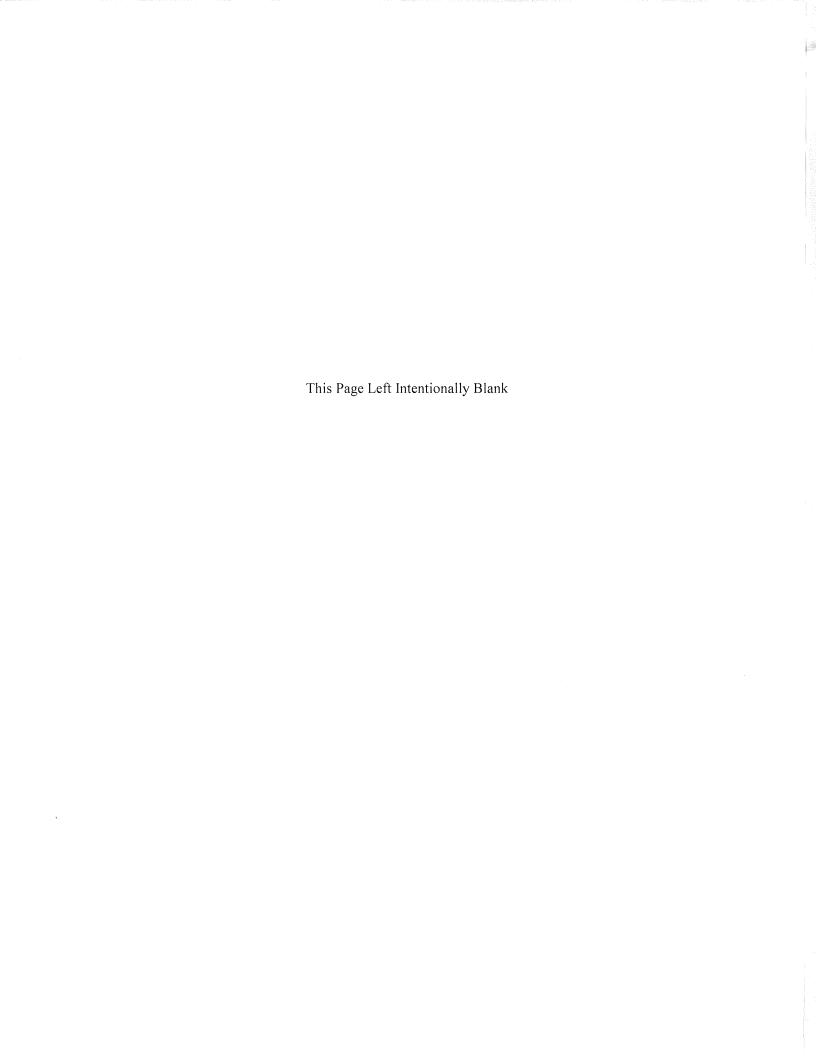
The City, by Ordinance, adopts annually the operating, debt service and capital improvement budgets for all governmental funds. This budget is effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the fund level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. Upon approval by the City Manager and City Treasurer, however, amounts may be transferred between activities within a fund's operating budget appropriation total. The City Manager and City Treasurer may also approve routine minor new appropriations of \$10,000 or less subject to limitations. For the capital budget, the City Manager and City Treasurer may approve transfers between projects of \$15,000, as long as each fund's appropriation total remains intact. Increases in excess of the above limits and interfund transfers must be approved by the City Council. The budget data reflected in these financial statements incorporate all administrative and City Council amendments through June 30, 2017. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations. All appropriations not expended or encumbered by year-end are canceled. All prior year unspent encumbrances are rolled over to the current fiscal year.

Departments shall observe the budget document to ensure their financial activities comply for their respective departments and/or areas of operations. Where funds are restricted by law, such as developer fees, gas tax funds, trust funds, etc., departments shall ensure compliance with legal restrictions for such funds under their control.

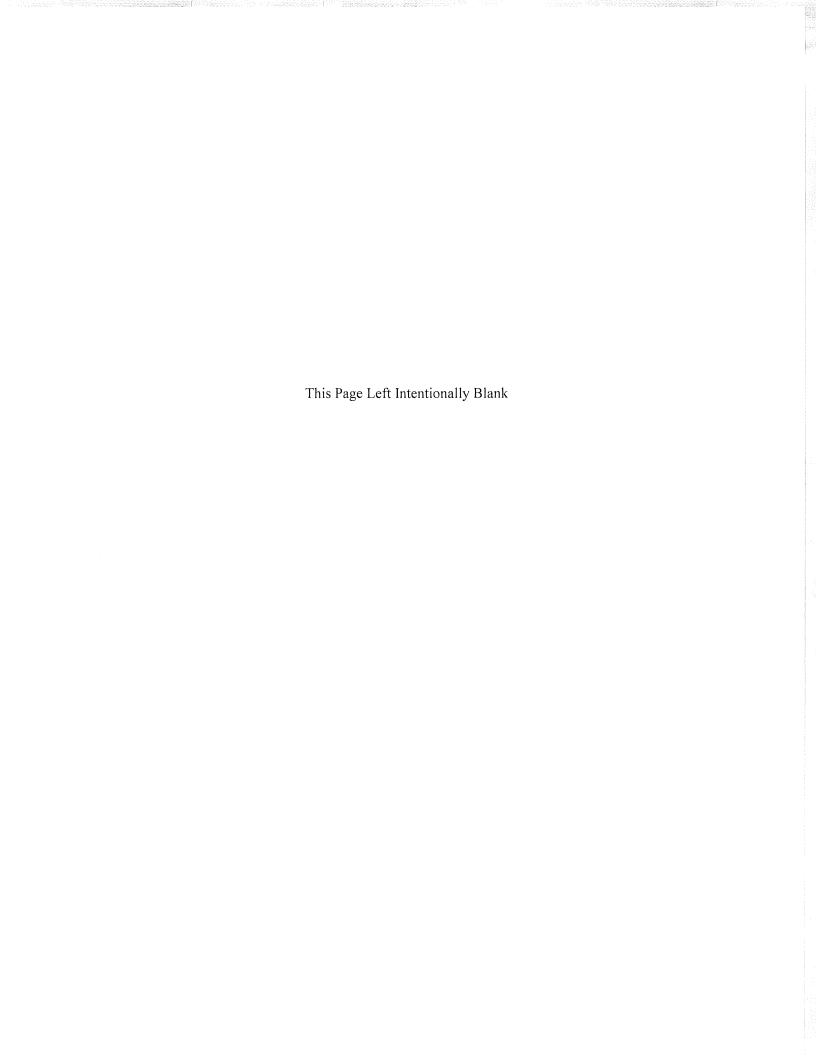
Each department shall establish internal budget controls to administer compliance with the City's policy.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The Downtown Area Capital Revitalization Fund exceeded the appropriations by \$36,804 for the year ended June 30, 2017.







NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds account for the proceeds derived from specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Gas Tax - This Fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of funds apportioned to the City under the State Streets and Highways Code Section 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5. The allocations are restricted for maintenance and construction of streets and roads.

TDA Non-Transit Use - This fund accounts for funds received by the City under the State Transportation Development Act that are used for the maintenance and construction of streets, roads, and bicycle or pedestrian facilities.

Park Maintenance Tax - This fund accounts for the receipts of the City's Parks Maintenance Tax, which provides the funding for the maintenance of community parks, greenbelts, open space, swimming pools, and related public facilities.

Cable TV - This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of the City's local Cable TV activities.

Public Safety - This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of funds produced by the Public Safety fee charged to each parcel within the City. The fee was implemented by City ordinance and may be expended only for Public Safety purposes.

Municipal Arts - This fund accounts for funds produced City ordinance requiring a contribution for works of art equal to at least one percent of the cost from each City construction project. A contribution is not required where source funds restrictions will not permit it as legitimate project expenditure and funds generated must be used for art acquisition.

Child Care Grant – This special revenue fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of funds from Federal, State and local agencies that may be expended only for the purpose of providing child care services.

Subdivision in Lieu Park Fees - This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of funds from the City's In-Lieu Park Fee charged against property at subdivision. Collections may be expended only for the purpose of providing land for park or recreational facilities.

In-Lieu of Parking Payments - This fund accounts for payments received from developers in lieu of the on-site parking required for projects in certain zoning areas in the City. Receipts must be expended to acquire and/or develop off-street parking and related facilities.

Parking - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to maintenance and operation of a paid parking lot for which the fund balance has been committed to acquire and or develop off-street parking and related facilities.

Federal/State Highway Grants - This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures related to grants received for highway construction projects.

Community Development Block Grant - This fund accounts for financial activity under the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development Block Grant Program.

Operational Grants - This fund accounts for the receipt of various grants from State and Federal sources restricted to expenditure for specific programs or services.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Agriculture Land Acquisition - This fund accounts for the receipts of in lieu fees for agricultural mitigation.

Davisville Book Fund - This fund accounts for funds received from the sale of "Davisville '68, the History and Heritage of the City of Davis," published by the Davis Historical Commission.

Historical Fund - This fund accounts for proceeds of fund raising activities of the Davis Historical and Landmarks Commission and the expenditure of those proceeds for the activities of the Commission.

Brinley/Hattie Weber - This fund accounts for donations to be used for the Hattie Weber Museum and related expenditures.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are utilized to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, with the exception of those assets financed by proprietary funds.

Davis Research Park - The City is the custodian of funds received from the issuance of bonds for the Davis Research Park special assessment district. These funds are restricted for the construction or acquisition of improvements benefiting the District.

Arlington Boulevard Benefit Area - This fund accounts for collections of fees from the property developed in and adjacent to the Arlington Boulevard Area of Benefit and the expenditures made for development of this major street.

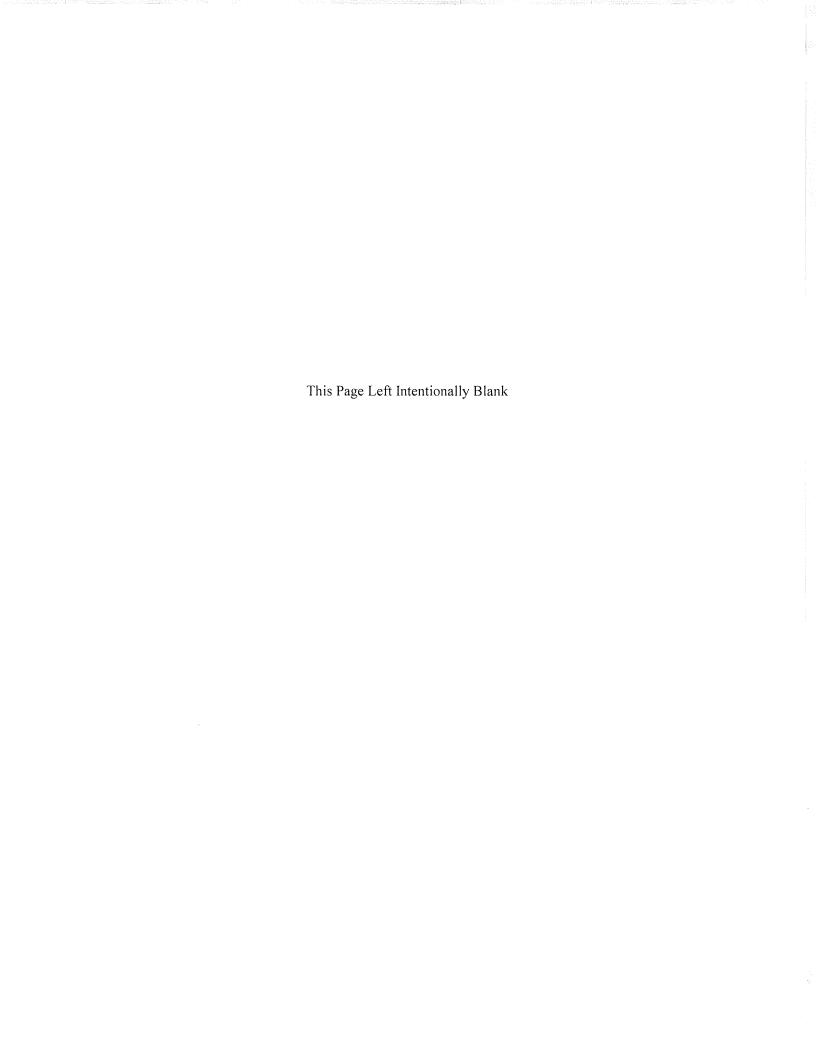
Capital Grants - This fund accounts for intergovernmental grants received for specific capital projects.

Davis Land Acquisition - This fund accounts for moneys assigned for the acquisition of land by the City of Davis.

Public Facilities Financing Authority - This fund accounts for expenditures incurred in connection with the establishment of a series of Community Facilities Districts under the State Mello-Roos Act for the construction of infrastructure and improvements.

Oxford Circle Park and Parking Lot - The City is the custodian of funds received from the issuance of bonds for Oxford Circle Park and Parking Lot special assessment district. These funds are restricted for the construction or acquisition of improvements benefiting the District.

Downtown Area Capitalization Revitalization - This fund accounts as a funding source for the City to undertake future improvements contemplated in the redevelopment plan, pursuant to the Public Works Agreement by and between the City and the Redevelopment Successor Agency, which assumed responsibility as assignee from the City's former Redevelopment Agency.



CITY OF DAVIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
Lagrange	Gas Tax	TDA Non-Transit Use	Park Maintenance Tax	Cable TV	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Accrued interest Receivables:	\$829,216 2,104		\$31,532	\$1,428,257 4,179	
General accounts Grants Utility accounts Loans		\$347,604	69,976	139,819 18,591	
Total Assets	\$831,320	\$347,604	\$101,508	\$1,590,846	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Wages payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$4,898	\$307,927	\$11,969	\$7,180	
Total Liabilities	4,898	307,927	11,969	7,180	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		347,604			
FUND BALANCES					
Fund balances: Restricted Committed Unassigned	826,422	(307,927)	89,539	1,583,666	
Total Fund Balances	826,422	(307,927)	89,539	1,583,666	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$831,320	\$347,604	\$101,508	\$1,590,846	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Public Safety	Municipal Arts	Child Care Grant	Subdivision In-Lieu Park Fees	In-Lieu of Parking Payments	Parking	Federal/State Highway Grant
\$43,479	\$57,900 124	\$429,490	\$874,292 1,989	\$464,024 1,307	\$190,264 573	\$420,928 1,178
159,402 4,997 243,981		43,263				
\$451,859	\$58,024	\$472,753	\$876,281	\$465,331	\$190,837	\$422,106
\$1,155 229,671					\$12,211 652	
210,166 440,992					12,863	
10,867	\$58,024	\$472,753	\$876,281	\$465,331	177,974	\$422,106
10,867	58,024	472,753	876,281	465,331	177,974	422,106
\$451,859	\$58,024	\$472,753	\$876,281	\$465,331	\$190,837	\$422,106

(Continued)

CITY OF DAVIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

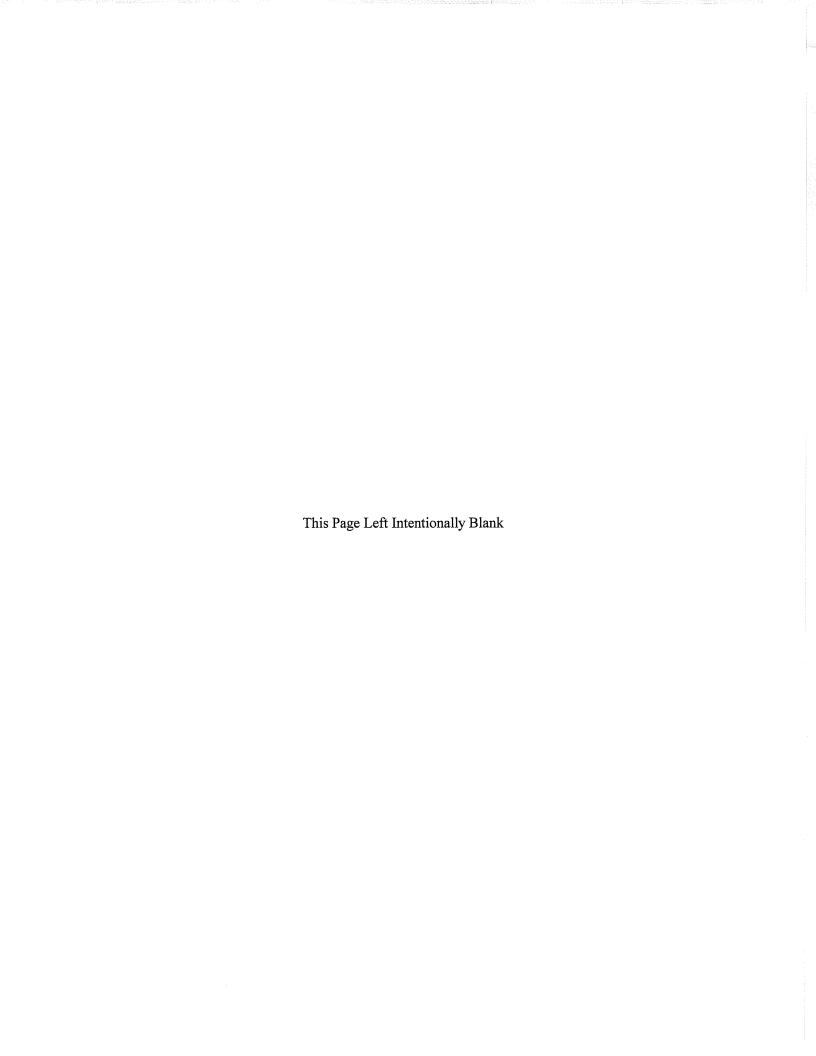
	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
ASSETS	Community Development Block Grant	Operational Grants	Agriculture Land Acquisition	Davisville Book	
Cash and investments Accrued interest Receivables:	\$70,910 269	\$489,379 1,607	\$402,608 1,134	\$2,058 6	
General accounts Grants Utility accounts	1,199 57,998	17,289			
Loans	1,755,324	\$500.275	£402.742	£2.064	
Total Assets	\$1,885,700	\$508,275	\$403,742	\$2,064	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Wages payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$19,123 1,264	\$1,880 6,810			
Total Liabilities	20,387	8,690			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue				-	
FUND BALANCES					
Fund balances: Restricted Committed Unassigned	1,865,313	499,585	\$403,742	\$2,064	
Total Fund Balances	1,865,313	499,585	403,742	2,064	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$1,885,700	\$508,275	\$403,742	\$2,064	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND					INDS	
Historical Fund	Brinley/Hattie Weber	Davis Research Park	Arlington Boulevard Benefit Area	Capital Grants	Davis Land Acquisition	Public Facilities Financing Authority
\$10	\$3,971 11	\$795,889 2,241	\$380,566 1,072	\$179,183 169	\$1,573,951 4,432	\$220,207 620
\$10	\$3,982	\$798,130	\$381,638	\$179,352	\$1,578,383	\$220,827
		\$798,130	\$381,638	\$179,352	\$1,578,383	\$220,827
\$10	\$3,982					
10	3,982	798,130	381,638	179,352	1,578,383	220,827
\$10	\$3,982	\$798,130	\$381,638	\$179,352	\$1,578,383	\$220,827

(Continued)

CITY OF DAVIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

	CAPITAL PRO	JECTS FUNDS	
	Oxford Circle Park and Parking Lot	Downtown Area Capital Revitalization	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and investments Accrued interest Receivables:	\$49,811 140		\$8,937,925 23,155
General accounts Grants Utility accounts Loans			370,396 489,742 243,981 1,755,324
Total Assets	\$49,951		\$11,820,523
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Wages payable Unearned revenue Due to other funds			\$46,338 20,804 229,671 518,093
Total Liabilities			814,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue FUND EQUITY			347,604
Fund balances: Restricted Committed Unassigned	\$49,951		7,383,999 3,581,941 (307,927)
Total Fund Balances	49,951		10,658,013
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$49,951		\$11,820,523



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	Gas Tax	TDA Non-Transit Use	Park Maintenance Tax	Cable TV			
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Development fees Other	\$4,170 1,201,963	\$1,183	\$1,382,375	\$582,311 8,441 73,033			
Total Revenues	1,206,133	1,183	1,382,375	663,785			
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative service Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works Special projects	1,109,855	680,468	1,306,126	36,983 644,688 99,100			
Capital outlay	5,023			43,870			
Total Expenditures	1,114,878	680,468	1,306,126	824,641			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	91,255	(679,285)	76,249	(160,856)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	91,255	(679,285)	76,249	(160,856)			
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	735,167	371,358	13,290	1,744,522			
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$826,422	(\$307,927)	\$89,539	\$1,583,666			

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Public Safety	Municipal Arts	Child Care Grant	Subdivision In-Lieu Park Fees	In-Lieu of Parking Payments	Parking	Federal/State Highway Grants
\$497,182 418 105,395	\$204		\$3,899	\$2,554	\$91,815	\$2,131 161,979
2,461,009	21,529 4,000		305,935			
3,064,004	25,733		309,834	2,554	91,815	164,110
50,363 1,452,198 1,556,696	5,964	\$532			20,521 154,149	465
			19,309		78,151	74,450
3,059,257	5,964	532	19,309		252,821	74,915
4,747	19,769	(532)	290,525	2,554	(161,006)	89,195
4,747	19,769	(532)	290,525	2,554	(161,006)	89,195
6,120	38,255	473,285	585,756	462,777	338,980	332,911
\$10,867	\$58,024	\$472,753	\$876,281	\$465,331	\$177,974	\$422,106 (Continued)

(Continued)

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	Community Development Block Grant	Operational Grants	Agriculture Land Acquisition	Davisville Book			
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Development fees Other	\$117 578,238	\$2,982 1,411,293	\$2,217	\$12			
Total Revenues	578,355	1,414,275	2,217	12			
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative service Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works			29				
Special projects Capital outlay	390,567 108,187	507,700	<u> </u>				
Total Expenditures	498,754	507,700	29				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	79,601	906,575	2,188	12			
Net Change in Fund Balance	79,601	906,575	2,188	12			
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	1,785,712	(406,990)	401,554	2,052			
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$1,865,313	\$499,585	\$403,742	\$2,064			

SPECIAL RE	VENUE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS								
Historical	Brinley/Hattie Weber	Davis Research Park	Arlington Boulevard Benefit Area	Capital Grants	Davis Land Acquisition	Public Facilities Financing Authority				
	\$21	\$4,381	\$2,095	\$454 169,245	\$8,663	\$1,211				
	251									
	272	4,381	2,095	169,699	8,663	1,211				
				183,208						
				183,208						
	272	4,381	2,095	(13,509)	8,663	1,211				
	272	4,381	2,095	(13,509)	8,663	1,211				
\$10	3,710	793,749	379,543	192,861	1,569,720	219,616				
\$10	\$3,982	\$798,130	\$381,638	\$179,352	\$1,578,383	\$220,827				

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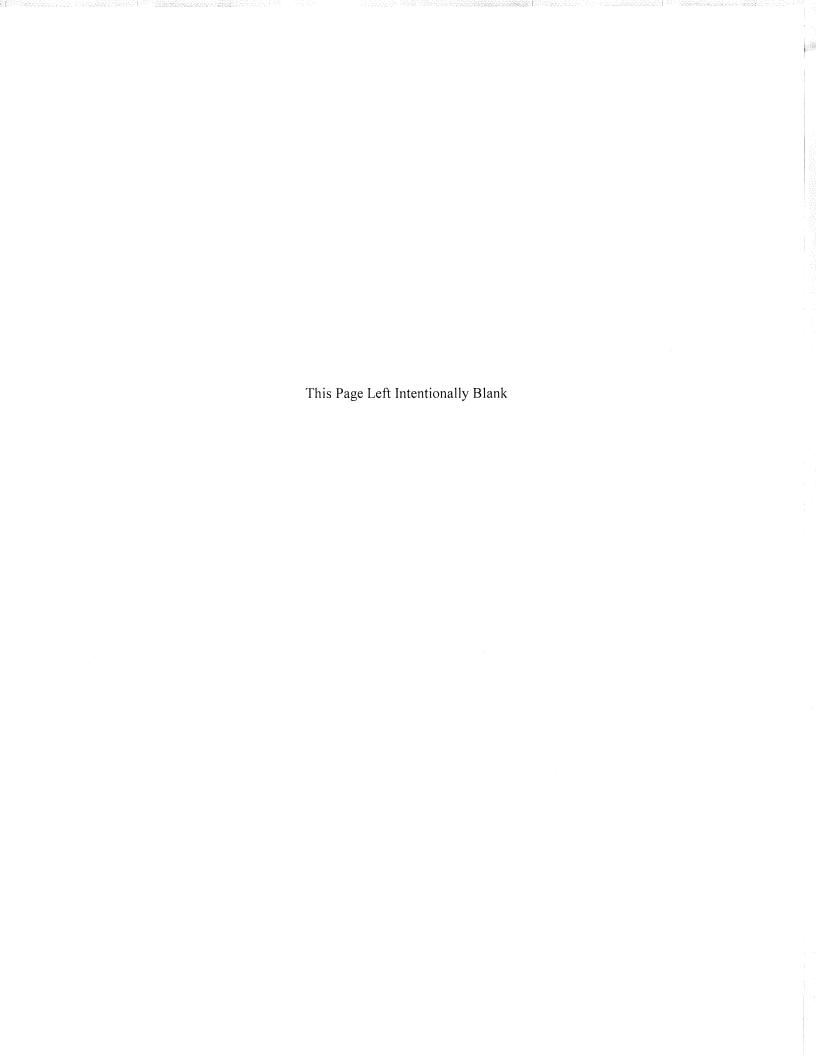
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

E TEAR ENDED JONE 30, 2017

	CAPITAL PRO	JECTS FUNDS	
	Oxford Circle Park and Parking Lot	Downtown Area Capital Revitalization	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Development fees Other	\$274		\$2,461,868 137,242 3,701,146 2,461,009 327,464 4,251
Total Revenues	274		9,092,980
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative service Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works Special projects Capital outlay	166	\$36,804	36,983 715,572 160,142 1,405,758 1,452,198 1,556,696 1,790,788 898,267 549,168
Total Expenditures	166	36,804	8,565,572
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	108	(36,804)	527,408
Net Change in Fund Balance	108	(36,804)	527,408
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	49,843	36,804	10,130,605
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$49,951		\$10,658,013



BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	GAS TAX			TDA NON-TRANSIT USE		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Development fees Other	\$2,880 1,369,199	\$4,170 1,201,963	\$1,290 (167,236)	\$778,741	\$1,183	\$1,183 (778,741)
Total Revenues	1,372,079	1,206,133	(165,946)	778,741	1,183	(777,558)
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative services Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works Special projects Capital outlay	1,902,400 5,023	1,109,855 5,023	792,545	1,062,994	680,468	382,526
Total Expenditures	1,907,423	1,114,878	792,545	1,062,994	680,468	382,526
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$535,344)	91,255	\$626,599	(\$284,253)	(679,285)	(\$395,032)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		735,167			371,358	
ENDING FUND BALANCE		\$826,422			(\$307,927)	

PARK MAINTENANCE TAX		CABLE TV			PUBLIC SAFETY			
		Variance			Variance			Variance
Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Budget	- 1 Ketuar	(regative)	Duager		(Treguirre)		7 Ictuar	(Tregative)
\$1,393,655	\$1,382,375	(\$11,280)	\$845,900 2,520 154,750	\$582,311 8,441 73,033	(\$263,589) 5,921 (81,717)	\$500,000 120 90,000 2,556,953	\$497,182 418 105,395 2,461,009	(\$2,818) 298 15,395 (95,944)
			23,281		(23,281)			
1,393,655	1,382,375	(11,280)	1,026,451	663,785	(362,666)	3,147,073	3,064,004	(83,069)
			136,288 885,600	36,983 644,688	99,305 240,912	56,528	50,363	6,165
1,356,126	1,306,126	50,000	185,439	99,100	86,339	1,500,787 1,592,376	1,452,198 1,556,696	48,589 35,680
			46,084	43,870	2,214			
1,356,126	1,306,126	50,000	1,253,411	824,641	428,770	3,149,691	3,059,257	90,434
\$37,529	76,249	\$38,720	(\$226,960)	(160,856)	\$66,104	(\$2,618)	4,747	\$7,365
	13,290			1,744,522			6,120	
	\$89,539			\$1,583,666			\$10,867	(Continued)

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	MU	JNICIPAL ART	rs	CHILD CARE GRANT		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$60	\$204	\$144			
Charges for current services Development fees Other	10,000	21,529 4,000	11,529 4,000			
Total Revenues	10,060	25,733	15,673		B.V	
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative services Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works Special projects Capital outlay	21,272	5,964	15,308	\$23,924	\$532	\$23,392
Total Expenditures	21,272	5,964	15,308	23,924	532	23,392
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$11,212)	19,769	\$30,981	(\$23,924)	(532)	\$23,392
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		38,255			473,285	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	:	\$58,024		:	\$472,753	

SUBDIVISION IN-LIEU OF IN-LIEU PARK FEES PARKING PAYMENTS **PARKING** Variance Variance Variance Positive Positive Positive (Negative) (Negative) Budget Actual Budget Actual Budget Actual (Negative) \$840 \$3,059 \$720 \$2,554 \$3,899 \$1,834 \$82,080 \$91,815 \$9,735 305,935 305,935 12,000 (12,000)840 309,834 308,994 12,720 2,554 (10,166)82,080 91,815 9,735 32,031 20,521 11,510 160,688 154,149 6,539 69,519 19,309 50,210 117,993 78,151 39,842 69,519 19,309 50,210 310,712 252,821 57,891 (\$68,679) 290,525 \$359,204 \$12,720 2,554 (\$10,166) (\$228,632) (161,006)\$67,626 585,756 462,777 338,980

\$465,331

\$177,974

(Continued)

\$876,281

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		FEDERAL/STATE HIGHWAY GRANTS			COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT			
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Development fees	\$540 7,045,681	\$2,131 161,979	\$1,591 (6,883,702)	\$1,028,664	\$117 578,238	\$117 (450,426)		
Other Total Revenues	7,046,221	164,110	(6,882,111)	1,028,664	578,355	(450,309)		
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative services Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire								
Public safety - police Public works Special projects Capital outlay	11,648 7,076,514	465 74,450	11,183 7,002,064	720,194 483,845	390,567 108,187	329,627 375,658		
Total Expenditures	7,088,162	74,915	7,013,247	1,204,039	498,754	705,285		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$41,941)	89,195	\$131,136	(\$175,375)	79,601	\$254,976		
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		332,911			1,785,712			
ENDING FUND BALANCE		\$422,106			\$1,865,313			

OPER	RATIONAL GR	ANTS	AGRICUL	ΓURE LAND A				
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$60 1,225,324	\$2,982 1,411,293	\$2,922 185,969	\$720	\$2,217	\$1,497		\$12	\$12
1,225,384	1,414,275	188,891	720	2,217	1,497		12	12
			13,029	29	13,000			
1,310,312 27,980	507,700	802,612 27,980						
1,338,292	507,700	830,592	13,029	29	13,000			
(\$112,908)	906,575	\$1,019,483	(\$12,309)	2,188	\$14,497		12	\$12
	(406,990)			401,554			2,052	
	\$499,585			\$403,742			\$2,064	(Continued)

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	HISTORICAL			BRINLEY/HATTIE WEBER		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Development fees Other	\$12		(\$12)		\$21 251	\$21 251
Total Revenues	12		(12)		272	272
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative services Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works Special projects Capital outlay						
Total Expenditures						
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$12		(\$12)		272	\$272
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		\$10			3,710	
ENDING FUND BALANCE		\$10			\$3,982	

ARLINGTON	BOULEVARD
AULINOION	DOULL VALUE

DAV	IS RESEARCE	H PARK						
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Budget	7101441	(Troguityo)	Daager	7101011	(Ivegutive)	Dudget	7 Ictuai	(Ivegative)
\$1,200	\$4,381	\$3,181	\$600	\$2,095	\$1,495	\$600 347,833	\$454 169,245	(\$146) (178,588)
1,200	4,381	3,181	600	2,095	1,495	348,433	169,699	(178,734)
						500,132	183,208	316,924
		-				500,132	183,208	316,924
\$1,200	4,381	\$3,181	\$600	2,095	\$1,495	(\$151,699)	(13,509)	\$138,190
	793,749			379,543			192,861	
	\$798,130			\$381,638			\$179,352	(Continued)

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

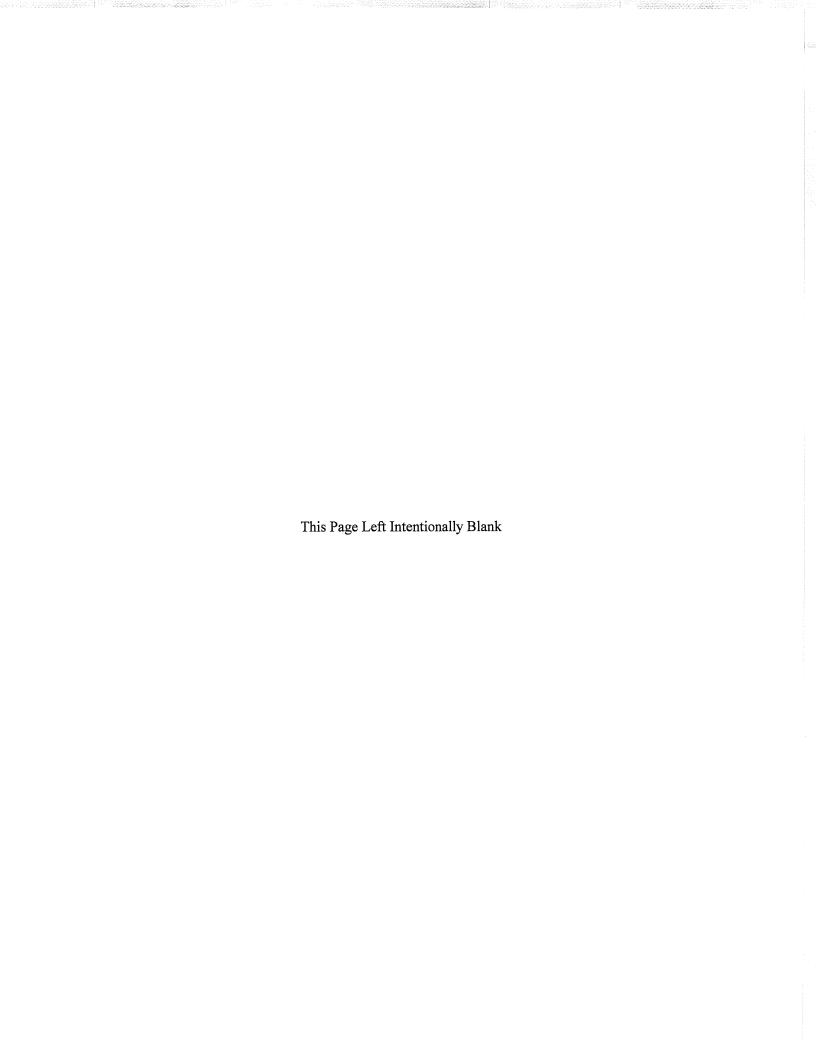
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	DAVI	S LAND ACQU	ISITION Variance Positive	PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY Variance Positive			
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for current services Development fees Other	\$2,520	\$8,663	\$6,143	\$360	\$1,211	\$851	
	2,520	8,663	6,143	360	1,211	851	
EXPENDITURES Current: City Manager Administrative services Community development Parks and community services Public safety - fire Public safety - police Public works Special projects Capital outlay							
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$2,520	8,663	\$6,143	\$360	1,211	\$851	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		1,569,720			219,616		
ENDING FUND BALANCE		\$1,578,383			\$220,827		

	OXFORD CIRC			OOWNTOWN A			
PARI	K AND PARKII		CAPI	TAL REVITALI			
		Variance			Variance		
Dudget	A atrial	Positive	Dudget	A of sal	Positive		
Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
\$120	\$274	\$154					
120_	274	154					
49,674	166	49,508		\$36,804	(\$36,804)		
40.674	166	40.500		26.004	(2 (00 1)		
49,674	166	49,508		36,804	(36,804)		
(\$49,554)	108	\$49,662		(36,804)	(\$36,804)		
3 11 3 17				(,,)	(4,,)		
	49,843			36,804			

\$49,951



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for special activities and services performed by a designated City department for other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

General Services Fund – This fund accounts for the financial activities of the City's centralized duplicating and postal operation, its central garage and vehicle maintenance services, central data processing and telecommunications services and the central stores inventory services.

Building Maintenance Fund – This fund accumulates the costs for the City's building and electrical maintenance services.

City Self-Insurance Fund – This fund accumulates costs of the City's insurance and risk management programs to permit a cost recovery insurance fee to be charged against City operating programs.

Employee Benefits Fund – This fund is used to account for accrued leave benefits and as a clearing fund for payroll taxes and liabilities.

CITY OF DAVIS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	General Services	Building Maintenance	City Self- Insurance	Employee Benefits	Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash and investments Accrued interest Accounts receivable Inventory	\$22,181,322 61,801 43,434 301,594	\$747,626 2,176	\$260,627 86,275	\$242,286 161,393	\$23,431,861 63,977 291,102 301,594
Noncurrent Assets: Advances to other funds Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable Accumulated depreciation	336,695 33,308 14,118,431 (8,765,496)	17,840 237,538 (19,399)			336,695 51,148 14,355,969 (8,784,895)
Total Assets	28,311,089	985,781	346,902	403,679	30,047,451
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,132,608	260,175	259,132		1,651,915
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	29,443,697	1,245,956	606,034	403,679	31,699,366
LIABILITIES					
Payables: Accounts Wages Leave benefits Due to other funds Net pension liability Claims payable: Due within one year Due in more than one year	173,367 70,176 104,024 4,051,598	72,017 11,205 16,588 946,053	8,025 15,172 1,193,237 109,185 175,768	\$20,210 265,878 2,123,855	273,619 96,553 386,490 2,123,855 6,190,888 109,185 175,768
Total Liabilities	4,399,165	1,045,863	1,501,387	2,409,943	9,356,358
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pension	487,581	46,251	95,682		629,514
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,886,746	1,092,114	1,597,069	2,409,943	9,985,872
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	5,386,243 19,170,708	235,979 (82,137)	(991,035)	(2,006,264)	5,622,222 16,091,272
Total Net Position	\$24,556,951	\$153,842	(\$991,035)	(\$2,006,264)	\$21,713,494

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	General Services	Building Maintenance	City Self- Insurance	Employee Benefits	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for current services	\$9,852,528	\$1,962,446	\$13,253,750	\$3,401,573	\$28,470,297
Total Operating Revenues	9,852,528	1,962,446	13,253,750	3,401,573	28,470,297
OPERATING EXPENSES Central stores Central equipment Duplication - postal City administrative facility maintenance Insurance administration Insurance premiums Litigation MIS services Leave benefits paid Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	240,220 1,784,392 121,149 480,432 2,349,892 1,006,637 5,982,722	1,505,736 4,751 1,510,487	440,704 14,036,008 80,768	3,044,201	240,220 1,784,392 121,149 1,986,168 440,704 14,036,008 80,768 2,349,892 3,044,201 1,011,388 25,094,890
Operating Income (Loss)	3,869,806	451,959	(1,303,730)	357,372	3,375,407
NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest income Other	117,122 273,700	4,045	(693) 63,784		120,474 337,484
Total Nonoperating Revenues	390,822	4,045	63,091		457,958
Income (Loss) before transfers	4,260,628	456,004	(1,240,639)	357,372	3,833,365
Change in Net Assets	4,260,628	456,004	(1,240,639)	357,372	3,833,365
BEGINNING NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	20,296,323	(302,162)	249,604	(2,363,636)	17,880,129
ENDING NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$24,556,951	\$153,842	(\$991,035)	(\$2,006,264)	\$21,713,494

CITY OF DAVIS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Services	Building Maintenance	City Self- Insurance	Employee Benefits	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Claims paid	\$10,117,437 (4,340,968) (754,651)	\$1,986,124 (1,705,727)	\$13,257,993 (14,969,556) (127,954)	\$3,240,180 (4,599) (2,841,735)	\$28,601,734 (19,315,123) (5,302,113) (127,954)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	5,021,818	280,397	(1,839,517)	393,846	3,856,544
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund receipts Interfund (payments)	455,925			(151,560)	455,925 (151,560)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	455,925			(151,560)	304,365
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Sales (Acquisitions) of capital assets, net	(707,079)				(707,079)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	(707,079)				(707,079)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	71,085	2,294	1,247		74,626
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	71,085	2,294	1,247		74,626
Net Cash Flows	4,841,749	282,691	(1,838,270)	242,286	3,528,456
Cash and investments at beginning of period	17,339,573	464,935	2,098,897		19,903,405
Cash and investments at end of period	\$22,181,322	\$747,626	\$260,627	\$242,286	\$23,431,861
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$3,869,806	\$451,959	(\$1,303,730)	\$357,372	\$3,375,407
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flo from operating activities: Depreciation		4,751	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,	1,011,388
Other revenues Change in assets and liabilities:	273,700	,	63,784		337,484
General accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	(8,791) 32,040		(59,541) 20,584	(161,393)	(229,725) 20,584
Inventory Accounts payable Wages payable Leave benefits payable Claims payable	122,645 19,932 5,718	23,678 1,092 4,077	(826,735) 2,193 (47,186)	(4,599) (63,412) 265,878	32,040 (685,011) (40,195) 275,673 (47,186)
Due to retirement system Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(299,869) \$5,021,818	(205,160) \$280,397	311,114 (\$1,839,517)	\$393,846	(193,915) \$3,856,544
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<u>Φυ,υ∠1,010</u>	<u>Φ400,397</u>	(\$1,039,317)	φ373,040 ———————————————————————————————————	<u> </u>

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. These funds include the following:

Public Facilities Financing Authority - This fund accounts for assessments collected from property owners for a series of Community Facilities Districts under the State Mello-Roos Act and the repayment of certain debt issued through the financing authority for the construction of infrastructure and improvements.

Mello Roos Community Facilities District - This fund accounts for assessments collected from property owners in the Mello Roos Community Facilities District and the repayment of underlying debt issued by this district.

University Research Park - This fund accounts for assessments collected from property owners in the University Research Park Improvement District and the repayment of underlying debt issued by this district.

Special Assessment Parking District #3 - This fund accounts for assessments collected from property owners in the Special Assessment Parking District #3 and the repayment of underlying debt issued by this district.

Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency - This fund accounts for the Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency joint powers authority formed between the City of Davis and the City of Woodland for the joint construction and ownership of the Woodland-Davis Water Supply Capital Improvement Project.

Cannery Community Facilities District and Debt Service Fund – This fund was created in the current fiscal year to account for the expenditures of the bond proceeds and to account for assessments collected from property owners living in the district to pay the debt service associated with those bonds.

CITY OF DAVIS AGENCY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017
Public Facilities Financing Authority				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$4,012,982	\$90,096		\$4,103,078
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accrued interest receivable	950,647 3,689	758	\$3,689	951,405
Accounts receivable	52,589	573	\$3,007	53,162
Total Assets	\$5,019,907	\$91,427	\$3,689	\$5,107,645
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		\$250		\$250
Due to bondholders	\$5,019,907	91,177	\$3,689	5,107,395
Total Liabilities	\$5,019,907	\$91,427	\$3,689	\$5,107,645
Mello Roos Community Facilities District Assets:				
	01 700 507		#20.401	#1 (00 12 (
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$1,728,537 368,688		\$39,401 292,862	\$1,689,136 75,826
Accrued interest receivable	1,589	\$2,801	1,589	2,801
Accounts receivable	71,273	8,111		79,384
Total Assets	\$2,170,087	\$10,912	\$333,852	\$1,847,147
Liabilities:				
Deposits payable	\$50,000			\$50,000
Due to bondholders	2,120,087	\$10,912	\$333,852	1,797,147
Total Liabilities	\$2,170,087	\$10,912	\$333,852	<u>\$1,847,147</u>
University Research Park				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$414,939	\$47	Ф2.02	\$414,986
Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable	382 9,676	939	\$382 274	939 9,402
Total Assets	\$424,997	\$986	\$656	\$425,327
Liabilities:				
Due to bondholders	\$424,997	\$986	\$656_	\$425,327
Total Liabilities	\$424,997	\$986	\$656	\$425,327
Special Assessment Parking District #3				
Assets:				
Cash and investments Accrued interest receivable	\$132,925 123	\$351	\$36,521 123	\$96,404 351
Total Assets	\$133,048	\$351	\$36,644	\$96,755
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		\$1,846		\$1,846
Due to bondholders	\$133,048	(1,495)	\$36,644	94,909
Total Liabilities	\$133,048	\$351	\$36,644	\$96,755

CITY OF DAVIS AGENCY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017
Woodland-Davis Clean Water Agency JPA				
Assets:				
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable	\$23,949,287	\$332,347 184,952	\$20,977,103	\$2,972,184 332,347 184,952
Accrued interest receivable	22,004	104,932	22,004	104,932
Total Assets	\$23,971,291	\$517,299	\$20,999,107	\$3,489,483
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Due to members	\$1,301,921 22,669,370	\$517,299	\$108,646 20,890,461	\$1,193,275 2,296,208
Total Liabilities	\$23,971,291	\$517,299	\$20,999,107	\$3,489,483
Cannery Bond and Debt Service Assets:				
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	\$4,579 1,328,439	\$168,104 9,095 265	\$440,709	\$172,683 887,730 9,095 265
Total Assets	\$1,333,018	\$177,464	\$440,709	\$1,069,773
Liabilities:				
Due to bondholders	\$1,333,018	\$177,464	\$440,709	\$1,069,773
Total Liabilities	\$1,333,018	\$177,464	\$440,709	\$1,069,773
Total Agency Funds Assets:				
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Total Assets	\$30,243,249 2,647,774 133,538 27,787 \$33,052,348	\$258,247 333,105 202,731 4,356 \$798,439	\$21,053,025 733,571 274 27,787 \$21,814,657	\$9,448,471 2,247,308 335,995 4,356 \$12,036,130
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Deposits payable Due to members	\$1,301,921 50,000 22,669,370	\$2,096 517,299	\$108,646 20,890,461	\$1,195,371 50,000 2,296,208
Due to bondholders	9,031,057	279,044	815,550	8,494,551
Total Liabilities	\$33,052,348	\$798,439	\$21,814,657	\$12,036,130



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Citywide Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Assessed Value of Property by Use Code, Citywide
- 3. Principal Property Tax Payers
- 4. Property Tax Levies and Collections
- 5. Principal Sales Tax Producers
- 6. Historical Sales Tax Amounts by Benchmark Year

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$268,196,258	\$252,723,158	\$230,339,089	\$219,145,446	\$250,695,740	\$247,797,970	\$242,575,554	\$240,360,485	\$242,813,290	\$241,337,805
Restricted	82,394,483	90,708,023	87,064,955	95,845,260	66,227,858	67,365,068	69,746,280	75,927,570	69,365,224	69,931,590
Unrestricted	7,754,642	2,784,364	11,656,610	(8,572,349)	13,515,454	15,540,261	18,474,120	(46,521,260)	(38,118,928)	(33,453,924)
Total governmental activities net position	\$358,345,383	\$346,215,545	\$329,060,654	\$306,418,357	\$330,439,052	\$330,703,299	\$330,795,954	\$269,766,795	\$274,059,586	\$277,815,471
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$221,228,535	\$224,029,039	\$228,167,880	\$223,254,657	\$222,630,293	\$ 222,668,422	\$ 225,975,439	\$ 235,769,713	\$ 274,098,197	\$238,517,438
Restricted				69,850						
Unrestricted	29,101,435	31,689,545	28,963,136	37,774,437	44,957,358	50,530,091	55,468,805	33,484,489	7,571,560	47,934,347
Total business-type activities net position	\$250,329,970	\$255,718,584	\$257,131,016	\$261,098,944	\$267,587,651	\$273,198,513	\$281,444,244	\$269,254,202	\$281,669,757	\$286,451,785
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$489,424,793	\$476,752,197	\$458,506,969	\$442,400,103	\$473,326,033	\$470,466,392	\$468,550,993	\$476,130,198	\$516,911,487	\$479,855,243
Restricted	82,394,483	90,708,023	87,064,955	95,915,110	66,227,858	67,365,068	69,746,280	75,927,570	69,365,224	69,931,590
Unrestricted	36,856,077	344,973,909	40,619,746	29,202,088	58,472,812	66,070,352	73,942,925	(13,036,771)	(30,547,368)	14,480,423
Total primary government net position	\$608,675,353	\$912,434,129	\$586,191,670	\$567,517,301	\$598,026,703	\$603,901,812	\$612,240,198	\$539,020,997	\$555,729,343	\$564,267,256

Source

City of Davis Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes:

^(1.) Accounting stardards require that governments report net position for the last ten years, showing the three components of the Statement of Net Assets; net investment in capital assets; restricted; and

Changes in Net Position (Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			(Accru	al Basis of Accoun	ting)					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
City Council	\$113,670	\$165,297	\$120,068	\$174,137	\$171,419	\$159,950	\$123,958	\$161,024	\$145,424	\$180,359
City Attorney	383,943	362,152	331,121	307,893	347,920	256,183	545,258	296,143	323,152	638,231
Ciy Manager	2,305,569	2,247,736	2,157,842	2,464,895	2,655,486	2,479,529	2,675,550	1,950,060	2,278,240	2,700,596
Finance/ Administrative Services	2,157,409	2,305,333	2,113,284	2,206,587	2,007,813	2,928,562	2,638,260	3,038,094	2,947,477	4,835,955
Public Safety	24,805,660	26,156,968	27,772,647	25,224,672	24,116,311	25,379,748	25,827,801	26,983,139	30,392,391	32,609,249
Public Works	21,430,517	23,333,235	27,364,557	28,375,753	11,729,258	11,017,979	11,648,005	13,115,703	16,982,041	12,324,982
Community Development	3,834,291	3,719,243	2,998,509	3,307,303	3,145,307	3,720,192	3,986,695	5,290,390	4,911,814	5,010,995
Parks and Community Services	28,899,628	30,071,359	27,268,525	21,141,859	19,844,557	18,631,071	20,402,817	16,284,031	12,508,057	12,860,303
Interest on Long Term Debt	518,674	1,391,009	1,429,321	2,798,312	1,612,400				1,700	9.00
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$84,449,361	\$89,752,332	\$91,555,874	\$86,001,411	\$65,630,471	\$64,573,214	\$67,848,344	\$67,118,584	\$70,490,296	\$71,160,670
Business-Type Activities:										31 3123 135.13
Water	\$9,393,349	\$9,236,481	\$10,266,380	\$9,946,088	\$9,918,275	\$10,068,660	\$11,723,007	\$9,861,390	\$10,973,763	\$15,009,598
Sanitation	8,657,912	8,777,295	8,986,002	9,169,294	9,312,527	9,627,387	9,943,532	10,358,515	11,146,472	11,812,422
Sewer	8,543,712	8,803,769	8,727,978	8,247,337	8,554,364	8,230,219	8,368,186	8,759,829	7,937,827	9,110,218
Storm Sewer	3,145,490	2,832,790	2,947,887	3,868,242	3,529,576	3,733,250	3,713,758	3,669,452	3,940,656	3,819,462
Public transit	5,875,783	7,718,465	11,787,091	4,306,554	4,183,327	4,254,687	5,818,308	6,387,279	3,639,352	7,969,174
	35,616,246	37,368,800	42,715,338	35,537,515	35,498,069	35,914,203	39,566,791	39,036,465	37,638,070	47,720,874
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses	\$120,065,607	\$127,121,132	\$134,271,212	\$121,538,926	\$101,128,540	\$100,487,417	\$107,415,135	\$106,155,049	\$108,128,366	\$118,881,544
Total Filliary Government Expenses	\$120,003,007	\$127,121,102	3134,271,212	5121,550,720	3101,120,340	\$100,407,417	3107,415,155	5100,135,045	\$100,120,500	2110,001,511
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Charges for Services: City Council					\$100,942	\$70,706				
City Attorney	\$14,021	\$13,997	\$44,730	\$15,109	208,453	125,140	\$10,131			
Ciy Manager	7,883	59,746	59,294	6,312	1,174,427	1,040,984	1,685,900	\$1,305,413	\$1,198,861	\$1,402,353
Finance/ Administrative Services	1,686,126	2,335,059	2,399,082	2,593,006	1,331,101	2,010,666	2,025,757	2,133,568	2,161,816	1,831,299
Public Safety	2,438,460	2,104,655	2,095,245	2,169,650	2,173,112	2,002,577	2,144,146	2,095,092	2,286,771	2,361,692
Public Works	548,021	360,110	334,326	333,556	376,451	1,274,263	1,110,862	1,767,216	2,373,366	1,421,458
Community Development	2,204,448	2,009,982	1,780,545	2,378,826	2,675,128	2,897,864	2,410,773	4,634,131	4,365,102	4,391,769
Parks and Community Services	2,594,141	2,743,358	2,733,651	2,740,804	3,123,734	3,132,569	4,510,095	3,109,507	3,306,893	3,439,496
Operating Grants and Contributions	18,585,069	22,869,051	17,535,502	15,277,248	13,784,334	12,304,697	9,602,308	12,610,463	8,127,576	8,326,639
Development impact fees and permits	5,711,509	1,028,625	796,061	655,983	200	7. 10. 71.27	20000000	24.554.00	Carte Metal	2000000
Capital Grants and Contributions	24(1-4).55	0.644.04.04			3,800,498	3,575,866	7,124,647	2,849,594	1,025,372	2,702,977
Total Government Activities Program Revenues	33,789,678	33,524,583	27,778,436	26,170,494	28,748,180	28,435,332	30,624,619	30,504,984	24,845,757	25,877,683
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Water	\$9,018,403	\$9,545,841	\$9,896,995	\$10,131,953	\$10,479,767	\$11,310,371	\$15,825,471	\$12,079,724	\$15,343,083	\$17,532,566
Sanitation	8,592,544	8,821,374	8,967,949	8,975,404	9,134,378	9,454,530	10,118,187	10,604,488	10,805,280	11,033,701
Sewer	11,919,343	13,502,462	12,751,768	12,613,144	13,120,690	14,103,581	14,264,259	14,709,852	14,595,546	13.873,913
Storm Sewer	1,567,009	1,506,083	1,519,490	1,561,457	1,605,903	1,662,303	1,701,784	1,742,022	1,724,277	1,747,635
4.450m1 4.7.1.41	28,110	32,644	36,354	32,585	30,012	31,105	32,241	31,963	34,104	32,108
Public transit								6,275,145	3,199,273	
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,891,383	7,374,894	11,750,908	3,998,505	4,103,691	4,328,525	5,714,463	0,2/3,143		7,693,559
Capital Grants and Contributions	238,444	864,944	11.000 161	20,010,010	1,205,085	10,000,115	10.000 100	15 110 101	40,000	C1 012 102
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue	37,255,236	41,648,242	44,923,464	37,313,048	39,679,526	40,890,415	\$78,281,024	45,443,194 \$75,948,178	45.741,563 \$70,587,320	51,913,482
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$71,044,914	\$75,172,825	\$72,701,900	\$63,483,542	\$68,427,706	\$69,325,747	3/8,281,024	5/3,948,1/8	\$70,387,320	\$77,791,165
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	(\$50,659,683)	(\$56,227,749)	(\$63,777,438)	(\$59,830,917)	(\$36,882,291)	(\$36,137,882)	(\$37,223,725)	(\$36,613,600)	(\$45,644,539)	(\$45,282,987)
	A.A. A.	10								
Business-Type Activities	1,638,990	4,279,442	2,208,126	1,775,533	4,181,457	4,976,212	8,089,614	6,406,729	8,103,493	4,192,608

City of Davis Changes in Net Position (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(continued)	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property Taxes	\$19,717,475	\$19,909,233	\$20,322,775	\$20,462,811	\$10,070,329	\$10,741,612	\$11,926,326	\$12,156,824	\$13,721,604	\$14,324,190
Sales Taxes	9,117,999	7,733,047	8,418,817	7,894,939	8,279,385	10,267,444	10,282,592	13,302,816	16,192,725	15,660,664
Municipal Services	2,165,883	2,239,758	4,336,510	2,417,072	2,492,849	2,578,655	2,669,472	2,770,291	2,878,914	2,937,053
Business Lcense	1,283,451	1,351,827	1,492,242	1,466,725	1,556,797	1,470,124	1,669,289	1,735,021	1,719,258	1,804,618
Park Maintenance	1,337,888	1,341,289	1,344,782	1,329,056	1,334,629	1,334,782	1,339,536	1,360,149	1,367,935	1,382,436
Construction	856,186	237,777	208,859	342,590	925,461	905,411	229,577	562,206	1,167,502	1,146,893
Open Space Protection	637,786	640,287	641,221	634,857	637,161	636,293	640,980	649,634	644,914	649,222
Franchise	1,022,880	1,066,032	1,034,530	1.067,657	1,089,210	1,119,918	1,141,883	1,359,272	1,704,481	1,793,833
Transient Occupancy Tax	1,120,983	1,031,031	912,456	958,434	925,477	1,436,067	1,250,725	1,319,909	1,453,819	1,784,072
Transfer Taxes	(214,596)		100 3000			194,326	225,977	367,464	306,001	386,182
Other Taxes								554.782	15701154	
Motor Vehicle In-Lieu	4,888,366	4,961,873	5,054,571	5,213,376	4,879,324	4,979,748	5,291,098	5,523,938	6,146,238	6,107,171
Investment Earnings	3,313,964	1,895,335	558,490	236,141	281,322	301,030	417,751	135,148	468,830	503,676
Miscellaneous	719,943	1,568,513	542,805	2,495,652	554,551	436,719	231,174	1,264,593	2,165,109	558,867
Special Item: Transfer of loan from Successor Agency	-				1,684,904		2000			
Extraordinary Gain: RDA Dissolution					24,083,029					
Total Government Activities	45,968,208	43,976,002	44,868,058	44,519,310	58,794,428	36,402,129	37,316,380	42,507,265	49,937,330	49,038,872
Business-Type Activities:	-									
Interest Earnings	1,301,203	814,923	318,724	298,741	174,215	110,170	77,279	75,698	306,459	347,193
- Miscellaneous	135,286	294,249	131,317	336,868	298,808	524,480	78,838	245,077	4,005,603	242,223
Total Business-Type Activities	1,436,489	1,109,172	450,041	635,609	473,023	634,650	156,117	320,775	4,312,062	589,420
Total Primary Government	\$47,404,697	\$45,085,174	\$45,318,099	\$45,154,919	\$59,267,451	\$37,036,779	\$37,472,497	\$42,828,040	\$54,249,392	\$49,628,292
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	(\$4,691,475)	(\$12,251,747)	(\$18,909,380)	(\$15,311,607)	\$21,912,137	\$264,247	\$92,655	\$5,893,665	\$4,292,791	\$3,755,885
Business-Type Activities	3,075,479	5,388,614	2,658,167	2,411,142	4,654,480	5,610,862	8,245,731	6,727,504	12,415,555	4,782,028
Total Primary Government	(\$1,615,996)	(\$6,863,133)	(\$16,251,213)	(\$12,900,465)	\$26,566,617	\$5,875,109	\$8,338,386	\$12,621,169	\$16,708,346	\$8,537,913

Source:

City of Davis Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes:

^(1.) Net position of the governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 were restated in fiscal year 2012 to adopt the correction of errors. Prior year revenues and expenses presented in this schedule have not been restated. Refer to Note 2 in the notes to the financial statements fiscal year ended June 2012

^(2.) Beginning net position of the governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014 were restated in fiscal year 2015 due to the requirments of GASB 68.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund										
Reserved	\$1,308,154	\$1,304,307	\$1,279,973							
Unreserved	5,071,910	2,327,880	4,253,958							
Nonspendable				\$190,606	\$153,020	\$122,840	\$104,343	\$147,093	\$137,664	\$130,309
Restricted										
Committed										
Assigned					2000.00		1,458,749			
Unassigned				6,350,652	6,101,878	7,797,107	7,973,690	15,536,438	21,551,825	23,119,561
Total General Fund	\$6,380,064	\$3,632,187	\$5,533,931	\$6,541,258	\$6,254,898	\$7,919,947	\$9,536,782	\$15,683,531	\$21,689,489	\$23,249,870
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$ 36,173,371	\$ 39,121,878	\$ 37,644,210							
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	19,495,729	24,424,793	23,476,779							
Capital project funds	28,814,920	28,585,987	28,062,545							
Nonspendable					\$33,952,695	\$9,795,953	\$1,795,533			
Restricted				\$87,819,702	29,321,073	55,900,967	67,657,120	\$69,329,025	\$67,911,538	\$68,332,845
Committed				9,899,535	8,409,293	7,654,337	8,058,386	8,334,135	3,620,540	3,581,941
Assigned					1,555,674	1,559,189	383,420			
Unaaigned Total all other governmental funds	-			(399,822)	(201,277)	142,500	(1,095,591)		(406,990)	(307,927)
Total all other governmental funds	\$84,484,020	\$92,132,658	\$89,183,534	\$97,319,415	\$73,037,458	\$75,052,946	\$76,798,868	\$77,663,160	\$71,125,088	\$71,606,859

Source

City of Davis Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Notes

(2.) In FY 2011, the City implemented GASB 54, which changed the classification of fund balances.

^(1.) Fund balances of the General Fund and Child Care Grant fund at June 30, 2011 were restated in fiscal year 2012 to adopt the correction errors. Prior year revenue and expenses presented in this schedule have not been restated. Refer to Note 2 in the notes to the financial statements 2012.

Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Revenues Taxes Licenses, permits and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Development fees Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current: City Council	\$42,254,186 115 944,583 3,671,372 16,785,328 9,054,124 4,705,005 1,794,961 504,120 79,713,794	\$40,737,792 209 884,624 2,259,142 20,546,039 8,432,546 899,051 2,280,423 747,277 76,787,103	\$41,867,742 188 861,131 1,074,244 15,243,036 8,279,578 592,374 2,316,719 2,407,821 72,642,833	\$41,786,803 182 1,004,144 1,031,044 13,442,401 8,698,620 494,460 2,296,790 1,795,965	\$32,472,106 317 961,642 715,761 10,975,947 9,541,440 2,583,790 2,523,552	\$36,141,112 353 826,972 648,017 12,410,582 9,939,479 2,238,192	\$36,981,511 301 833,513 3,362,708 10,408,899 9,614,559	\$40,921,164 0 661,160 2,097,332 14,157,718 12,080,275	\$47,758,142 660,313 1,640,957 5,045,096 12,293,260	\$48,006,878 567,834 1,570,346 4,228,914 11,665,050
Licenses, permits and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Development fees Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	115 944,583 3,671,372 16,785,328 9,054,124 4,705,005 1,794,961 504,120	209 884,624 2,259,142 20,546,039 8,432,546 899,051 2,280,423 747,277	188 861,131 1,074,244 15,243,036 8,279,578 592,374 2,316,719 2,407,821	182 1,004,144 1,031,044 13,442,401 8,698,620 494,460 2,296,790	317 961,642 715,761 10,975,947 9,541,440 2,583,790	353 826,972 648,017 12,410,582 9,939,479	301 833,513 3,362,708 10,408,899 9,614,559	0 661,160 2,097,332 14,157,718 12,080,275	660,313 1,640,957 5,045,096	567,834 1,570,346 4,228,914
Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Development fees Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	944,583 3,671,372 16,785,328 9,054,124 4,705,005 1,794,961 504,120	884,624 2,259,142 20,546,039 8,432,546 899,051 2,280,423 747,277	861,131 1,074,244 15,243,036 8,279,578 592,374 2,316,719 2,407,821	1,004,144 1,031,044 13,442,401 8,698,620 494,460 2,296,790	961,642 715,761 10,975,947 9,541,440 2,583,790	826,972 648,017 12,410,582 9,939,479	833,513 3,362,708 10,408,899 9,614,559	661,160 2,097,332 14,157,718 12,080,275	1,640,957 5,045,096	1,570,346 4,228,914
Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Development fees Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	3,671,372 16,785,328 9,054,124 4,705,005 1,794,961 504,120	2,259,142 20,546,039 8,432,546 899,051 2,280,423 747,277	1,074,244 15,243,036 8,279,578 592,374 2,316,719 2,407,821	1,031,044 13,442,401 8,698,620 494,460 2,296,790	715,761 10,975,947 9,541,440 2,583,790	648,017 12,410,582 9,939,479	3,362,708 10,408,899 9,614,559	2,097,332 14,157,718 12,080,275	1,640,957 5,045,096	1,570,346 4,228,914
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Development fees Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current;	3,671,372 16,785,328 9,054,124 4,705,005 1,794,961 504,120	20,546,039 8,432,546 899,051 2,280,423 747,277	15,243,036 8,279,578 592,374 2,316,719 2,407,821	13,442,401 8,698,620 494,460 2,296,790	10,975,947 9,541,440 2,583,790	12,410,582 9,939,479	10,408,899 9,614,559	14,157,718 12,080,275	5,045,096	4,228,914
Charges for services Development fees Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	9,054,124 4,705,005 1,794,961 504,120	8,432,546 899,051 2,280,423 747,277	8,279,578 592,374 2,316,719 2,407,821	8,698,620 494,460 2,296,790	9,541,440 2,583,790	9,939,479	9,614,559	12,080,275		
Development fees Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	4,705,005 1,794,961 504,120	899,051 2,280,423 747,277	592,374 2,316,719 2,407,821	494,460 2,296,790	2,583,790	9.0.4	7.7	12,080,275	12 293 260	11 665 050
Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	1,794,961 504,120	2,280,423 747,277	2,316,719 2,407,821	2,296,790		2 238 192	2.011.157		I was and of the same of the	11,000,000
Administrative fee - Enterprise Fund Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current:	1,794,961 504,120	2,280,423 747,277	2,316,719 2,407,821	2,296,790			2,011,157	923,944	797,720	2,840,272
Other Total Revenues Expenditures Current;	504,120	747,277	2,407,821		44040404	2,541,485	2,626,107	2,329,522	2,260,874	1,876,317
Expenditures Current:					254,482	1,069,570	476,872	1,121,047	3,449,409	3,805,856
Current;				70,550,409	60,029,037	65,815,762	66,315,627	74,292,162	73,905,771	74,561,467
Current;										
	124,862	124,022	129,390	161,532	146,932	150,439	124,507	168,389	162,094	187,422
City Attorney	383,943	362,152	331,121	307,893	362,967	265,804	555,619	296,143	323,152	638,231
Civ Manager	2,342,020	2,010,671	1,950,261	2,322,778	2,607,106	2,469,750	2.710,000	2,063,550	2.511.944	3,231,499
Finance/Administrative Services	2,237,186	2,140,766	2,048,770	2,119,014	2,051,852	2,983,681	2,728,275	3,204,437	3,266,870	5,298,775
Public safety	24,678,723	24,261,642	25,348,848	24,168,701	24,227,418	25,616,115	26,368,580	27,838,666	28,686,821	30,254,413
Public works	4,431,330	4,262,586	4,485,175	4,210,546	5,103,770	3,702,414	5,173,502	6,227,483	5,849,339	7,927,980
Community development	3,913,194	3,422,430	2,794,363	3,181,665	3,178,808	3.780.789	4.096.916	5,467,094	5,227,343	5,539,962
Parks and Community Services	25,113,063	24,657,652	22,543,846	18,663,508	18,077,634	16,938,350	18,163,238	14,971,458	11,681,163	12,019,873
Special Projects	6,850,876	5,237,321	11,115,111	16,750,622	1,916,055	1,996,757	1,926,030	2,077,228	7,742,821	1,741,902
Debt service:	0,030,070	3,437,321	11,115,111	10,750,022	1,510,033	1,990,737	1,920,030	2,077,220	1,142,021	1,741,902
7.617.717.117.11	1.107.015	1,060,687	923,828	1,493,799	2,316,295					
Principal repayment	1,107,915								1 700	
Interest and fiscal charges	958,487	1,486,429	1,442,353	2,713,521	1,352,117				1,700	
Special assessment	88,231	2 222 222	2 200 471		2011.220	1 100 000	4 100 201	1 200 000	0.004.600	= 100 000
Capital Improvements	8,307,585	3,333,909	3,372,261	3,118,144	5,241,669	4,402,828	4,199,574	4,966,673	8,984,638	7,108,003
Total Expenditures	80,537,415	72,360,267	76,485,327	79,211,723	66,582,623	62,306,927	66,046,241	67,281,121	74,437,885	73,948,060
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		G 945 945		40.00	The second second	Course Local	200 200			
(under) expenditures	(823,621)	4,426,836	(3,842,494)	(8,661,314)	(6,553,586)	3,508,835	269,386	7,011,041	(532,114)	613,407
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	3,500,822	4,378,832	4,990,510	29,491,616	8,278,245	660,680	8,832,713		382,804	
Transfers (out)	(4,003,532)	(4,378,832)	(4,972,076)	(29,687,094)	(8,326,775)	(754,850)	(8,832,713)		(382,804)	
Issuance of long-term debt	39,227	473,925	13,289	18,000,000						1,428,745
Sale of real property							3,093,371			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(463,483)	473,925	31,723	17,804,522	(48,530)	(94,170)	3,093,371	0	0	1,428,745
Special and Extraordinary Items										
Special Item					1,684,904					
Extraordinary Item					(18,856,040)					
Total special and extraordinary item					(17,171,136)	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in fund balances	(\$1,287,104)	\$4,900,761	(\$3,810,771)	\$9,143,208	(\$23,773,252)	\$3,414,665	\$3,362,757	\$7,011,041	(\$532,114)	\$2,042,152
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	3.0%	3.8%	3.2%	5.5%	6,4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Source

City of Davis Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Citywide Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Secured Property	Unsecured Property	Total Assessed Value (1)	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value (3)	Factor of Taxable Assessed Value (3)
2008	\$5,684,262,465	\$147,078,407	\$5,831,340,872	1.00000%	\$5,831,340,872	0.00
2009	\$5,849,305,791	\$156,635,502	6,005,941,293	1.00000%	\$6,005,941,293	0.00
2010	\$5,849,305,791	\$151,696,172	6,001,001,963	1.00000%	\$6,001,001,963	0.00
2011	\$6,040,438,139	\$152,101,938	6,192,540,077	1.00000%	\$6,192,540,077	0.00
2012	\$6,045,152,582	\$149,987,064	6,195,139,646	1.00000%	\$6,195,139,646	0.00
2013	\$6,174,002,301	\$148,643,161	6,322,645,462	1.00000%	\$6,322,645,462	0.00
2014	\$6,532,936,548	\$149,162,860	6,682,099,408	1.00000%	\$6,682,099,408	0.00
2015	\$6,827,198,602	\$151,707,098	6,978,905,700	1.00000%	\$6,978,905,700	0.00
2016	\$7,133,136,703	\$150,409,221	7,283,545,924	1.00000%	\$9,868,221,448	1.354865
2017	\$7,536,741,273	\$155,727,533	7,692,468,806	1.00000%	\$10,188,159,538	1.324433

Source: Yolo Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC Source: 2015 and prior: Prior Published CAFR

⁽¹⁾ Total value does not include state unitary value of \$1,809,497.

⁽²⁾ Total Direct Tax Rate is represented by TRA 001-000

⁽³⁾ Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices. Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

Assessed Value of Property by Use Code, Citywide (Unaudited) Last Two Fiscal Years

Category		2015-16	2016-17
Agriculture		\$1,614,307	\$0
Commercial		709,019,460	715,514,172
Government		0	0
Industrial		109,972,596	115,053,787
Institution		208,619,210	214,333,475
Professional		30,955,831	33,522,520
Public		0	1,516,043
Recreation		20,939,793	28,414,307
Residential		6,234,177,758	6,586,956,530
Rural		4,108,856	5,383,050
Social		41,995,317	45,581,844
Unknown		48,052,440	51,090,491
Vacant		126,499,610	179,756,307
	Net Secured Value	\$7,535,955,178	\$7,977,122,526
Unsecured		217,740,009	228,858,353
Exemptions		470,149,263	513,512,073
C.C.O.O. INC. C.C.O.	Net Taxable Value (1)	\$7,283,545,924	\$7,692,468,806

Source: San Mateo County Assessor, MuniServices, LLC

Use code categories are based on San Mateo County Assessor's data

(1) Net value does not include state unitary value of \$1,809,497.

Principal Property Tax Payers (Unaudited) Last Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

	2016-1	7	2007-0	8
Taxpayer	Taxable Value (\$)	Percent of Total City Taxable Value (%)	Taxable Value (\$)	Percent of Total City Taxable Value (%)
Mori Seiki Davis Land Holding	\$57,765,576	0.75%		
Tanglewood Apts LLC	54,818,881	0.71%		
Cp Iv University Village LLC	41,781,172	0.54%		
Marketplace Center Inc.	36,805,966	0.48%	\$21,574,091	0.37%
Green Leaf College Square LLC	35,065,520	0.46%		
Centro Watt Property Owner I	34,500,000	0.45%	17,470,926	0.30%
Oakshade Regency Llc	34,157,515	0.44%	200,000	
Tilden Sharps LLC	33,095,625	0.43%		
Comcast Of Ca X Inc	32,480,000	0.42%		
Vtr Covell Lp	32,056,157	0.42%		
Target Corp	28,422,090	0.37%		
Buzz Oates LLC	26,639,981	0.35%		
Fine Arts Lp	25,890,638	0.34%	22,875,517	0.40%
Carlton Plaza Of Davis Lp	25,283,639	0.33%	22,0,0,017	0.1070
Shea Homes Lp	24,801,904	0.32%		
Schilling Robotics LLC	24,187,916	0.31%		
Olive Drive Partners	24,004,012	0.31%	21,553,661	0.37%
New Home Co Northern Ca LLC	22,464,121	0.29%	21,000,001	0.5770
The Hw Cannery LLC	22,336,789	0.29%		
Angstenberger Rev Liv Trust	21,670,387	0.28%		
Wga Sycamore Lane Lp	21,284,996	0.28%	18,692,011	0.32%
Dartbrook Twin Oaks Lp	18,727,166	0.24%	10,092,011	0.3276
Academy Lane Partners Ltd. Ptp	18,414,156	0.24%		
Bridge Oakshade Lp	18,172,618	0.24%		
Adobe At Evergreen Apts Llc	18,166,028	0.24%	15,952,437	0.28%
Sequoia Equities Cypress Etal	10,100,028	0.2470	42,445,774	0.74%
Kirkwood Village Assoc Etal				
United Cable Telev Of Cal Inc.			37,196,259	0.65%
			32,470,708	0.56%
Sfc Greystone Investors L P			31,755,830	0.55%
Kw Davis LLC			24,478,172	0.42%
Arv Covell LLC			20,898,517	0.36%
Se Davis LLC			18,487,535	0.32%
Oates Marvin L Tr Etal			18,069,864	0.31%
5Th & G Plaza Inc			16,036,904	0.28%
Fairfield Cambridge Glen LLC			15,997,417	0.28%
Kaiser Found Health Plan Inc			14,586,470	0.25%
Pole Line Road Holding Co LLC			13,265,099	0.23%
Walnut Park Apartments			13,075,552	0.23%
Arlington Farm Partners			13,064,861	0.23%
West Davis Associates			12,929,421	0.22%
Renaissance Park 176 LLC			11,492,033	0.20%
Yolo Boundary Lp			11,175,325	0.19%
Lee Dong K Etal			10,898,601	0.19%
Willows Partners			9,687,657	0.17%
Total Top 25 Taxpayers	732,992,853	9.53%	486,130,642	8.43%
Total Taxable Value	\$7,692,468,806	100.00%	\$5,764,573,917	100.00%

Source: Marin County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC

Property Tax Levies and Collections (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (a)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2008	\$23,286,515	\$23,286,515	100.0000%	\$32,657	\$23,286,515	100.0000%
2009	23,426,537	23,426,537	100.0000%	19,556	23,426,537	100.0000%
2010	23,763,685	23,763,685	100.0000%	5,545	23,763,685	100.0000%
2011	24,165,876	24,165,876	100.0000%	21,275	24,165,876	100.0000%
2012	23,993,724	23,993,724	100.0000%	2,777	23,993,724	100.0000%
2013	24,777,767	24,777,767	100.0000%	1,770	24,777,767	100.0000%
2014	21,233,005	21,233,005	100.0000%	3,998	21,233,005	100.0000%
2015	22,233,001	22,233,001	100.0000%	3,652	22,233,001	100.0000%
2016	23,503,506	23,503,506	100.0000%	1,358	23,503,506	100.0000%
2017	24,954,659	24,954,659	100.0000%	na	24,954,659	100.0000%

Source:

Yolo County Auditor - Controler's Assessed Value Summaries

Notes

(1.) During fiscal year 1995, the County began providing the City 100% of its tax levy under an agreement which allows the County to keep all interest and delinquency charges collected.

City of Davis Principal Sales Tax Producers (Unaudited) Last Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2016-17		2007-	08
Taxpayer	Business Type	Taxpayer	Business Type
American River RV	Misc. Vehicle Sales	Aclara	Electronic Equipment
ARCO AM/PM Mini Marts	Service Stations	ARCO AM/PM Mini Marts	Service Stations
Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations	Borders Books & Music	Miscellaneous Retail
Crepeville	Restaurants	Central States Fire Apparatus	Health & Government
CVS/Pharmacy	Drug Stores	Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations
Davis Food Co-Op	Food Markets	Circle K Service Stations	Service Stations
Davis Lumber & Hardware Co.	Bldg.Matls-Retail	CVS/Pharmacy	Drug Stores
Hanlee's Chevrolet	Auto Sales - New	Davis Food Co-Op	Food Markets
Hanlee's Chrysler Dodge Jeep	Auto Sales - New	Davis Lumber & Hardware Co.	Bldg.Matls-Retail
Hanlee's Nissan	Auto Sales - New	Gottschalks Department Store	Department Stores
Hanlee's Toyota	Auto Sales - New	Hanlee's Chevrolet	Auto Sales - New
Hibbert Lumber	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Hanlees Nissan	Auto Sales - New
In-N-Out Burgers	Restaurants	Hanlee's Toyota	Auto Sales - New
La Mesa R.V. Center	Misc. Vehicle Sales	Hibbert Lumber	Bldg.Matls-Retail
Mikuni Japanese Restaurant	Restaurants	La Mesa R.V. Center	Misc. Vehicle Sales
Nugget Market	Food Markets	Nugget Market	Food Markets
Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores	Officemax	Office Equipment
Safeway Supermarkets	Food Markets	Petco Animal Supplies	Miscellaneous Retail
Shell Service Stations	Service Stations	Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores
Swift Jeep/Chrysler/Dodge	Auto Sales - New	Safeway Supermarkets	Food Markets
Target Stores	Department Stores	Sunmart Service Stations	Service Stations
ГЈ Махх	Apparel Stores	Swift Jeep/Chrysler/Dodge	Auto Sales - New
Union 76 Service Stations	Service Stations	Union 76 Service Stations	Service Stations
University Honda	Auto Sales - New	University Honda	Auto Sales - New
Valero Service Stations	Service Stations	Valero Service Stations	Service Stations

Source: MuniServices, LLC

City of Davis
HISTORICAL SALES TAX AMOUNTS BY BENCHMARK YEAR (Unaudited)

CATEGORY NAME	2008 Q1	2009 Q1	2010 Q1	2011 Q1	2012 Q1	2013 Q1	2014 Q1	2015 Q1	2016 Q1	2017 Q1
All Other Outlets	710,808	548,866	370,353	349,021	336,856	554,247	427,590	467,608	503,417	468,194
Apparel Stores	92,970	91,380	81,818	80,272	128,817	136,265	163,211	192,825	194,972	195,632
Auto Dealers & Auto	1,334,345	1,056,576	921,355	933,122	1,150,940	1,332,670	1,391,752	1,541,477	1,740,427	1,888,705
Bldg. Matrl. & Farm	185,829	164,184	146,187	155,521	157,663	164,380	162,274	170,729	185,751	180,297
Drug Stores	168,516	159,081	141,767	129,567	135,051	133,663	134,313	133,385	128,763	129,110
Eating & Drinking Pl	833,137	841,029	837,055	848,686	901,892	968,181	1,044,340	1,138,306	1,189,395	1,242,549
Food Stores	389,220	388,007	374,023	375,688	400,838	425,750	450,347	459,076	475,006	485,555
General Merchandise	65,295	62,161	182,857	292,748	308,123	335,057	335,868	346,283	340,520	344,080
Home Furnishings & A	29,645	26,653	21,251	22,445	20,351	25,026	25,575	21,538	20,169	24,552
Other Retail Stores	820,773	669,645	766,382	573,929	573,446	683,879	763,482	819,834	937,906	990,034
Packaged Liquor Stor	16,342	16,375	16,853	17,425	23,861	23,261	22,384	22,525	21,774	21,842
Service Station	760,140	684,399	613,507	717,997	813,697	808,243	806,840	772,093	673,885	639,457
TOTAL	5,407,020	4,708,356	4,473,408	4,496,421	4,951,535	5,590,622	5,727,976	6,085,679	6,411,985	6,610,007

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Governmental	Activities			
iscal Year	Tax Allocation Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Special Assessment Debt	General Obligation Bond	Capital Lease Obligations	State Revolving Fund Loans	Total
2008	28,950,000	1,460,000	83,205	733,168	39,227		31,265,600
2009	28,365,000	1,155,000		562,481	513,152		30,595,633
2010	27,755,000	1,020,000		383,653	526,441		29,685,094
2011	45,120,000	875,000		196,295			46,191,295
2012	(2)						
2013							
2014							
2015							
2016							
2017						1,428,745	1,428,745

	Bi	siness-Type Act	ivities					
Fiscal Year	Department of Water Resources Loans	State Revolving Fund Loans	Sewer System Capital Improvement Loan	East Area Water Storage Tank Loan	Line of Credit	Water Revenue Bonds	Total	Total Primary Government
2008	5,160,443	9,130,789	1,639,763				15,930,995	46,526,628
2009	4,651,531	8,385,136	1,520,677				14,557,344	44,242,438
2010	4,129,424	7,620,513	1,394,951				13,144,888	59,336,183
2011	3,593,956	6,835,765	1,262,215	7,234,117	3,000,000		21,926,053	21,926,053
2012	3,202,182	6,030,364		9,614,850	6,270,000		25,117,396	25,117,396
2013	2,960,053	5,203,765		9,410,645	11,970,000		29,544,463	29,544,463
2014		3,790,855		9,198,271		30,000,000	42,989,126	42,989,126
2015		3,484,726		8,977,402		29,155,000	41,617,128	41,617,128
2016		28,081,729		8,747,699		49,661,117	86,490,545	86,490,545
2017		55,881,438		8,508,807		48,611,117	113,001,362	114,430,107

Sources:

City of Davis

State of California, Department of Finance (population)

U.S. Department of commerce, Bureau of the Census (income)

Notes:

(1.) Debt amounts exclude any premiums, discounts, or other amortization amounts.

(2.) Tax allcoation bonds in the amount of \$43,875,000 were transferred to the Successor Agency as part of the RDA dissolution and are now accounted for in the Redevelopment Obligation Retirement Trust Fund.

Demographic and Economic Statistics (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Population (1)	Personal Income (In Thousands)	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	County Population (1)	City population as a % of County	Public School Enrollment (3)
2008	65,814	\$2,467,235	\$37,488	4.3%	199,066	33.06%	0.00
2009	66,005	2,378,688	36,038	7.0%	200,709	32.89%	0.00
2010	66,570	2,430,138	36,505	7.6%	201,105	33.10%	0.00
2011	66,011	2,191,235	33,195	7.7%	201,759	32.72%	0.00
2012	65,052	2,163,369	33,256	6.9%	202,133	32.18%	0.00
2013	66,471	2,187,361	32,907	6.0%	205,999	32.27%	0.00
2014	66,656	2,060,121	30,860	6.7%	206,381	32.30%	0.00
2015	66,757	2,246,106	33,646	5.4%	207,212	32.22%	0.00
2016	68,314	2,336,407	34,201	4.9%	214,555	31.84%	8,562
2017	68,740	2,464,123	35,847	4.4%	218,896	31.40%	8,582

⁽⁻⁾ Data Unavailable.

Source: MuniServices, LLC, U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey.

Source: 2008-09 and prior: prior year previous CAFR reports.

^{1.)} Population Projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections.

^{2.)} Unemployment/Employment and Labor Force Data are provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

^(3.) Public School Enrollment reflects the total number of students enrolled in Pomona Unified School District only.

Principal Employers (Unaudited) Last Fiscal Year & Nine Years Ago

	201	6-17	200	7-08
Business Name	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment (%)	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment (%)
UC Davis	23,607	66.69%	20,882	31.7%
Davis Joint Unified School District	1,265	3.57%	1,054	1.6%
Sutter Davis Hospital	492	1.39%	411	0.6%
City of Davis*	342	0.97%	625	0.9%
Unitrans	280	0.79%		0.0%
Safeway Stores (2 Locations)	220	0.62%	197	0.3%
Nugget Market (2 Locations)	220	0.62%	257	0.4%
University Retirement Community	218	0.62%		0.0%
Davis Food CO-OP	138	0.39%	130	0.2%
Kaiser Permanente**	116	0.33%		0.0%
USDA			200	0.3%
PG&E ***			166	0.3%
Sierra Health Care			143	0.2%
Total Top 10 Employers	26,898	75.98%	24,065	36.5%
Total City Labor Force (1)	35,400		65,870	

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Source: 2007-08 count from previous published CAFR

^{1.)} Total City Labor Force is provided by EDD Labor Force Data and includes all employable adult residents of

^{*} FTE only

^{**} Includes Employees and physicians

^{***} Count for PG&E unavailable

City of Davis

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
General government	49.78	34.55	31.64	42.23	41.74	46.74	49.24	43.81	45.52	49.33
Public safety	157.22	156.64	151.63	151.27	146.82	145.03	140.03	138.03	140.21	142.94
Public Works	119.79	124.09	122.24	119.24	117.53	126.98	118.79	109.06	110.32	113.01
Community development	33.98	35.18	25.57	26.07	26.39	22.30	22.30	20.05	24.00	28.36
Parks & Community services	183.83	201.74	193.55	165.62	149.79	113.56	102.58	117.01	103.16	105.34
Total	544.60	552.20	524.63	504.43	482.27	454.61	432.94	427.96	423.21	438.98

Source: City of Davis

City of Davis
Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Unaudited)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program										
Public safety:										
Fire:										
Fire calls for service	232	265	229	193	196	255	173	152	250	272
Medical calls for service	2,281	2,432	2,416	2,448	2,538	2,845	3,011	3,041	3,973	4,268
Other calls for service	1,490	1,573	1,524	1,432	1,547	1,210	1,628	1,572	1,658	1,981
Primary fire inspections conducted	1,195	1,563	1,799	1,806	1,503	1,806	1,198	1,115	1,768	1,10
Fire loss	2,569,901	1,980,190	597,732	591,107	576,395	822,500	1,384,310	623,821	\$748,000	\$1,005,000
Police:								0.000	100	
Communication Center calls answered (911)	8,920	9,095	11,203	12,083	12,008	12,538	12,959	13,690	13,164	13,78
Police calls for Service	57,326	61,328	56,315	57,540	60,830	53,630	49,442	51,358	48,961	49,97
Law violations:										
Part I and Part II crimes	2,543	2,464	1,792	1,823	1,603	1,573	1,802	1,703	1,881	1,873
Warrants processed (adult and juvenile)	1.047	917	727	666	845	742	756	756	689	994
Driving under influence arrests (DUI)	173	245	166	164	265	253	156	185	162	104
Property loss	\$2,555,708	\$3,316,075	\$2,213,102	\$2,235,868	\$1,196,213	\$1,196,512	\$2,215,301	\$2,261,182	\$2,253,215	\$3,305,09
Property recovered	\$605,887	\$763,045	\$778,997	\$574,448	\$510,747	\$511,747	\$490,507	\$533,942	\$905,034	\$1,106,738
Cases written	6,968	6,815	5,929	5,407	4,730	4,760	4,667	4,830	5,681	5,055
Animal related calls	588	283	276	353	327	386	402	430	451	45
Citizen complaints	33	20	32	12	15	15	11	12	8	
Noise complaints	2,708	601	2,751	2,919	2,230	2,073	1.792	1,449	1,553	1,21
Moving violations	6,059	5,651	4,116	2,554	4,963	5,019	5,082	3,706	4,738	3,97
Parking violations	18,483	17,116	17,993	18,020	16,570	15,470	15,253	14,082	11,228	8,479
		13/3/3	4,600		***	2000	63400			-400
Public works		W 775	100			000.0				
Annual vandalism expenses	37,553	11,415	51,916	84,886	69,367	100,964	65,868	14,247	47,009	\$15,062
Tons of material used for the pothole repairs	16	9	7	11	9	10	10.5	7	25	3
Parks and Community Services										
Community Services:										
Recreation Program Participants	24,407	24,720	20,327	19,316	19,746	18,297	15,747	16,583	15,858	15,08
Athletic Field Rentals	21,101	24,720	20,021	15,210	125/778	10,27	15,141	10,505	5,023	7,01
Park & Picnic Rentals									1,130	6
Performing Arts Center Rentals					192	137	132	193	207	20
Pool Rentals						4-41	100	144	65	6
Public Facility Rentals									3,327	2,770
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH									5,52,	-,,,,
Water										
Water service connections	16,292	16,292	16,325	16,430	16,430	16,572	16,139	16,756	16,794	16,85
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	11,551	10,286	10,286	10,699	10,478	10,340	10,306	7,723	8,133	8,45
Average daily consumption (millions of gallons/day)	11.55	10.29	10.29	10.70	10.48	10.34	10.31	7,72	8.13	8.4
O. A.										
Wastewater		15.750	16225	16,430	16,430	16 120	16,572	N/A	16 170	1000
Sewer service connections	4.60	15,750	16,325	141	17.00.77	4,60			16,179	16,85
Average daily treatment (millions of gallons/day) *	5.68	5,54	4.90	4.84	5.07	4,00	4,60	4,22	3,70	4,39
Solid Waste *										
CalRecycle EAR Disposal (tons)	39286	36090	37370	31449	31867	32533	32766	35055	35543	
CalRecycle Calculated Generation (tons)	90,477	91,428	91,617	91,928	89,700	91,574	92,230	91,868	96,474	
CalRecycle Calculated Diverted (tons)	51,191	55,338	54,247	60,479	57,833	59,041	59,464	56,813	60,931	
CalRecycle Calculated Diverted (%)	57%	61%	59%	66%	64%	64%	64%	62%	63%	
	43%	39%	41%	34%	36%	36%	36%	38%	37%	

* corrected basis of measurement

Source: City of Davis Notes:

(1.) "N/A" denotes information not available.

* Solid Waste section has been updated with the official numbers issued by the state for each calendar year.

City of Davis

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program										
Public safety:										
Fire stations	3	3	3	6	3	3	3	3	3	3
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	L	1	
Number of sworn personnel	61	61	61	61	61	63	63	61	61	61
Police patrol units	38	44	43	34	37	37	37	34	34	34
Public works										
Miles of streets	162	165	165	166	166	165	165	179	179	179
Street lights	5,403	5,426	5,676	5,699	5,699	5,710	5,710	6,100	6,100	4,540
Traffic Signals	60	60	60	61	61	59	58	60	60	67
Culture and recreation:										
Community services:										
City parks	31	31	31	36	36	36	36	34	37	31
City trees *	30,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	21,500	20,616	20,616	19,556	19,125
Playgrounds	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	65	67	67
Miles of on-street bike lanes	54	54	55	55	55	55	55	55.8	55.8	56
Miles of off-street bike paths	55	55	56	56	56	53	53	53.3	58.8	56
Community gardens	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Senior centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Performing arts centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Swimming pools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	9	9	9
Tennis courts	33	33	33	33	33	33	.33	32	30	30
Pickleball courts									-8	(
Bocce Ball courts									3	
Outdoor Amphitheater									1	
City buildings maintained	87	87	87	87	91	92	91	91	92	
Square footage of City Buildings	301,853	305,093	305,093	305,093	305,093	305,093	305,093	305,093	307,973	
Water										
Miles of water mains	178	179	180	180	183	198	188	187.8	188	19
Number of wells	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	10
Fire hydrants	1,699	1,703	1,703	1,703	1,706	1,708	1,078	1,708	1,750	1,708
Wastewater										
Miles of sewer mains	156	157	164	164	164	164	164	164	160	164
Miles of storm sewers	126	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	80	12
Number of treatment plants	120	147	127		/	1	1	1	1	1.2
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)*	7,5	7,5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.
The state of the s						* corrected basis	of management			

Source: City of Example

^{(1.) &}quot;N/A" denotes information not available.

* The permit is for 7.5, but the new plant was designed for 6.5